



KARABÜK UNIVERSITY

School of Foreign Languages

English File

Pre-intermediate

STUDY PACK

Level 2

Name : _____

Surname : _____

Student ID : _____

Class : _____

Entry Test**GRAMMAR**

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: He _____ a builder. He's an architect.

A aren't ☐ B isn't ✓ C not ☐

- 1 Have you ever _____ Japanese food?
A eaten ☐ B eat ☐ C ate ☐
- 2 How _____ cheese do you eat?
A lot ☐ B much ☐ C many ☐
- 3 My brother is at _____ university. He's studying medicine.
A an ☐ B – ☐ C the ☐
- 4 They _____ to the radio at the moment.
A 're listening ☐ B listened ☐ C listen ☐
- 5 We _____ to the cinema last night.
A going ☐ B go ☐ C went ☐
- 6 _____ there any bananas? I'm hungry!
A Are ☐ B Is ☐ C Be ☐
- 7 I'm three years older _____ my brother.
A that ☐ B than ☐ C more ☐
- 8 My mum doesn't like _____ tennis.
A play ☐ B to playing ☐ C playing ☐
- 9 She _____ to work yesterday because she was ill.
A doesn't go ☐ B wasn't going ☐ C didn't go ☐
- 10 I always _____ a shower in the morning.
A having ☐ B have ☐ C has ☐
- 11 What _____ on Saturday?
A are you going ☐ B are you going to do ☐ C do you do ☐
- 12 Can I borrow _____ dictionary, please?
A your ☐ B you ☐ C you're ☐
- 13 What do you want _____ this evening?
A doing ☐ B do ☐ C to do ☐
- 14 Who _____ your favourite singers?
A be ☐ B are ☐ C is ☐
- 15 How often _____ to the theatre?
A go you ☐ B do you go ☐ C you go ☐
- 16 I _____ to the USA.
A 've never been ☐ B am never been ☐ C was never ☐
- 17 They _____ early on Sunday.
A haven't got up ☐ B aren't getting up ☐ C don't get up ☐
- 18 I often go swimming _____ the weekend.
A in ☐ B for ☐ C at ☐
- 19 She hardly _____ speaks in class.
A never ☐ B ever ☐ C more ☐
- 20 _____ your brother speak Spanish?
A Does ☐ B Has ☐ C Is ☐
- 21 Paul left school _____ 2014.
A in ☐ B on ☐ C at ☐

Entry Test

- 22 I _____ at the moment because I'm on holiday.
A 'm not working ☐ B don't work ☐ C not work ☐
- 23 That man drives _____. Don't get in his car!
A dangerous ☐ B danger ☐ C dangerously ☐
- 24 This is _____ food I've ever eaten.
A the best ☐ B the most best ☐ C the better ☐
- 25 Whose bag is this? It's _____.
A David's ☐ B David ☐ C Davids ☐

25

VOCABULARY

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: In summer, we often eat in the _____.

A garage ☐ B bathroom ☐ C garden ✓

- 1 My brother always wears _____.
A an umbrella ☐ B a purse ☐ C glasses ☐
- 2 I usually _____ a salad for lunch.
A have ☐ B drink ☐ C cook ☐
- 3 The number 100 is _____.
A one thousand ☐ B one hundred ☐ C one million ☐
- 4 I _____ my homework every evening.
A have ☐ B make ☐ C do ☐
- 5 Where's Matthew? Is he _____ his guitar in his bedroom?
A playing ☐ B doing ☐ C singing ☐
- 6 Do you _____ on holiday every summer?
A go ☐ B make ☐ C get ☐
- 7 The number after 11 is _____.
A eleven ☐ B twelve ☐ C twenty ☐
- 8 My friend is a _____. He works in a restaurant.
A journalist ☐ B nurse ☐ C waiter ☐
- 9 I can speak _____.
A French ☐ B England ☐ C Germany ☐
- 10 The opposite of full is _____.
A empty ☐ B poor ☐ C ugly ☐
- 11 A Would you like milk in your coffee?
B No, just _____, please.
A sweets ☐ B cheese ☐ C sugar ☐
- 12 She answers the phone and talks to visitors. She's a _____.
A receptionist ☐ B musician ☐ C builder ☐
- 13 In Spain, it's usually hot in _____.
A winter ☐ B autumn ☐ C summer ☐
- 14 You can buy fruit at a _____.
A post office ☐ B chemist's ☐ C market ☐
- 15 The month after June is _____.
A July ☐ B May ☐ C April ☐
- 16 A What's the time?
B Sorry, I don't have a _____.
A time ☐ B watch ☐ C book ☐

Entry Test

- 17 She _____ her phone and read her text messages.
A turned off ☐ B looked for ☐ C turned on ☐
- 18 A Mike, this is Alice.
B _____ to meet you, Alice.
A Fine ☐ B Nice ☐ C Well ☐
- 19 The opposite of safe is _____.
A dangerous ☐ B expensive ☐ C difficult ☐
- 20 Can you _____ a photo of us, please?
A take ☐ B make ☐ C do ☐
- 21 We've got a very good shower in the _____.
A kitchen ☐ B bathroom ☐ C living room ☐
- 22 My uncle's wife is my _____.
A cousin ☐ B aunt ☐ C niece ☐
- 23 The day after Thursday is _____.
A Wednesday ☐ B Tuesday ☐ C Friday ☐
- 24 I'm waiting _____ the bus. It's late!
A to ☐ B for ☐ C at ☐
- 25 Tom and Anna came for lunch. We ate in the _____.
A bedroom ☐ B dining room ☐ C garage ☐

	25
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Grammar and Vocabulary total		50
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1A GRAMMAR word order in questions

a Put the words in order to make the questions.

Personal information

- 1 name / your / 's / what What's your name? Luca.
- 2 year / what / you / born / were _____ ? 1983.
- 3 how / you / are / today _____ ? Fine, thank you.

Family

- 4 have / and / do / brothers / you / sisters / how / many _____ ? Two brothers and one sister.
- 5 with / your / do / family / you / live _____ ? No, I live alone.
- 6 your / what / do / parents / do _____ ? My mum's an engineer and my dad's a teacher.

English

- 7 English / why / are / learning / you _____ ? Because I need it for my job.
- 8 learning / English / did / when / start / you _____ ? When I was 12 years old.
- 9 speak / your / anyone / in / English / can / family _____ ? Yes, my brother speaks English really well.

Free time

- 10 do / of / what / kind / like / films / you _____ ? I love action films.
- 11 do / out / go / how / dinner / you / often / for _____ ? Once or twice a month.
- 12 a / the / book / reading / are / at / moment / you _____ ? Yes, I'm reading some short stories in English.

Past time

- 13 your / go / holiday / did / last / where / you / for _____ ? I went to Thailand.
- 14 do / did / you / any / yesterday / sport _____ ? Yes, I went swimming
- 15 last / you / were / where / night / ten o'clock / at _____ ? I was at my friend's house.

b Cover the questions and look at the answers. Can you remember the questions?

ACTIVATION

Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions.

1B GRAMMAR present simple

Complete the conversations with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets.



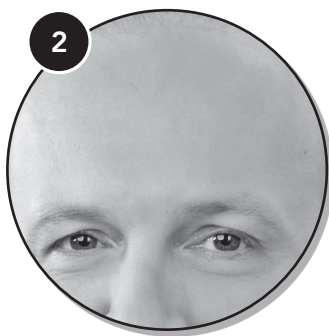
- 1 A Your dog is a bit overweight. (be)
B Yes, he eats too much food! (eat)
- 2 A How often _____ your grandparents? (you / see)
B I usually _____ them twice a year. (visit)
- 3 A _____ here in winter? (it / snow)
B No, but it _____ a lot. (rain)
- 4 A What _____? (Sam's new girlfriend / look like)
B She _____ long blonde hair and big dark brown eyes. (have)
- 5 A How often _____ to the gym? (you / go)
B Hardly ever! I _____ doing exercise. (not like)
- 6 A _____ your husband a vegetarian? (be)
B No, but he _____ much meat. (not eat)
- 7 A What time _____? (your Italian class / finish)
B It _____ at seven o'clock. (finish)
- 8 A Your daughter _____ very shy. (look)
B Yes, she _____ much. (not talk)
- 9 A What _____? (your English teacher / be like)
B She _____ really kind and funny. (be)
- 10 A _____ your English homework? (you / always do)
B No, I sometimes _____! (forget)
- 11 A We _____ very well with our neighbours. (not get on)
B Why not? _____ a lot of noise? (they / make)
- 12 A What time _____? (the supermarket / open)
B I _____. Look online. (not know)

ACTIVATION

Write three sentences about what you do at the weekend, and three sentences about what a person in your family does. Use adverbs or expressions of frequency.

1B VOCABULARY Describing people

● Work with a partner. Look at the pictures and the definitions. Write the words.



- 1 picture 1 _____
- 2 a person who can make other people laugh _____
- 3 another way of saying **thin** _____
- 4 picture 2 _____
- 5 an adjective to describe **someone who doesn't like spending money** _____
- 6 **not tall, not short** _____
- 7 another word for **fair** _____
- 8 picture 3 _____
- 9 a synonym of **intelligent** _____
- 10 the opposite of **lazy** _____
- 11 **heavier** than is healthy _____
- 12 picture 4 _____ (hair)
- 13 the opposite of **light** brown hair _____
- 14 **somebody who doesn't talk a lot** _____
- 15 a person who's friendly and kind _____

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the words on the right and look at the pictures and the definitions. How many words can you remember?

START	What / you usually have for breakfast? / you have breakfast with other people?	/ you have a best friend? What / he or she do?	/ you have any brothers or sisters? How old / they?
	/ you often stressed? What / you do to relax?	How often / you listen to music? What kind of music / you like?	What / your mother look like? / you look like her?
DO DOES IS ARE			
/ you have a favourite aunt or uncle? Where / he or she live?	/ you like doing exercise or sport? What / do? How often / you do it?	What / your parents do in their free time? / you have similar hobbies?	What phone / you have? How / you usually communicate with your friends?
How / you come to class? / you often use public transport? What kind? / you use	/ you watch films at home or in the cinema? What kind of films / you like?	How many people / you live with? / your house big or small?	Where / you usually go with your friends? What / you do there?
FINISH			

1C GRAMMAR present simple or present continuous?

- Complete the conversations with the present simple or present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 A Why ¹are you taking (take) a photo of your guitar?
 B I ²_____ (want) to sell it on eBay.
 A Why? I ³_____ (not understand).
 You ⁴_____ (play) your guitar every day!
 You ⁵_____ (love) it!
 B I ⁶_____ (sell) my old one because
 I ⁷_____ (want) to buy a new one.
 A Oh, OK.



- 2 A Hi. ⁸_____ you _____ (need) any help?
 B No, thanks. I ⁹_____ (just look).
 A ¹⁰_____ you _____ (look) for anything in particular?
 B Yes, I ¹¹_____ (think) of getting a jacket.
 A This is one of our best-sellers. It's real leather. I ¹²_____ (have) it, and I ¹³_____ (wear) it all the time.
 B Yes, it's lovely. Where can I try it on?



- 3 A You ¹⁴_____ (read) a book about modern art! I ¹⁵_____ (not believe) it!
 You ¹⁶_____ (hate) modern art!
 B I know. But now I ¹⁷_____ (need) to learn about it.
 A Why?
 B Because my girlfriend ¹⁸_____ (study) it at college this year, and she loves it.
 A What's that picture on the left? Can I see it?
 B It's a woman, and I think she ¹⁹_____ (walk) in a garden...I don't really know.
 A Let me see...No, she ²⁰_____ (not walk). She ²¹_____ (fly).
 B Oh, yes!



ACTIVATION

Practise the conversations with a partner.

Can you think of...?

1 **one** thing you wear on your hands in winter

2 **one** synonym for sweater

3 **two** things you can wear on your head

4 **two** things you wear on your feet

5 **two** things which men or women wear on their legs

6 **two** accessories you can wear around your neck

7 **two** things which women wear on their legs under a skirt or dress

8 **three** pieces of jewellery

9 **three** things you wear to do sport

10 **three** things you can wear if you're cold



ACTIVATION

Write down five things you are wearing with their colours.

(I'm wearing a blue shirt.

Quick Test 1

GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: My sister _____ German.

A speak ☐ B speaks ✓ C do speak ☐

1 He _____ lunch at work.

A usually have ☐ B has usually ☐ C usually has ☐

2 My cousin _____ biology at university.

A studies ☐ B is studying ☐ C study ☐

3 Where _____ live?

A you ☐ B you do ☐ C do you ☐

4 My mother _____ work. She's retired.

A not ☐ B doesn't ☐ C isn't ☐

5 Uma _____ a vegetable curry and it looks delicious.

A cooking is ☐ B to cook ☐ C is cooking ☐

6 Be careful! You _____ a mistake.

A are making ☐ B making ☐ make C ☐

7 She _____ people who talk a lot.

A not likes ☐ B doesn't like ☐ C don't like ☐

8 A What _____?

B I'm reading an email.

A you do ☐ B are you doing ☐ C you are doing ☐

9 A Why _____?

B Because I'm happy.

A you're smiling ☐ B do you smile ☐ C are you smiling ☐

10 A _____?

B She's shy and quite serious.

A What's your sister like ☐ B What does your sister like ☐

C How's your sister ☐

11 We _____ for a taxi. We're looking for the bus stop.

A not waiting ☐ B isn't waiting ☐ C aren't waiting ☐

12 What time _____ the film start?

A does ☐ B do ☐ C is ☐

13 A How's Freddy?

B _____.

A He's very friendly. ☐ B Fine, thanks. ☐ C He's tall and dark. ☐

14 A Who's that man?

B Sorry, I _____ him.

A 'm not knowing ☐ B don't know ☐ C not know ☐

15 A Are you working?

B No, _____.

A I'm not. ☐ B I isn't. ☐ C I don't. ☐

16 How often _____ your aunt and uncle?

A are you seeing ☐ B you see ☐ C do you see ☐

17 A Why is he _____ sunglasses?

B Because it's very sunny today.

A wears ☐ B to wear ☐ C wearing ☐

Quick Test 1

- 18 My watch _____. It's broken.
A isn't working ☐ B doesn't working ☐ C isn't work ☐
- 19 A Does he like Mexican food?
B Yes, _____.
A he does. ☐ B he do. ☐ C he likes. ☐
- 20 A What _____ like?
B She's got long, dark hair and she's very tall.
A does she ☐ B she looks ☐ C does she look ☐

20

VOCABULARY

a Tick (✓) the opposite adjective A, B or C.

Example: shy

A mean ☐ B funny ☐ C extrovert ✓

- 1 mean
A unfriendly ☐ B serious ☐ C generous ☐
- 2 stupid
A unkind ☐ B clever ☐ C talkative ☐
- 3 thin
A slim ☐ B overweight ☐ C bald ☐
- 4 hard-working
A lazy ☐ B serious ☐ C friendly ☐
- 5 straight
A long ☐ B bald ☐ C curly ☐

b Tick (✓) the clothes word A, B or C.

Example: You wear these on your feet.

A boots ✓ B jeans ☐ C earrings ☐

- 6 You wear _____ on your legs.
A tights ☐ a cardigan B ☐ C a scarf ☐
- 7 This is a piece of jewellery for your arm.
A scarf ☐ B bracelet ☐ C necklace ☐
- 8 In winter, you don't usually wear _____.
A a scarf ☐ B shorts ☐ C gloves ☐
- 9 You wear them on your feet in summer.
A sandals ☐ B shorts ☐ C leggings ☐
- 10 They go on your hands in winter.
A socks ☐ B tracksuits ☐ C gloves ☐
- 11 You wear it on your neck.
A ring ☐ B tie ☐ C cap ☐
- 12 Oh no! My _____ are different colours today!
A jeans ☐ B trousers ☐ C socks ☐
- 13 You need this if your trousers are big.
A trainers ☐ B suit ☐ C belt ☐

Quick Test 1

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: Your glasses are _____ the living room.

A on ☐ B in ☒ C next to ☐

14 I can't get my book. It is _____ the sofa.

A next ☐ B between ☐ C behind ☐

15 Mozelle is standing _____ the left of her brother Leo.

A of ☐ B on ☐ C in ☐

16 There's a small table _____ the two chairs.

A under ☐ B between ☐ C in front ☐

17 Marisa is sitting _____ to Salvatore.

A behind ☐ B opposite ☐ C next ☐

18 A Who's that _____ the middle of the photo?

B That's my cousin, Andrea.

A on ☐ B to ☐ C in ☐

19 The TV is _____ the corner of the living room.

A in ☐ B from ☐ C next ☐

20 The keys are there! They're in _____ of you!

A next ☐ B behind ☐ C front ☐

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PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A van ☐ B tram ☐ C plane ☒

1 A watches ☐ B likes ☐ C hates ☐

2 A trousers ☐ B university ☐ C sweater ☐

3 A curly ☐ B work ☐ C directions ☐

4 A does ☐ B laughs ☐ C works ☐

5 A classes ☐ B teaches ☐ C goes ☐

b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A afternoon ☒ B afternoon ☐ C afternoon ☐

6 A apppearance ☐ B appearance ☐ C appearance ☐

7 A extrovert ☐ B extrovert ☐ C extrovert ☐

8 A unfriendly ☐ B unfriendly ☐ C unfriendly ☐

9 A talkative ☐ B talkative ☐ C talkative ☐

10 A example ☐ B example ☐ C example ☐

	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	
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	50
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File Test 1

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Put the words in the correct order.

Example: is Beth now what doing ?

What is Beth doing now?

1 read every do the day news headlines you ?

2 wearing are they why tracksuits ?

3 cups many drink how of did tea you ?

4 musical can any instruments Eryk play ?

5 to Tessa which does school go ?

6 are what studying you university at ?

6

2 Complete Paloma's email. Use the verb in brackets in the present simple or present continuous.

Hi Cristina

My name's Paloma and I live (live) in Madrid. I go to the cinema sometimes, but I ¹ _____ (love) the theatre. What about you?

² _____ you _____ (prefer) the cinema or the theatre?

I'm a student, but it's the winter holidays, so now I ³ _____ (not study) – I ⁴ _____ (work) in a shop. I ⁵ _____ (want) some extra money because I'm going to visit Russia next year!

I ⁶ _____ (not speak) Russian very well, so I ⁷ _____ (have) some lessons. ⁸ _____ you _____ (learn) any languages at the moment?

Write soon

Paloma

8

File Test 1

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

3 Underline the correct word or phrase.

Example: Martin goes / go / is go to the cinema every week.

- 1 All of my friends **has** / **have** / **are have** good jobs.
- 2 We **don't know** / **doesn't know** / **not know** Julieta very well.
- 3 What time **finishes** Tarik / **Tarik finishes** / **does Tarik finish** work?
- 4 Listen! Someone **playing** / **is playing** / **he's playing** the violin.
- 5 Tom and Kate **not working** / **aren't working** / **doesn't work** today.
- 6 Why **you're using** / **you using** / **are you using** my laptop?

	6
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Grammar total		20
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VOCABULARY

4 Match the words in the box with the definitions. There are five words you don't need.

a tracksuit	a coat	a bracelet	sandals
a cap	gloves	tights	a ring
a scarf	a suit	boots	a T-shirt

Example: You wear them on your feet in summer. sandals

- 1 Jewellery you wear on your finger. _____
- 2 A jacket and a pair of trousers or a skirt. _____
- 3 A top you wear in summer. _____
- 4 You wear them on your hands when it's cold. _____
- 5 Winter footwear. _____
- 6 You wear it over your clothes when you go out. _____

	6
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5 Underline the correct preposition.

Example: Who do you sit next to / **under** / **on** at work?

- 1 There's a big tree **behind** / **in front** / **in the middle** of our house.
- 2 My son has posters **in** / **between** / **on** the walls of his bedroom.
- 3 My desk is the one **between** / **on the left** / **near** the window.
- 4 This is a photo of my family. That's me **in** / **on** / **to** the middle.
- 5 Who's the man standing **behind** / **on the right** / **under** you in this photo?
- 6 There's a table **on** / **in front** / **between** my desk and the window.

	6
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File Test 1

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

6 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: You were very quiet. Why didn't you say anything?
talkative friendly quiet

- 1 He's _____ height and a little bit overweight.
short medium tall
- 2 Lydia never does any work! She's very _____.
generous hard-working lazy
- 3 Tamsin's very _____. She loves meeting new people.
extrovert hard-working clever
- 4 Antonio is _____ because he doesn't do any exercise.
thin overweight slim
- 5 My teacher's really _____. She's nice to everybody.
funny mean friendly
- 6 Jamie doesn't have any hair. He's _____.
fair bald blond
- 7 Olga has _____ curly hair.
big straight long
- 8 David makes me laugh. He's really _____.
funny quiet serious

	8
Vocabulary total	20

PRONUNCIATION

7 Match the words with the same sound.

occasion belt hard-working laughs
~~mean~~ wears

Example: people mean

- 1 friend _____
- 2 university _____
- 3 necklace _____
- 4 trousers _____
- 5 boots _____

	5
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8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: curlly

- 1 ge|ne|rous
- 2 un|kind
- 3 o|ver|weight
- 4 a|cce|ss|ry
- 5 car|di|gan

	5
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Pronunciation total	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	50
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File Test 1

Reading and Writing A

READING

1 Read the profile on a dating website and tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Student Status

Student Status is a dating website for college and university students. Read Victor's profile on the website.

My name's Victor and I'm 25 years old. I'm from Brasilia and I'm single. I'm studying Business Studies at London University. It's really interesting and I love London. My mum and dad are English teachers for an online language school in Brazil – so my English is good. I want to work in Europe when I leave university – perhaps at a travel company because travelling is my favourite thing to do.

People think that I'm a quiet person when I first meet them, but my best friends in Brasilia say that I'm very talkative! I don't like team sports very much, but I love running. I run with a running group from my university. The people in the group are very friendly and we see new areas of London every week – London is a very beautiful city, but cold! I run most days, sometimes with the group and sometimes alone, and I try to eat lots of healthy food.

I live in a house with three other students. We go out to a restaurant together every Friday night. I enjoy trying new food and talking together. At the weekend, my three housemates like loud bars and clubs, but I prefer museums and cafés.

I've got short black hair and brown eyes, and I'm slim because of all the running I do. Sometimes I have a beard but I don't at the moment. I'm looking for a partner who is kind and funny. I'd like to meet someone who has the same interests as me.

Would you like to go on a date with me? If so, I'm waiting for your reply!

Example: Victor is _____.

A married ☐ B divorced ☐ C single ✓

1 At university, Victor is studying _____.

A Business Studies ☐ B English ☐ C European languages ☐

2 Victor's best friends think he is _____.

A quiet ☐ B talkative ☐ C shy ☐

3 Victor doesn't like _____.

A watching sports on TV ☐ B motor sport ☐ C team sports ☐

4 The people in Victor's running group are _____.

A fast ☐ B friendly ☐ C clever ☐

5 Victor and his housemates _____ every Friday night.

A go to a restaurant ☐ B go to a bar ☐ C stay at home ☐

6 Victor is _____.

A overweight ☐ B thin ☐ C short ☐

7 Victor wants to meet someone who has _____.

A dark hair ☐ B different hobbies ☐ C the same hobbies ☐

File Test 1

Reading and Writing A

2 Read the profile again. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Example: *Student Status* is a dating website for students. T

- 1 Victor thinks his university course is boring.
- 2 Victor's dad is a teacher.
- 3 Victor wants to work in Brazil.
- 4 Victor always runs in the same place.
- 5 Victor runs once a week.
- 6 Victor doesn't enjoy going to bars.
- 7 Victor has a beard.
- 8 Victor is looking for a partner who is kind.

	8
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Reading total		15
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WRITING

Write your profile for the *Student Status* website. Write about these things. (100–150 words)

- your personal details
- your job / studies
- your interests

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 1

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to a description of a hotel. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- 1 Where is the Shangri-La Hotel?
A Tibet. ☐ B Shanghai. ☐ C Toronto. ☐
- 2 How many rooms does the hotel have?
A Two hundred. ☐ B One hundred. ☐ C Sixty-six. ☐
- 3 What do the hotel workers' clothes look like?
A The guest rooms in the hotel. ☐ B Chinese art. ☐ C A fashion designer. ☐
- 4 What colour are the dresses for the female reception staff?
A Black and gold. ☐ B Blue and white. ☐ C Green. ☐
- 5 When do they wear these dresses?
A For special events. ☐ B In the summer only. ☐ C Every day. ☐

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2 Listen to five conversations. What are the people doing in each conversation? Match the conversations with the situations (A–G). There are two answers you don't need.

- Conversation 1 ☐
- Conversation 2 ☐
- Conversation 3 ☐
- Conversation 4 ☐
- Conversation 5 ☐

- A describing a problem with a hotel room
- B eating in a restaurant
- C shopping for clothes
- D looking at a painting
- E trying to find a lost bag
- F meeting a new teacher
- G getting ready for work

	5
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Listening total		10
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SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 Where do you work / study?
- 2 What are your interests?
- 3 What kind of personality do you have?
- 4 What's your ideal partner like?
- 5 What clothes do you usually wear when you go out?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 1

Listening and Speaking A

2 Read the information about Emilio and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Emilio Alvarez Age: 24 Occupation: web designer Personality: shy, serious, kind Hobbies: art, classical music

3 Now make questions and ask about the person in your partner's information.

- name?
- age?
- job?
- personality?
- hobbies?

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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2A GRAMMAR past simple: regular and irregular verbs

Complete the conversations with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 A Is this your first time in the UK, Anna?
 B No, I ¹had (have) a holiday in Scotland last year.
 A Really? I love Scotland! Where ²_____ you _____ (stay)?
 B We ³_____ (stay) in Edinburgh. We ⁴_____ (book) a hotel online, but unfortunately when we ⁵_____ (arrive) we ⁶_____ (not like) it. So we ⁷_____ (leave) that hotel and ⁸_____ (rent) an apartment. It was great! What about you? When ⁹_____ (be) you in Scotland?
 A Oh, a long time ago. I ¹⁰_____ (start) a university course there. I ¹¹_____ (not finish) the course, but I ¹²_____ (love) Scotland!



- 2 A Hi, Oliver. Welcome home! How ¹³_____ (be) your flight?
 B Hi, Mum. It ¹⁴_____ (not be) bad. I ¹⁵_____ (not sleep) much, but I ¹⁶_____ (watch) some good films.
 A And ¹⁷_____ you _____ (like) New Zealand?
 B Yes! It ¹⁸_____ (be) fantastic. I ¹⁹_____ (have) a great time. It's a really beautiful country and I ²⁰_____ (meet) some amazing people. I ²¹_____ (not want) to come home!
 A ²²_____ you _____ (take) many photos?
 B Yes, I ²³_____ (take) a lot. I can show you when we get home.



- 3 A Ruth! You're back! ²⁴_____ you _____ (have) a good holiday?
 B No. It ²⁵_____ (be) awful.
 A Why? What happened?
 B We ²⁶_____ (stay) in a horrible apartment, and Tom ²⁷_____ (think) the city was dangerous at night, so we ²⁸_____ (not go) out much in the evening.
 A What ²⁹_____ you _____ (do) during the day?
³⁰_____ you _____ (go) sightseeing?
 B Yes, we ³¹_____ (visit) all the famous places. But we ³²_____ (argue) a lot. Tom ³³_____ (buy) very expensive souvenirs for all his family! I ³⁴_____ (not buy) anything.



ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the conversations and look at the pictures. Try to remember what happened to Anna, Oliver, and Ruth and Tom.

2A VOCABULARY Holidays

Complete the texts with one word in each gap.

- 1 I love going ¹a_____ for the weekend with my friends. We usually ²g_____ by car to a town or village and ³st_____ in a hotel. We don't have much money, so we always ⁴b_____ our hotel months before, as sometimes it's cheaper that way. We never go ⁵c_____ because we want to be comfortable, and we don't like sleeping in tents.



- 2 Last winter, my best friend and I decided to go ¹sk_____ in the Alps. I didn't have any skis, so I ²h_____ some when I got there. We decided to ³r_____ a small apartment near the ski slopes, and we ⁴h_____ a very good time. We'll definitely go back there next year.

- 3 If you like the beach and big cities, go to Barcelona! In the mornings, you can go ¹s_____ and see all the museums and monuments. In the afternoons, you can go ²sw_____ in the sea or simply ³s_____ on the beach. You don't have to ⁴sp_____ a lot of money as everything is very cheap. Make sure you ⁵t_____ a lot of photos!

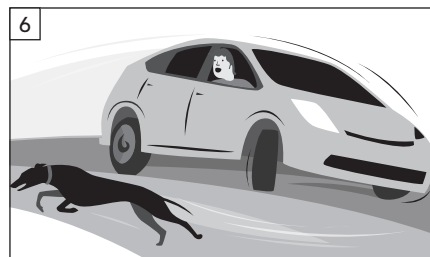
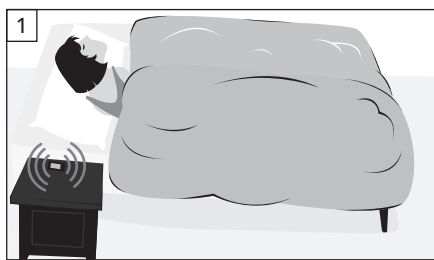


ACTIVATION

Write a short text describing your last holiday.

2B GRAMMAR past continuous

- a Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with the past simple and past continuous form of the verbs in brackets.



- 1 I was sleeping when you sent me the message. (sleep, send)
- 2 Susan _____ around Italy when she _____ her boyfriend. (travel, meet)
- 3 We _____ some old photos when we _____ the house. (find, clean)
- 4 They _____ for the bus when they _____ the accident. (wait, see)
- 5 It _____ to rain when they _____ to school. (start, cycle)
- 6 A dog _____ into the road when I _____ home. (run, drive)

- b Complete the story with the past simple or past continuous form of the verbs in brackets.



Last summer, I ¹ was living (live) in Hawaii. One Saturday morning, I ² _____ (wake up) early, and it ³ _____ (be) a beautiful day. The sun ⁴ _____ (shine), and I ⁵ _____ (feel) really happy. I ⁶ _____ (not need) to go to work that day, so I ⁷ _____ (decide) to go surfing. Most of my friends ⁸ _____ (work) and my girlfriend ⁹ _____ (visit) her parents, so I ¹⁰ _____ (go) to the beach alone. When I ¹¹ _____ (arrive), the beach ¹² _____ (be) already crowded. A lot of people ¹³ _____ (sunbathe), children

¹⁴ _____ (play) games and people ¹⁵ _____ (swim) in the sea. Everyone ¹⁶ _____ (enjoy) the lovely summer day. I ¹⁷ _____ (put) my things down on the beach, and then I ¹⁸ _____ (begin) walking to the sea with my surfboard. Suddenly, a man ¹⁹ _____ (shout), 'Shark! Shark! Get out of the water!' At first, I ²⁰ _____ (not can) see anything, but then I ²¹ _____ (see) a big shark. Luckily, it ²² _____ (not attack) anyone and ²³ _____ (swim) away quickly. I ²⁴ _____ (not stay) at the beach after that, and I ²⁵ _____ (go) home without going surfing!

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the sentences in a and look at the pictures. Try to remember the sentences.

2B COMMUNICATIVE Who did it?

You're all staying at the Empire City Hotel. Sophie Hatcher, a famous model, is staying there too. At 3.55 p.m., Sophie left her room. She didn't close the door. She came back at 4.45 p.m. and her purse with all her money and credit cards wasn't there! She called the manager of the hotel and he has put everyone who is staying in the hotel in this meeting room. One of you stole Sophie Hatcher's money! Help the police find out who it was.

John Snow	Cath Snow	Eric Pyke	Jane Smith
You're a photographer. You're married to Cath Snow and you're on holiday together, but you aren't very happy. 4.00 p.m. – (argue) with your wife in your hotel room. 4.30 p.m. – (call) your mother on your mobile in the hotel lobby.	You're a teacher. You're married to John Snow and you're on holiday together, but you aren't very happy. 4.00 p.m. – (argue) with your husband in your hotel room. 4.30 p.m. – (cry) in the hotel bar. Ella Chandler, a friend of Sophie's, was there too.	You're an architect. You are Sophie Hatcher's boyfriend. You're on holiday with her and her friend Ella Chandler. 4.00 p.m. – (listen) to music in your hotel room. 4.30 p.m. – (talk) to Jane Smith, a woman you met in the hotel, on the terrace.	You're a flight attendant. You're staying in the hotel for work. 4.00 p.m. – (play) games on your phone in your room. 4.30 p.m. – (talk) to Eric Pyke, Sophie's boyfriend, on the terrace.
Mary Rivers	Emily Davies	Ella Chandler	Edward Strong
You're a singer. You're in the hotel to write some songs. 4.00 p.m. – (play) the piano in the dining room. 4.30 p.m. – (drink) coffee in the dining room with Edward Strong, a journalist.	You're a police officer. You're on holiday with your friend Lydia Brown. 4.00 p.m. – (do) exercise in the gym with Lydia Brown. 4.30 p.m. – (watch) a film in your room.	You're an artist. You are Sophie Hatcher's best friend. You're on holiday with her and her boyfriend, Eric Pyke. 4.00 p.m. – (do) yoga in your room. 4.30 p.m. – (dance) in the hotel bar. Cath Snow, a teacher, was there.	You're a journalist. You're in the hotel because you want to write an article about Sophie and her life. 4.00 p.m. – (write) some notes in your room. 4.30 p.m. – (drink) coffee in the dining room with Mary Rivers, a singer.
David Hill	Lydia Brown	Peter Stone	Alex Cameron
You're a security guard. You're on holiday in the hotel. 4.00 p.m. – (give) Peter Stone, a lawyer, advice about security cameras in the hotel lobby. 4.30 p.m. – (talk) with the receptionist in the hotel lobby.	You're an engineer. You're on holiday with your friend Emily Davies. 4.00 p.m. – (do) exercise in the gym with Emily Davies. 4.30 p.m. – (swim) in the pool with Alex Cameron, a man you met in the hotel.	You're a lawyer. You're on holiday at the hotel. 4.00 p.m. – (ask) David Hill, a security guard, for advice about security cameras in the hotel lobby. 4.30 p.m. – (write) an email in your room.	You're a car salesman. You're on holiday and staying at the hotel. You sold Sophie Hatcher a car but she hasn't paid you. You stole her purse! 4.00 p.m. – (steal) Sophie Hatcher's purse from her room. 4.30 p.m. – (swim) in the pool with Lydia Brown, a woman you met in the hotel.

2B VOCABULARY Prepositions *at, in, on*

Complete each sentence with the correct preposition. Write in the **PREPOSITION** column.

	PREPOSITION
1 The children are playing the park.	_____
2 I love sunbathing the garden.	_____
3 He's studying physics university.	_____
4 Let's meet the bus stop.	_____
5 Look! That's a Picasso the wall.	_____
6 The course starts May.	_____
7 My grandfather died 2012.	_____
8 I was born 25th October.	_____
9 We have lunch work.	_____
10 Do you go skiing winter?	_____
11 Will you be home tonight?	_____
12 Do you have a big meal the evening?	_____
13 My English classes are Tuesdays and Thursdays.	_____
14 My son usually does his homework night.	_____
15 The flight leaves 7.00 a.m.	_____
16 They got married Valentine's Day. How romantic!	_____
17 We usually go away Christmas.	_____
18 I think you left your bag the kitchen.	_____
19 I'm always very busy the weekend.	_____
20 I live the centre of London.	_____

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the **PREPOSITION** column and say the sentences. Can you remember the prepositions?

2C GRAMMAR time sequencers and connectors

a Match the sentence halves and circle the correct word: *so, but, because, or although*.

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| 1 The weather was awful, | ☒ g | a so / but I invited her to dinner. |
| 2 I didn't give him my phone number | ☐ | b because / although it had a happy ending. |
| 3 Paul came to work | ☐ | c but / so we couldn't find the house. |
| 4 It was her birthday, | ☐ | d because / although I didn't want him to call me. |
| 5 Jake is an intelligent student, | ☐ | e although / because he was ill. |
| 6 I ran to the shop | ☐ | f so / but we had a wonderful evening. |
| 7 They didn't want to dance, | ☐ | g but / (so) we didn't go out. |
| 8 We didn't go anywhere special, | ☐ | h although / because I was in a hurry. |
| 9 It was a sad story | ☐ | i because / but he's very lazy. |
| 10 We drove along the street very slowly, | ☐ | j so / because they left the club early. |

b Complete the story with the time sequencers and connectors from the list.

although (x2) because (x3) but (x2) the next day one evening so (x3) suddenly two minutes later when

Don't always listen to the satnav...

Oscar Peters never wanted a satnav ¹because he didn't like technology. And ²_____ his brother gave him one as a birthday present, it directed him into a difficult situation.

'My brother Jez loves gadgets and technology. Last year, he gave me a satnav for my birthday, ³_____ he knew I didn't really want one. Jez uses his satnav all the time ⁴_____ he likes listening to instructions, ⁵_____ I prefer using a map.

⁶_____, a friend of a friend phoned. She needed my help, ⁷_____ I agreed to drive to her house. ⁸_____ I had a map in the car, I decided to use the satnav to find her village. It was dark, and I wanted to get there as quickly as possible.

Everything was going fine. I was nearly there, but then ⁹_____ I saw there was a small river



on the left. I could see that there was a road which went through the water to the other side of the river. The satnav said 'Turn left!', ¹⁰_____ I followed the instruction and turned left into the water. The satnav said 'Go straight on!', but ¹¹_____ my car was completely stuck in the mud. I had my phone with me, ¹²_____ I phoned my friend and she came to the river to help. I felt terrible ¹³_____ she got very cold and wet in the water.

¹⁴_____ a tractor pulled my car out of the river, ¹⁵_____ it was completely ruined by the water. I can't believe I made such a stupid – and expensive – mistake!

ACTIVATION

Complete the sentences with your own ideas.

Although Jack was very good looking,...
The party was really boring, so...
I enjoyed the film, but...

We decided to eat out because...
Louisa met her husband when...
I was watching TV when suddenly...

Quick Test 2

GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: They phoned Zhang Li and _____ a message for her.

A leave ☐ B left ✓ C did leave ☐

1 When we arrived, it _____.

A was rain ☐ B were raining ☐ C was raining ☐

2 The bus _____ outside the cinema.

A did stop ☐ B stopped ☐ C was stop ☐

3 We were very late, _____ we took a taxi.

A because ☐ B but ☐ C so ☐

4 They _____ their apartment.

A didn't liked ☐ B don't liked ☐ C didn't like ☐

5 When I _____ her, she was working in a supermarket.

A met ☐ B meet ☐ C was meeting ☐

6 I was really tired _____ I decided not to go out.

A so ☐ B but ☐ C because ☐

7 Who _____ that email to?

A he wrote ☐ B did he write ☐ C he was writing ☐

8 It was really cold in Cairo, _____ it's normally hot there.

A because ☐ B although ☐ C so ☐

9 _____ to a restaurant last night?

A Did you go ☐ B Did you went ☐ C Were you ☐

10 I usually go by car, but yesterday I _____ by bus.

A gone ☐ B go ☐ C went ☐

11 A Were the children playing in the garden?

B No, they _____.

A aren't ☐ B wasn't ☐ C weren't ☐

12 What _____ the weather like when you were there?

A was ☐ B did ☐ C is ☐

13 We sat down on the beach. It started to rain five minutes _____!

A then ☐ B after ☐ C later ☐

14 When I saw him, he _____ working; he was watching TV.

A didn't ☐ B wasn't ☐ C isn't ☐

15 What _____ doing when you arrived?

A was he ☐ B were he ☐ C he was ☐

16 _____ it started raining, so we went inside.

A Suddenly ☐ B When ☐ C After ☐

17 _____ you buy any bread this morning?

A Do ☐ B Were ☐ C Did ☐

18 He's very tall, _____ he's not very good at basketball.

A because ☐ B although ☐ C but ☐

19 What _____ on your last holiday?

A you did ☐ B did you do ☐ C did you ☐

20 A Who _____ the match?

B Arsenal. It was 3–0.

A won ☐ B did win ☐ C was winning ☐

Quick Test 2**VOCABULARY****a Tick (✓) the correct adjective, A or B.**

Example: lots of _____ people

A comfortable ☐ B friendly ✓ C expensive ☐

1 a _____ day

A rich ☐ B windy ☐ C young ☐

2 a _____ crowd

A new ☐ B basic ☐ C noisy ☐

3 an _____ time

A amazing ☐ B unfriendly ☐ C old ☐

4 a _____ hotel

A foggy ☐ B sunny ☐ C luxurious ☐

5 a _____ museum

A wonderful ☐ B sunny ☐ C helpful ☐**b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences about holidays.**

Example: I always _____ lots of photos on holiday.

A take ✓ B make ☐ C get ☐

6 My parents _____ a lot of money on their plane tickets.

A had ☐ B spent ☐ C booked ☐

7 We _____ bicycles for the week, so we could travel cheaply.

A bought ☐ B spent ☐ C hired ☐

8 Mum and Dad often go _____ the weekend.

A swimming ☐ B a good time ☐ C away for ☐

9 I'm _____ our flights online.

A booking ☐ B having ☐ C renting ☐

10 We didn't go _____ last year. We stayed in this country.

A abroad ☐ B holiday ☐ C sightseeing ☐**c Tick (✓) the correct preposition A, B or C.**

Example: I play tennis _____ Tuesdays.

A in ☐ B at ☐ C on ✓

11 My cousin lives _____ Canada.

A in ☐ B at ☐ C on ☐

12 I can't talk now. I'm _____ a bus and it's noisy.

A in ☐ B at ☐ C on ☐

13 What did you study _____ university?

A in ☐ B at ☐ C on ☐

14 Please put those books back _____ the shelf.

A in ☐ B at ☐ C on ☐

15 Are you visiting your grandparents _____ Easter?

A in ☐ B at ☐ C on ☐

Quick Test 2

d Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the verb phrases.

Example: I gave her _____.

A phone number ☐ B phone's number ☐ C my phone number ✓

16 I _____ Carla to the new Mexican restaurant on Hills Road.

A took ☐ B gave ☐ C met ☐

17 Never run _____ the road. It's very dangerous.

A across ☐ B next ☐ C from ☐

18 We aren't ready. Can you wait _____ us?

A to ☐ B on ☐ C for ☐

19 Thanks for dinner. I _____ a great time.

A passed ☐ B had ☐ C took ☐

20 Sorry, I can't stop. I'm _____ hurry.

A in a ☐ B with ☐ C to the ☐

	20
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PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A gone ☐ B song ☐ C one ✓

1 A saw ☐ B bought ☐ C could ☐

2 A asked ☐ B enjoyed ☐ C liked ☐

3 A climbed ☐ B invited ☐ C missed ☐

4 A thought ☐ B put ☐ C took ☐

5 A sunbathed ☐ B decided ☐ C invited ☐

b Which -ed past simple ending adds an extra syllable /ɪd/? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A wanted ✓ B discovered ☐ C designed ☐

6 A started ☐ B produced ☐ C used ☐

7 A fixed ☐ B decided ☐ C asked ☐

8 A directed ☐ B called ☐ C showed ☐

9 A invented ☐ B played ☐ C smiled ☐

10 A loved ☐ B hoped ☐ C created ☐

	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	
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	50
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File Test 2

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences. Put the verb in brackets in the past simple or the past continuous.

Example: We drove (drive) to Liverpool last week.

- 1 It _____ (not snow) when I went to bed.
- 2 When _____ she _____ (pass) her driving test?
- 3 Silvana _____ (not come) to the theatre with us last night.
- 4 What _____ you _____ (do) at six o'clock last night?
- 5 I _____ (not study) when you rang.
- 6 Last year they _____ (buy) a new house.
- 7 We _____ (see) Rachel at the restaurant yesterday.
- 8 _____ Davide _____ (wear) his suit when you saw him?

	8
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2 Complete the dialogue. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.

- Lucy Did you enjoy (you enjoy) your trip to Italy?
- Jean I had a great time!
- Lucy That's good. Where ¹ _____ (you stay)?
- Jean In a really nice hotel in Sorrento.
- Lucy Who ² _____ (you go) with?
- Jean Hilde and Mel. We had a few problems while we were there.
- Lucy What ³ _____ (happen)?
- Jean Mel lost her passport and her purse.
- Lucy Really? What ⁴ _____ (she do)?
- Jean We went to the police station.
- Lucy What ⁵ _____ (they say)?
- Jean Well – Mel's things were there!
- Lucy That was lucky! Who ⁶ _____ (find) them?
- Jean Two children – at the beach.
- Lucy That was very lucky!

	6
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3 Complete the sentences with *so*, *because*, *but*, or *although*.

Example: Although it was late, we weren't tired.

- 1 Amal doesn't eat meat _____ he's a vegetarian.
- 2 _____ the restaurant was expensive, the food was awful.
- 3 Tomas doesn't like his job, _____ he's looking for another one.
- 4 It was a nice day, _____ we went to the beach.
- 5 They're learning Spanish _____ they want to visit Argentina.
- 6 I invited Ian to the party, _____ he didn't want to come.

	6
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Grammar total		20
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File Test 2

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

4 Underline the correct verb.

Example: take / be / have someone to a restaurant

- 1 meet / run / have across the road
- 2 have / leave / wait a good time
- 3 invite / give / drive somebody to dinner
- 4 wait / meet / drive along the road
- 5 run / be / play in a hurry
- 6 wait / run / invite for a friend
- 7 take / play / give a song

	7
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5 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: She didn't take many photos when she went to Italy.
do have take

- 1 You need a passport if you want to go _____.
by plane on holiday abroad
- 2 The food at the restaurant was _____.
comfortable delicious crowded
- 3 The weather was lovely. It was _____ every day.
foggy cloudy sunny
- 4 Julie and Andy _____ their flights online.
booked hired rented
- 5 I _____ most of my time at the beach when I'm on holiday.
buy go spend
- 6 Did you _____ any souvenirs when you were in Brazil?
buy take have
- 7 We went _____ for a few days over Christmas.
by car away out

	7
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6 Complete the sentences with *at*, *in*, or *on*.

Example: We got married on 7th May.

- 1 What did you do _____ the weekend?
- 2 There was nowhere to sit _____ the train.
- 3 They played basketball _____ the morning.
- 4 Stefano was born _____ Rome.
- 5 They sat _____ the balcony.
- 6 We arrived _____ the bus stop just before the bus left.

	6
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Vocabulary total		20
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File Test 2

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Match the past forms with the words with the same sound.

asked	called	bought	understood
started	read		

Example: saw bought

- 1 rented _____
- 2 said _____
- 3 dog _____
- 4 could _____
- 5 tie _____

	5
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8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: friend|ly

- 1 com|for|ta|ble
- 2 in|vite
- 3 a|part|ment
- 4 birth|day
- 5 a|broad

	5
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Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 2
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****The perfect picture**

Last autumn I was helping my sister to find a photographer for her wedding. I was looking at wedding photographs online when I saw my first sakura picture. Sakura, or cherry blossom, are light pink flowers that arrive in spring on cherry trees. The flowers are very beautiful, and very popular in wedding photos in Japan. In fact, the sakura flowers are very popular with everyone in Japan.

After my sister's wedding, I needed a quiet holiday. I decided to visit Tokyo and see the cherry blossom. I booked a week in a hotel at the end of April. I bought a new camera and searched online for the best places to look at the trees. I arrived safely and checked into my clean, comfortable hotel. I slept well and got ready for my first day of sakura photography.

Then the problems started. Although it was morning, when I arrived at Inokashira Park it was already very busy. Large families were having picnics. Couples were on dates. I couldn't get near to the trees. My pictures were a disaster. At the end of the day, I went back to my hotel feeling quite sad. But when I was looking at my photos that evening, I found one picture of a little boy looking at the flowers. He was laughing. It was a great picture.

The next day I returned to Inokashira Park but this time I only took pictures of people. I spoke to people who I thought looked interesting – people with colourful hats, or unusual hair, or nice faces – and I asked to take their picture with the flowers. I had fun and I met lots of friendly people. Now when I look at my sakura pictures, I remember the cherry blossom but I also remember the stories.

Example: The writer has a small garden.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ✓

- 1 The writer helped his sister with her birthday party.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 Cherry blossom flowers arrive in spring.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 Everyone in Japan has cherry blossom parties.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 The writer wanted a busy, noisy holiday.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 The writer stayed in Tokyo for two weeks.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 Inokashira Park was crowded.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 The writer couldn't find the river.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 The writer was not happy with his pictures on the first day.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

File Test 2

Reading and Writing A

- 9 On the second day, the writer went to a new place.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 The writer met many friendly people.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

	10
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2 Read the article again and answer the questions.

- 1 What was the writer doing when he saw a sakura photo for the first time?

- 2 What do sakura flowers look like?

- 3 What did the writer buy before he travelled to Japan?

- 4 How did the writer sleep in Tokyo?

- 5 Which picture did the writer think was great?

	5
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Reading total		15
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WRITING

Write a short essay about a holiday you really enjoyed. Answer these questions. (100–150 words)

- Where did you go on holiday?
- Who did you go with?
- How did you travel?
- What activities did you do?
- What was the weather like?

A holiday I enjoyed

I travelled to ...

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 2

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to Laura and Han talking about holidays. Match the sentences to the speaker. Write L (for Laura) or H (for Han).

- 1 'I like to take hundreds of photos.' ____
- 2 'I prefer city holidays.' ____
- 3 'I usually rent an apartment.' ____
- 4 'I love to go on holiday with my family.' ____
- 5 'My last holiday was fantastic.' ____

	5
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2 Listen to five conversations. What is the problem in each conversation? Match the conversations with the situations (A–G). There are two answers you don't need.

- Conversation 1 ☐
- Conversation 2 ☐
- Conversation 3 ☐
- Conversation 4 ☐
- Conversation 5 ☐

- A a lost phone
- B an illness
- C a missed flight
- D a broken camera
- E a lost passport
- F a missed train
- G terrible weather

	5
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Listening total		10
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SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 Did you take many photos on your last holiday? What were they like?
- 2 What's your favourite photo from your school days? Can you describe it?
- 3 What kind of photos do you like taking?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 2

Listening and Speaking A

2 Read the information about a famous photo and answer your partner's questions.

Name of photo: *Abbey Road* album cover
 Photographer: Iain Macmillan
 Year: 1969
 Description: The Beatles (John, Ringo, Paul, and George) walking across Abbey Road / near recording studio in London / wearing 1960s clothes / sunny day
 Reason it is famous: photo / very popular band / last album cover

3 Now make questions and ask your partner about his / her famous photo.

- What / name / photo?
- Who / take?
- What year / take?
- Can / describe?
- Why / famous?

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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3A GRAMMAR *be going to* (plans and predictions)

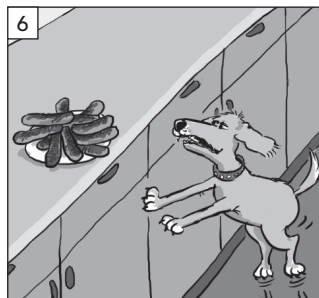
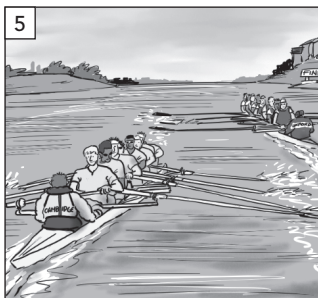
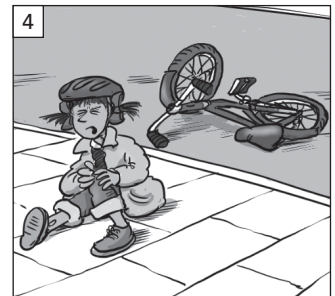
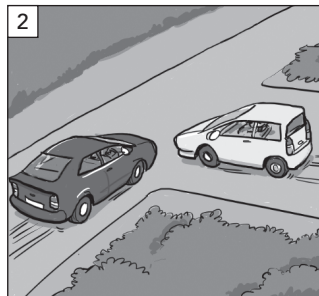
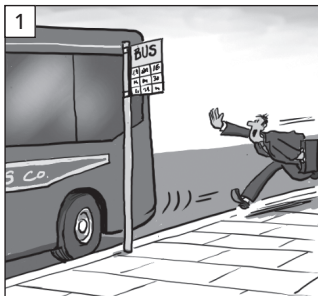
a Complete the conversations with the correct form of *be going to* and a verb from the list.

do have ~~get~~ get go not do visit work

- 1 **A** What are you doing?
B I ¹ 'm going to get a trolley. I can't carry all these bags.
- 2 **A** ² _____ you _____ your homework this evening?
B No, I'm not. I'm really tired. In fact, I ³ _____ anything – just sleep!
- 3 **A** So, do you like it here in Oxford?
B Yes, we love it! But we're only here for a short time. We ⁴ _____ lots of different places.
A Where ⁵ _____ you _____ next?
B Liverpool. We ⁶ _____ the train there.
- 4 **A** How's your daughter?
B She's fine, thanks.
A Does she have any plans for the summer?
B Yes. She ⁷ _____ in a bookshop for six weeks.
A ⁸ _____ she _____ a holiday?
B No, I don't think she is.

b What's going to happen? Write a sentence with *be going to* and a verb from the list for pictures 1–8.

be late break crash cry eat make ~~miss~~ not win



- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 He's <u>going to miss</u> the bus. | 5 They _____ the race. |
| 2 They _____. | 6 The dog _____ the sausages. |
| 3 He _____ a cake. | 7 He _____ for work. |
| 4 She _____. | 8 She _____ the window. |

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Practise the conversations in **a** with a partner. Then cover sentences 1–8 in **b**. Look at the pictures and remember the sentences.

3B GRAMMAR present continuous (future arrangements)

Look at Luke's diary. Write the questions and the answers. Use the present continuous.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY
Work 9.00–12.00 a.m. Dinner with Frank 8.00 p.m.	10.00 a.m. Take Mum to the hospital 3.00 p.m. Tennis	Work 4.00–6.00 p.m. 7.30 p.m. Theatre with Yaz and Omar	10.00 a.m. Meet Sam to study Help Dad with the garden
FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY	
Dentist 11.30 a.m. Party at Frank's! 8.00 p.m.	9.00 a.m. Go shopping – buy Ellie's present 4.00 p.m. George – Café Tivoli	10.30 a.m. Meet Ellie at station! 5.00 p.m. Drive to Wales – with Ellie	

- he / meet Sam on Monday?
'Is he meeting Sam on Monday?' 'No, he isn't.'
- When / he / go to the station?
'When is he going to the station?' 'He's going to the station on Sunday.'
- Who / he / take to the hospital on Tuesday?

- When / he / work?

- he / have dinner with Frank on Monday?

- What / he / do on Sunday morning?

- What / he / do on Friday night?

- When / he / go to the dentist?

- What / he / do on Saturday morning?

- When / he / play tennis?

- Who / he / see on Saturday afternoon?

- When / he / help his dad?

- he / go to the theatre on Wednesday?

- he / meet George at the museum?

- What / he / do on Sunday afternoon?

ACTIVATION

Write down one arrangement that you have each day next week.
Tell a partner. Use the present continuous.

3B COMMUNICATIVE Come fly with me!

Student A

FLIGHT INFORMATION A

BOARDING CARD	
PASSENGER Brad Washington	DATE 09 SEP
AIRLINE American Airlines	FLIGHT AA6149
FROM London Gatwick	DEPARTURE TIME 16.40
TO New York JFK	ARRIVAL TIME 19.30
	SEAT NUMBER 15D

FLIGHT INFORMATION B

BOARDING CARD	
PASSENGER David Smith	DATE _____
AIRLINE _____	FLIGHT BA334
FROM _____	DEPARTURE TIME _____
TO _____	ARRIVAL TIME _____
	SEAT NUMBER _____

- a** Look at the missing information on boarding card **B**. Write the questions you need to ask **B** to complete boarding card **B**.

- Who are you flying with? (fly)
- Where _____ from? (fly)
- Where _____ to? (fly)
- When _____? (leave)
- What time _____? (leave)
- What time _____? (arrive)
- Where _____? (sit)

- b** Ask **B** the questions and complete boarding card **B**.

- c** Now **B** will ask you for the information on boarding card **A**. Answer his / her questions.

Student B

FLIGHT INFORMATION A

BOARDING CARD	
PASSENGER Brad Washington	DATE _____
AIRLINE _____	FLIGHT AA6149
FROM _____	DEPARTURE TIME _____
TO _____	ARRIVAL TIME _____
	SEAT NUMBER _____

FLIGHT INFORMATION B

BOARDING CARD	
PASSENGER David Smith	DATE 03 MAR
AIRLINE British Airways	FLIGHT BA334
FROM London Heathrow	DEPARTURE TIME 11.55
TO Paris Orly	ARRIVAL TIME 14.20
	SEAT NUMBER 5E

- a** Look at the missing information on boarding card **A**. Write the questions you need to ask **A** to complete boarding card **A**.

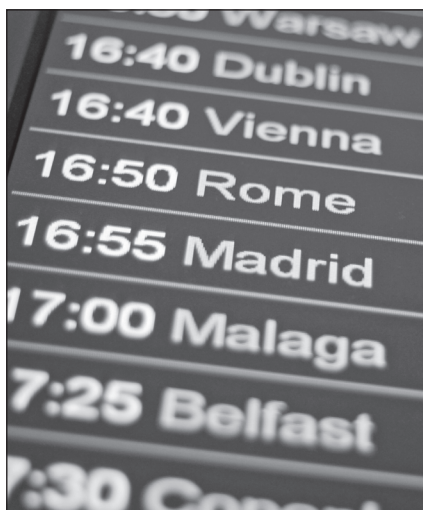
- Who are you flying with? (fly)
- Where _____ from? (fly)
- Where _____ to? (fly)
- When _____? (leave)
- What time _____? (leave)
- What time _____? (arrive)
- Where _____? (sit)

- b** **A** will ask you for the information on boarding card **B**. Answer his / her questions.

- c** Now ask **A** the questions and complete boarding card **A**.

3B VOCABULARY What's the preposition?

Are the prepositions in **bold** right (✓) or wrong (X)? Correct the wrong ones.



- 1 What time did your plane arrive **in** Madrid? ☒
- 2 It's your birthday. I'll pay ^{for} ~~to~~ dinner tonight. ☒
- 3 Sally waited 30 minutes **for** the bus. ☐
- 4 I completely agree **with** you. ☐
- 5 Can you ask the teacher **to** a photocopy? ☐
- 6 When I arrived **to** the museum, it was closed. ☐
- 7 Do you spend a lot of money **on** clothes? ☐
- 8 She writes **to** him every day. ☐
- 9 He worries **with** not passing the exam. ☐
- 10 Does this coat belong **with** you? ☐
- 11 I can't think **about** anybody except Pete at the moment! ☐
- 12 How often do you speak **at** your sister on Skype? ☐
- 13 Maria's invited me **for** a concert, but I don't want to go. ☐
- 14 She's fallen in love **to** her sister's boyfriend! ☐
- 15 Sometimes I walk to work, but it depends **on** the weather. ☐

ACTIVATION

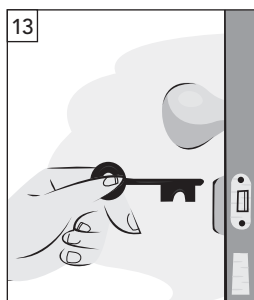
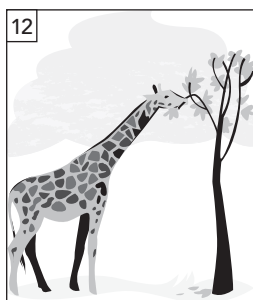
Complete the sentences with a preposition and your own ideas.

Before going on holiday, I often worry...*about finishing all of my work.*
 When we have family arguments, I usually agree...
 We were really happy when we arrived...
 If I don't like the food in a restaurant, I usually speak...
 How I usually spend my holiday depends...

3C GRAMMAR defining relative clauses

- a Complete the definitions with *who*, *which*, or *where* and the correct form of a verb from the list.

borrow ~~build~~ buy change cut design fly have help keep look at open see sleep visit



- 1 A **builder** is a person who builds houses.
- 2 A **hairdresser** is somebody _____ your hair.
- 3 A **library** is a place _____ you can read or _____ books.
- 4 A **campsite** is a place _____ people _____ in tents.
- 5 A **fridge** is something _____ food cold.
- 6 A **remote control** is something _____ TV channels.
- 7 An **architect** is someone _____ buildings.
- 8 A **cinema** is a place _____ you can _____ a film.
- 9 An **art gallery** is a place _____ you _____ paintings.
- 10 **Glasses** are things _____ you to see well.
- 11 A **bookshop** is a place _____ you _____ books.
- 12 A **giraffe** is an animal _____ a very long neck.
- 13 A **key** is something _____ a door.
- 14 A **pilot** is a person _____ planes.
- 15 A **tourist** is a person _____ another town or country.

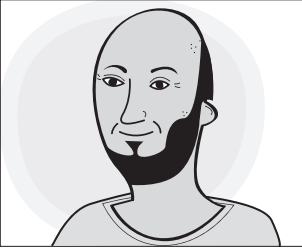
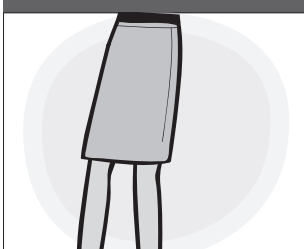
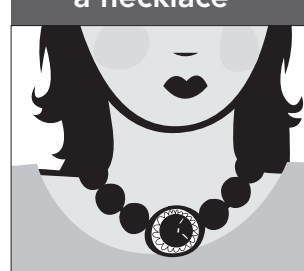
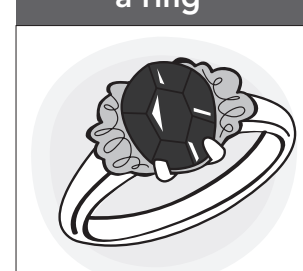
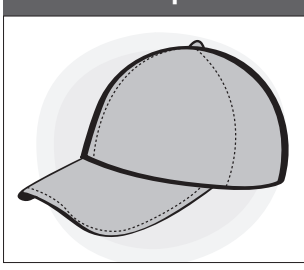
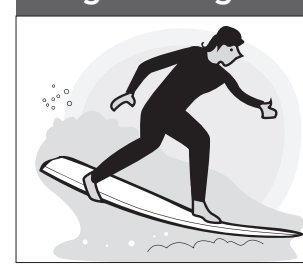
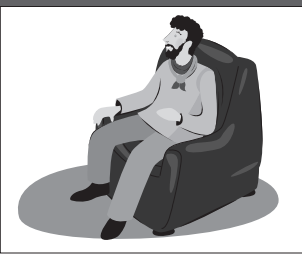
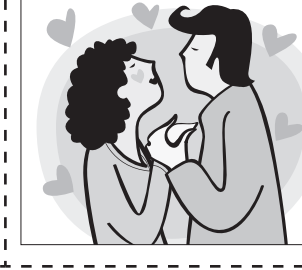
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- b Look again at the relative pronouns in sentences 1–15 in a. Tick (✓) the sentences in which the relative pronouns can be replaced with *that*.

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the definitions and look at the pictures. Can you remember the definitions?

3C COMMUNICATIVE Can you explain the word?

bald 	a beard 	a moustache 	talkative 
slim 	a skirt 	a tracksuit 	trainers 
tights 	a necklace 	a ring 	overweight 
noisy 	a cap 	go surfing 	go camping 
comfortable 	crowded 	foggy 	go sightseeing 
take photos 	baggage reclaim 	a trolley 	fall in love 

Quick Test 3**GRAMMAR****Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.**

Example: Ephi _____ work by bike this week.

A 're going to ☐ B 's going to ✓ C 'm going to ☐

1 The hotel _____ was called 'The Regent'.

A what we stayed in ☐ B which we stayed ☐ C where we stayed ☐

2 That's the shop _____ has the best fruit and vegetables.

A which ☐ B which it ☐ C where ☐

3 I think _____ tomorrow.

A it's going to rain ☐ B it's raining ☐ C it rains ☐

4 A Is Miroslav going to get a summer job?

B Yes, _____.

A he's getting ☐ B he is ☐ C he's going ☐

5 A We're on holiday in Berlin next week.

B Oh! _____ there?

A Do you fly ☐ B Flying ☐ C Are you flying ☐

6 A Is your brother going to university next year?

B No, _____.

A he doesn't ☐ B not going ☐ C he isn't ☐

7 The girl _____ is sitting over there.

A who I like ☐ B who I like her ☐ C which I like her ☐

8 I'm looking for someone _____ can speak Japanese.

A which ☐ B what ☐ C who ☐

9 _____ before lunchtime tomorrow?

A Did they arrive ☐ B Are they going to arrive ☐ C Are they arrive ☐

10 A Are you visiting your grandparents this summer?

B Yes, _____.

A we are ☐ B we're ☐ C we're visiting ☐

11 When are we _____ leave?

A going ☐ B going to ☐ C go to ☐

12 Look at those clouds! It _____.

A is going raining ☐ B going to rain ☐ C is going to rain ☐

13 Let's find a place _____ we can sit down and have a coffee.

A which ☐ B where ☐ C that ☐

14 A nurse is a person _____ works at a hospital.

A where ☐ B who ☐ C which ☐

15 Marcia's only eight, but she says she _____ a dancer.

A 's being ☐ B 's going to ☐ C 's going to be ☐

16 Where _____?

A you are going ☐ B you going ☐ C are you going ☐

17 Is this the book _____ told me about?

A which ☐ B which you ☐ C who you ☐

18 He likes things _____ are very expensive!

A they ☐ B which they ☐ C which ☐

19 _____ we going by car or by bus?

A Do ☐ B Can ☐ C Are ☐

20 _____ some friends this evening.

A I'm meeting ☐ B I'm going meet ☐ C I meet ☐

Quick Test 3**VOCABULARY****a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with words about air travel.**

Example: We met our friends at _____, then took them home.

A arrivals ✓ B check-in ☐ C baggage ☐

- 1 The 12.05 to Paris leaves from _____ number 55.
A terminal ☐ B gate ☐ C lift ☐
- 2 _____ between European cities are cheap these days.
A Flying ☐ B Flies ☐ C Flights ☐
- 3 They checked our tickets at passport _____.
A drop-off ☐ B control ☐ C reclaim ☐
- 4 These bags are heavy. Can you get a _____, please?
A gate ☐ B terminal ☐ C trolley ☐
- 5 They looked in all our bags at _____.
A customs ☐ B lifts ☐ C terminal ☐
- 6 You may be asked to remove your shoes at the _____ check.
A control ☐ B baggage ☐ C security ☐
- 7 You can find your bag at _____.
A baggage reclaim ☐ B check in ☐ C control ☐
- 8 Let's take the _____ to the second floor.
A lift ☐ B terminal ☐ C gate ☐
- 9 The airport has two _____ for internal or short flights, and three for international travel.
A customs ☐ B flights ☐ C terminals ☐
- 10 I took my friends to _____ and said goodbye. They had a 3 hour flight home.
A customs ☐ B departures ☐ C baggage reclaim ☐

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the correct preposition.

Example: I went _____ South Africa two years ago.

A to ✓ B in ☐ C from ☐

- 11 I'm sorry, but I don't agree _____ you at all.
A with ☐ B about ☐ C to ☐
- 12 Let's pay now. Can you ask the waiter _____ the bill, please?
A to ☐ B for ☐ C with ☐
- 13 I wrote _____ Ivan, but he didn't answer.
A for ☐ B to ☐ C about ☐
- 14 Our plans depend _____ the weather. We need a sunny day to go swimming!
A from ☐ B of ☐ C on ☐
- 15 A Sorry, I can't pay _____ those trainers. They're too expensive.
B Oh, OK Mum. What about these? They're cheaper.
A on ☐ B to ☐ C for ☐
- 16 Did you speak _____ the boss about your holiday?
A of ☐ B to ☐ C for ☐
- 17 Niran tried not to worry _____ the job interview.

Quick Test 3

- A with ☐ B for ☐ C about ☐
- 18 We never talk _____ politics. It's boring.
A for ☐ B about ☐ C to ☐
- 19 What do you think _____ his latest film?
A to ☐ B after ☐ C of ☐
- 20 That phone belongs _____ Seth.
A about ☐ B to ☐ C with ☐

	20
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PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A airport ☐ B board ☐ C word ✓

- 1 A site ☐ B lift ☐ C flight ☐
- 2 A organize ☐ B region ☐ C gate ☐
- 3 A passengers ☐ B departures ☐ C baggage ☐
- 4 A delayed ☐ B plane ☐ C passport ☐
- 5 A customs ☐ B somebody ☐ C opposite ☐

b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A security ☐ B security ✓ C security ☐

- 6 A terminal ☐ B terminal ☐ C terminal ☐
- 7 A attentions ☐ B attentions ☐ C attentions ☐
- 8 A disorganized ☐ B disorganized ☐ C disorganized ☐
- 9 A calendar ☐ B calendar ☐ C calendar ☐
- 10 A presenter ☐ B presenter ☐ C presenter ☐

	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 3

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Make sentences about future arrangements using the present continuous.

Example: you / see / Kristoff tomorrow ?
Are you seeing Kristoff tomorrow?

1 I / spend / New Year's Eve in Scotland

2 we / not go / away at Christmas

3 they / travel / to Basel on Saturday

4 when / Simon / get a new car ?

5 I / not have / dinner with Marco tonight

6 where / you / meet Qianru ?

6

2 Complete the sentences with *who*, *which*, or *where*.

Example: That's the woman who works at the airport.

1 'Café' is a word _____ comes from the Spanish word 'cafetería'.

2 This is the restaurant _____ we had dinner.

3 Kangaroos are animals _____ live in Australia.

4 A shop assistant is a person _____ serves you in a shop.

5 A snack bar is a place _____ you can get a drink or a meal.

6 He's the man _____ lives next door to my grandparents.

6

3 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of *going to* and a verb from the box.

do stay not enjoy miss not finish pass
 not rain ~~snow~~ travel

Example: It's very cold. I think it 's going to snow tonight.

1 One day I _____ around the world.

2 What _____ you _____ when you leave university?

3 It's very late. We _____ this report today.

4 Do you think Hasad _____ his exams?

5 Hurry up! We _____ the train.

6 You don't need an umbrella. It _____.

7 I don't want to go to the party. I know I _____ it.

8 How long _____ Janos and Aisa _____ in Turkey?

8

Grammar total 20

File Test 3

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

4 Complete the airport words in the sentences.

Example: I met Francesco in arrivals after my flight from Vancouver landed.

- 1 Which **t**_____ do international flights leave from?
- 2 Flight 0342 to Rome leaves from **g**_____ number 15.
- 3 After the flight they went to **b**_____ reclaim to get their suitcases.
- 4 We went through passport **c**_____ before we got on the plane.
- 5 I can't carry all these bags. I need a **t**_____.
- 6 She didn't stop at **c**_____ as she had nothing to declare.
- 7 You can take the **l**_____ or the stairs to the next floor.

	7
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5 Complete the sentences with the correct word or phrase.

for example place similar somebody opposite something kind
--

Example: A vet is somebody who looks after sick animals.

- 1 *Tidy* is the _____ of *untidy*.
- 2 A dictionary has different uses, _____ you can use it to check pronunciation.
- 3 An onion is a _____ of vegetable.
- 4 A market is a _____ where you can buy fresh fruit and vegetables.
- 5 A passport is _____ which you need when you travel abroad.
- 6 *Fat* and *overweight* have a _____ meaning, but *overweight* is more polite.

	6
--	---

6 Complete the phrases with the correct preposition.

Example: arrive at work

- 1 wait _____ a friend
- 2 fall _____ love with someone
- 3 worry _____ a problem
- 4 write an email _____ somebody
- 5 spend money _____ books
- 6 pay _____ a meal
- 7 disagree _____ somebody

	7
--	---

Vocabulary total		20
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File Test 3

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Match the words with the same sound. There are two words to match with each sound.

garden	general	flight	emergency
organize	sign		

- 1 sights flight _____
- 2 region _____
- 3 guide _____

	5
--	---

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: i|mmi|gration

- 1 pa|ssen|ger
- 2 de|fi|ni|tion
- 3 ba|ggage
- 4 de|par|tures
- 5 e|xam|ple

	5
--	---

Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 3
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****Three hours in my city**

Are you planning a stopover at Schipol airport? If the answer is 'yes', then visit Amsterdam. This beautiful city is only a short train journey away. We asked three people who live there: 'We have three hours in your city. What are the best things to do?'

Anika, 26

It depends on the weather. Check the forecast when you arrive at the airport. If the weather is not good, visit one of our famous cafés. Try some bitterballen – it's a kind of Dutch meat snack – or have some pancakes with Dutch cheese. I'm sure you're going to love Dutch food. If it's a sunny day, spend some time at the flower market. The flower shops are on small boats and it is also a great place to buy gifts. You will return to the airport feeling happy and with many colourful pictures to look at on your journey.

Hendrik, 34

Take a ride on a tram. A tram is a kind of electric bus that drives on metal lines in the road. Amsterdam has a great tram system – I use it every day to get to work. I think the number 2 route is best for tourists. That's the tram that drives past many of the main Amsterdam sights, like the Van Gogh art gallery. The trams leave Amsterdam Central Station regularly and tickets are not expensive. You can see your luggage is safe but you don't have to carry it. And you won't be stressed about getting back to the airport in time — you can get off the tram at any stop and return to the station on tram 2 in the opposite direction. It's perfect.

Issac, 23

The best way to see Amsterdam is to hire a bike. Everyone in Amsterdam loves to cycle! You can hire bikes at the main train station – it's easy. There are also lockers at the station where you can leave your luggage, although they are quite expensive. On a bike, you can see Amsterdam's beautiful buildings and canals. You can see the old houses very well from the street but a few are also open as museums. If you have children, visit one of the large parks. Vondelpark has an exciting playground where children can climb trees.

Example: Amsterdam is _____ Schipol airport.

A a long journey from ☐ B quite close to ✓ C three hours from ☐

1 Anika wants us to check _____ when we arrive at the airport.

A the time ☐ B our ticket ☐ C the weather ☐

2 Anika says the flower market is good on a _____ day.

A sunny ☐ B cold ☐ C rainy ☐

3 Hendrik says tram number 2 drives past _____.

A a gallery ☐ a park ☐ C a main road ☐

File Test 3

Reading and Writing A

- 4 Hendrik says his idea is _____.
A stressful ☐ B perfect ☐ C expensive ☐
- 5 Issac says that _____ are very popular in Amsterdam.
A bikes ☐ B trains ☐ C trams ☐
- 6 Issac says some of the old houses are also _____.
A cafés ☐ B schools ☐ C museums ☐

	6
--	---

2 Write A for Anika, H for Hendrik, or I for Issac.

Example: Your luggage will be safe. H

- 1 The city has a great tram system. _____
- 2 The luggage lockers are quite expensive. _____
- 3 Our cafés are famous. _____
- 4 Children can climb trees in the park. _____
- 5 It's like a bus. _____
- 6 It's a good place to buy gifts. _____
- 7 Try eating some Dutch food. _____
- 8 It's easy to hire a bike from the station. _____
- 9 You won't be stressed. _____

	9
--	---

Reading total		15
---------------	--	----

WRITING

**Your friend emails you and asks about your plans to visit him / her.
Write a reply and answer these questions. (100–150 words)**

- How are you and your family?
- What date are you coming to visit me?
- Are you flying or coming by train?
- What time are you arriving?
- What do you want to do when you are here?

Hi ... ,

Thanks for your email. I'm ...

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 3

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to two people talking about a business trip. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- 1 What are they doing on Monday morning?
A travelling to Oslo ☐ B travelling from Edinburgh ☐ C writing a report ☐
- 2 What are they doing on Tuesday afternoon?
A finding an office ☐ B practising a talk ☐ C finishing a report ☐
- 3 What time is the first meeting on Wednesday?
A 9.30 ☐ B 8.30 ☐ C 10.00 ☐
- 4 What is the woman doing on Thursday?
A castle tour ☐ B gallery tour ☐ C book tour ☐
- 5 What does she most want to see?
A a shop ☐ B a café ☐ C a house ☐

	5
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2 Listen to five conversations. Match the conversations with the airport locations (A–G). There are two answers you don't need.

- Conversation 1 ☐
 Conversation 2 ☐
 Conversation 3 ☐
 Conversation 4 ☐
 Conversation 5 ☐

- A arrivals
 B the lifts
 C passport control
 D security check
 E a departure gate
 F the bag drop
 G the baggage reclaim

	5
--	---

Listening total		10
-----------------	--	----

SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 What are you going to do after class today?
- 2 What are you going to do this weekend?
- 3 What are you going to cook this evening?
- 4 Are you going to go on holiday this year? Where to?
- 5 Are you going to buy anything this weekend? What?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 3

Listening and Speaking A

- 2 Look at Zack's plans for the weekend and answer your partner's questions.**

Saturday

meet Jim / in town / 11 a.m. / shopping and pizza

Tadeen's party / 9 p.m. (wear new T-shirt)

Sunday

write to / parents / at home / a.m.

meet Marc and Rob / play football in the park / 4 p.m.

- 3 Now make questions and ask your partner about Belinda's plans for the weekend.**

Saturday a.m. – Who / meet? Where? What time? What / do?

Saturday p.m. – Who / meet? Where? What time?

Sunday a.m. – What? Where?

Sunday p.m. – Who? What? Where? What time?

Speaking total		15
----------------	--	----

Listening and Speaking total		25
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4A GRAMMAR present perfect + yet, just, already

a Write sentences for the pictures. Use present perfect + *just*.



1 She / make / breakfast
She's just made breakfast.



2 He / be on holiday



3 They / arrive



4 She / wash her hair



5 He / buy a ring



6 A Would you like a cake?
B No, thanks. We / have lunch

b Write sentences for the picture. Use present perfect + *yet* or *already*.



1 do / the washing-up
He hasn't done the washing-up yet.

6 do / the washing

2 clean / the floor
He's already cleaned the floor.

7 clean / the windows

3 do / the ironing

8 tidy / his desk

4 take out / the rubbish

9 lay / the table

5 do / the shopping

10 make / his bed

ACTIVATION

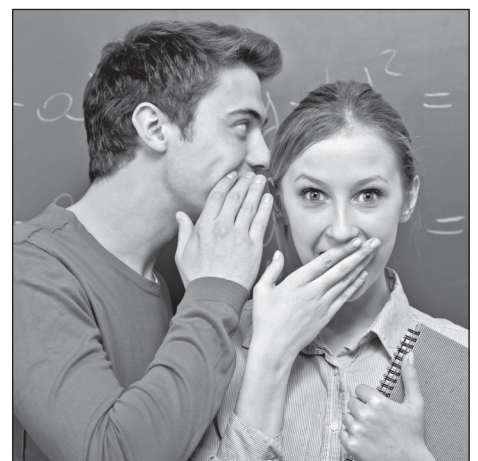
Work with a partner. Look at the picture in **b** and ask and answer questions.

Has he done the washing-up yet? (No, he hasn't.

4A VOCABULARY Housework, *make* or *do*?

● Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb (e.g. *put*, *do*, *make*).

- 1 Shhh, don't _____ a noise. The baby's asleep.
- 2 She's very untidy. She never _____ away her clothes.
- 3 I don't like _____ the ironing.
- 4 My mother _____ the washing on Mondays.
- 5 When I was little, I always _____ my bed before I went to school.
- 6 Can you _____ the shopping for me, please?
- 7 Please _____ the table! We're eating in five minutes.
- 8 How often do you _____ exercise?
- 9 My children have _____ a lot of friends at their new school.
- 10 I broke a glass while I was _____ the washing-up.
- 11 Can I use your phone? I need to _____ a call.
- 12 Do you like _____ plans for the future?
- 13 Please _____ your room. There are books and clothes all over the floor.
- 14 It's my job to _____ out the rubbish at night.
- 15 When was the last time you _____ an exam?
- 16 You've left your towel on the floor. Please _____ it up.
- 17 I don't have time to _____ lunch. Let's eat out.
- 18 Did you _____ anything exciting at the weekend?
- 19 Please can you _____ exercise 1 on page 46?
- 20 I _____ the mistake of telling her my secret.



ACTIVATION

Write six sentences about:

- one housework task you do at home
- two housework tasks you never do
- three things you often make

4B GRAMMAR present perfect or past simple? (1)

a Write sentences in the present perfect.

1 you / ever eat / octopus

Have you ever eaten octopus?

2 I / never fly / in a helicopter

3 she / ever be / late for work

4 Luke / not answer / my messages

5 she / meet / a lot of famous people

6 we / never be / to South America

7 she / win / a lot of prizes for her novels

8 you / ever lose / a credit card

9 I / never work / in a shop or a restaurant

10 you / ever sell / something on eBay

b Complete the conversations with the present perfect or past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 A ¹ Have you ever been (ever / be) to the USA?
 B Yes, I ² _____. I ³ _____ (go) to New York last summer.
 A I ⁴ _____ always _____ (want) to go to New York! ⁵ _____ you _____ (enjoy) it?
 B Yes, I ⁶ _____ (have) a great time.
 A What ⁷ _____ (be) your favourite places?
 B I really ⁸ _____ (love) Central Park and Fifth Avenue.



- 2 A ⁹ _____ you _____ (hear) this band?
 B Of course I ¹⁰ _____! They're my favourite band.
 A Really? ¹¹ _____ you _____ (ever / see) them in concert?
 B Yes, I ¹² _____ (see) them at Wembley last month.
 A Lucky you! ¹³ _____ (be) it a good concert?
 B It was amazing! They were fantastic.

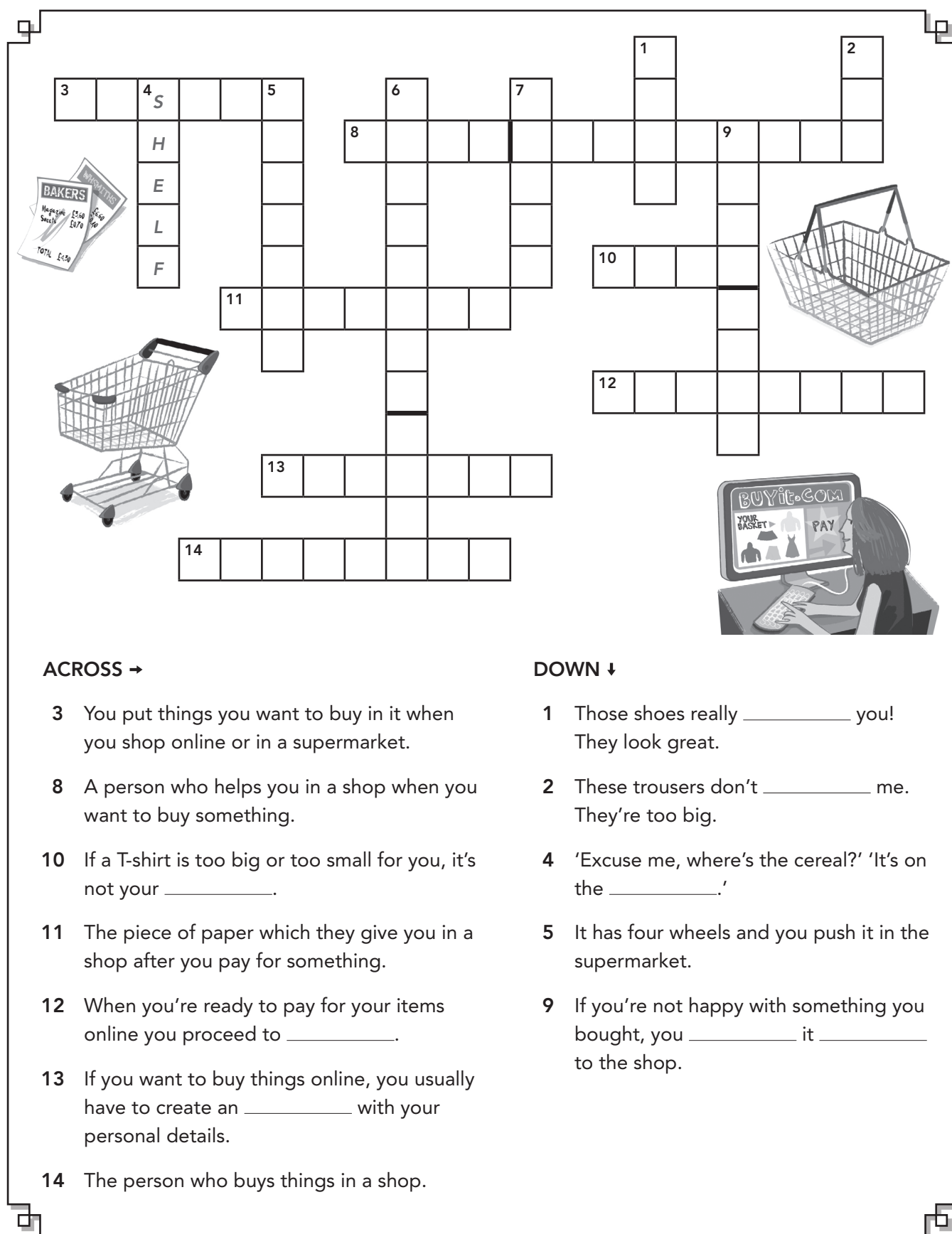


ACTIVATION

Practise the conversations in **b** with a partner. Then ask each other questions beginning *Have you ever been to...(place)?* and *Have you ever heard...(a song or a musician)?* and have short conversations.

4B VOCABULARY Shopping

Look at the clues and complete the crossword. You can write two words if you need to, with no spaces.



ACROSS →

- 3 You put things you want to buy in it when you shop online or in a supermarket.
- 8 A person who helps you in a shop when you want to buy something.
- 10 If a T-shirt is too big or too small for you, it's not your _____.
- 11 The piece of paper which they give you in a shop after you pay for something.
- 12 When you're ready to pay for your items online you proceed to _____.
- 13 If you want to buy things online, you usually have to create an _____ with your personal details.
- 14 The person who buys things in a shop.

DOWN ↓

- 1 Those shoes really _____ you! They look great.
- 2 These trousers don't _____ me. They're too big.
- 4 'Excuse me, where's the cereal?' 'It's on the _____.'
- 5 It has four wheels and you push it in the supermarket.
- 9 If you're not happy with something you bought, you _____ it _____ to the shop.

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the crossword and look at the clues again. Can you remember the answers?

4B COMMUNICATIVE Have you ever...?

1	/ ever speak English to somebody outside class? Who / speak to? What about?
2	/ ever break your arm or your leg? How / break it?
3	/ ever do an extreme sport? Which one / do?
4	/ ever be to an English speaking country? Which country / go to? / speak English there?
5	/ ever live abroad? Where / live? Why / live there?
6	/ ever do volunteer work? What / do? How long / do it for?
7	/ ever sing or play an instrument in public? What / do? How / feel?
8	/ ever run a marathon or a half marathon? When / run it? / finish it?
9	/ ever post a selfie online? Where / post it? Where / take the photo?
10	/ ever complain in a hotel or restaurant? Why / complain?
11	/ ever sleep outside all night? Where / sleep? / sleep well?
12	/ ever speak in public? What / speak about? How / feel?

4C GRAMMAR *something, anything, nothing, etc.*

● Complete the conversations with the words from the list. Write in the column on the right.

anybody (x2) anything (x4) anywhere (x2) nobody (x2) nothing
nowhere somebody (x3) something somewhere (x2)



- 1 A Why are you looking out of the window?
B I think there's in the house opposite. somebody
A But has lived there for years! nobody
B I know! That's why I'm looking.
- 2 A Are you going this summer? _____
B We haven't decided yet. But my wife wants to go nice and hot. _____
- 3 A I'm so bored. There isn't to do in this town! _____
B That's not true. There are lots of things to do.
A But there's for young people to go. _____
- 4 A I phoned your office at 2.00 today, but answered. _____
B Sorry, there was a problem with the phone lines.
- 5 A I'm hungry. I need to eat. _____
B Well, there's food in the fridge.
- 6 A Where did you go last night?
B I didn't go . I was too tired. I stayed in. _____
- 7 A told me that their new album is very good. _____
B Really? I don't know who likes it. _____
- 8 A Did you buy this afternoon? _____
B No, . I didn't see that I liked. _____
- 9 A Where are my car keys?
B I think they're in the kitchen. _____
- 10 A told Eva about the party. Was it you? _____
B Me? No, I haven't said to . _____

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Work with a partner. Cover the column on the right. Read the conversations aloud with the missing words.

4C COMMUNICATIVE The same or different?

- a** Complete the sentences with *something*, *anywhere*, *nobody*, etc.



- 1 I always have _____ to eat before I go to work / school.
- 2 I never have problems sleeping on buses or planes. I can sleep _____.
- 3 I usually watch _____ on TV in the evening.
- 4 When I watch films in English, I don't usually understand _____.
- 5 I don't usually do _____ interesting at weekends.
- 6 In my family, _____ speaks any English except me!
- 7 I went _____ really exciting last weekend.
- 8 I never read _____ in English except my coursebook.
- 9 There's _____ I really want to buy at the moment, but I don't have any money.
- 10 I love doing _____ on Sunday mornings, just staying in bed late.
- 11 I hate smoking, and luckily _____ in my family smokes.
- 12 I don't want to go _____ this weekend. I just want to stay at home.
- 13 I don't know _____ in this class very well.
- 14 There's _____ I really want to go on holiday.
- 15 In my town, there's _____ for young people to go at night. It's really boring here.
- 16 I never say _____ in English in class. I'm worried about making mistakes.
- 17 I met _____ very interesting last weekend.
- 18 I always go _____ quiet when I want to study.

- b** Talk to a partner. Tell him / her if the sentences are true or not true for you, and why.

Quick Test 4**GRAMMAR****Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.**

Example: My brother _____ his homework yet.

A haven't done ☐ B hasn't done ✓ C has done ☐

- 1 I've _____ played three football matches this week.
A already ☐ B just ☐ C yet ☐
- 2 She's never _____ a hat in her life.
A wear ☐ B wore ☐ C worn ☐
- 3 _____ you ever bought anything on that website?
A Did ☐ B Have ☐ C Has ☐
- 4 _____ finished their breakfast yet?
A Are they ☐ B Have they ☐ C Did they ☐
- 5 Rebecca isn't here. She's just _____ out.
A go ☐ B went ☐ C gone ☐
- 6 I've bought _____ really nice for lunch. Are you hungry?
A anything ☐ B something ☐ C nothing ☐
- 7 **A** Did Hugo phone this afternoon?
B No, _____ phoned.
A anybody ☐ B somebody ☐ C nobody ☐
- 8 We didn't go _____ exciting at the weekend.
A anywhere ☐ B somewhere ☐ C nowhere ☐
- 9 Have you ever _____ to New York?
A been ☐ B gone ☐ C went ☐
- 10 Listen – I have _____ important to tell you!
A anything ☐ B something ☐ C nothing ☐
- 11 They _____ do anything on Sunday.
A didn't ☐ B did ☐ C doesn't ☐
- 12 My aunt _____ never flown anywhere.
A is ☐ B has ☐ C was ☐
- 13 We've already _____ this film three times.
A saw ☐ B see ☐ C seen ☐
- 14 Don't touch that wall. Mum's _____ painted it.
A already ☐ B just ☐ C yet ☐
- 15 I don't have _____ money to go out tonight.
A anything ☐ B any ☐ C no ☐
- 16 **A** When _____?
B In 1985.
A have your parents met ☐ B did your parents meet ☐
C do your parents meet ☐
- 17 Charlie Chaplin, who died in 1977, _____ over 80 films.
A is making ☐ B made ☐ C has made ☐
- 18 My boyfriend _____ liked going clothes shopping.
A not yet ☐ B has ever ☐ C has never ☐
- 19 I've been to Argentina once. I _____ to Buenos Aires last year.
A flew ☐ B have flown ☐ C fly ☐
- 20 I haven't finished _____. I need two more minutes.
A already ☐ B just ☐ C yet ☐

Quick Test 4**VOCABULARY****a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.**

Example: This book is very _____.

A bored ☐ B boring ✓ C bore ☐

- 1 I don't often wear black. It looks a bit _____.
A depressed ☐ B depressing ☐ C depression ☐
- 2 Did you have a _____ weekend?
A relax ☐ B relaxing ☐ B relaxation ☐
- 3 You look _____. Are you OK?
A frightened ☐ B frightening ☐ C fright ☐
- 4 I'm _____. Let's do something this afternoon.
A bore ☐ B boring ☐ C bored ☐
- 5 We're going to buy a new TV tomorrow! I'm really _____.
A excited ☐ B exciting ☐ C excitement ☐

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with words about shopping.

Example: We need to buy a lot of food here. Let's use a _____.

A checkout ☐ B trolley ✓ C delivery ☐

- 6 Make sure you have everything before you go to the _____ to pay for it all.
A assistant ☐ B checkout ☐ C basket ☐
- 7 I didn't get this bag in a shop. I bought it _____.
A online ☐ B inline ☐ C offline ☐
- 8 The clothes on this website are cheap, but _____ costs £15!
A stamp ☐ B send ☐ C delivery ☐
- 9 I'm taking this phone _____ to the shop. It doesn't work!
A off ☐ B back ☐ C on ☐
- 10 A I'd like to buy this shirt. Here's £40.
B Thanks. Here's £6 change, and your _____.
A receipt ☐ B bill ☐ C money ☐
- 11 If you're not sure about your size, the _____ rooms are over there.
A trying ☐ B checking ☐ C changing ☐
- 12 The colour of this coat doesn't _____ me at all.
A fit ☐ B suit ☐ C match ☐

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: I need to _____ my room; it's a mess.

A tidy ✓ B make ☐ C do ☐

- 13 I'm _____ a course in Italian at the moment.
A spending ☐ B making ☐ C doing ☐
- 14 Can you put _____ your things in the cupboard?
A off ☐ B up ☐ C away ☐
- 15 If you want your clothes to look good, you need to do some _____.
A washing up ☐ B ironing ☐ C tidying ☐

Quick Test 4

- 16 Don't forget to _____ your bed before you go to school.
A make ☐ B do ☐ C have ☐
- 17 It's Thursday night, so you need to _____ out the rubbish.
A make ☐ B take ☐ C go ☐
- 18 The neighbours _____ a lot of noise last night.
A did ☐ B were ☐ C made ☐
- 19 I need to _____ a phone call. Can I use your phone?
A make ☐ B take ☐ C ring ☐
- 20 After dinner I _____ the table and did the washing up.
A made ☐ B cleared ☐ C laid ☐

	20
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PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A key ☐ B clothes ☐ C centre ✓

- 1 A cinema ☐ B proceed ☐ C chemist's ☐
- 2 A receipt ☐ B click ☐ C auction ☐
- 3 A jumper ☐ B teenager ☐ C young ☐
- 4 A bridge ☐ B just ☐ C forget ☐
- 5 A yet ☐ B under ☐ C uniform ☐

b Which word has the same sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: phone

A clothes ✓ B shopping ☐ C customer ☐

- 6 yellow
A young ☐ B chose ☐ C enjoy ☐
- 7 rubbish
A lunch ☐ B put ☐ C student ☐
- 8 just
A argue ☐ B uniform ☐ C customer ☐
- 9 yet
A year ☐ B proceed ☐ C checkout ☐
- 10 already
A receipt ☐ B depressed ☐ C teenager ☐

	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	50
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File Test 4

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the email. Put the verb in brackets in the present perfect or past simple.

Hi Darren

I ve just received (just / receive) your email. Sorry to hear you aren't well. I hope you feel better soon. You ¹ _____ (be) really busy recently! ² _____ (you / plan) your holiday yet? In August, I ³ _____ (go) to Canada with my family again. We ⁴ _____ (go) there three times now! But this time, we ⁵ _____ (not stay) with my uncle in Toronto. Instead, we ⁶ _____ (hire) a car so we could visit different places. Then in October, Tanya and I ⁷ _____ (travel) around Morocco. ⁸ _____ (you / ever / go) there? It's a really interesting country.

Write soon!

Raoul

8

2 Complete the dialogues with *just*, *already*, or *yet*.

Example: **Tom** Have you finished that report yet?

Mo I've just typed the last page. I finished it a few minutes ago!

1 **Ana** I haven't emailed Yoshio ¹ _____. What about you?

Tim I've ² _____ sent him five emails!

2 **Bob** I've ³ _____ seen this film. I saw it at the cinema.

Jill Don't tell me what happens! I haven't seen it ⁴ _____!

3 **Jan** I've ⁵ _____ made some biscuits. Would you like one?

Li No, thanks. I'm not hungry. I've ⁶ _____ had lots to eat today.

6

3 Underline the correct word.

Example: I want to take Mum somewhere / anywhere / nowhere nice for her birthday.

1 She didn't do **nothing** / **something** / **anything** yesterday.

2 I knocked on the door but **somebody** / **nobody** / **anybody** answered.

3 We've bought you **something** / **somebody** / **somewhere** for Christmas.

4 I'm thirsty because I've had **something** / **nothing** / **anything** to drink.

5 Did you go **anywhere** / **nowhere** / **anything** nice at the weekend?

6 **Anyone** / **Someone** / **Something** left their wallet in the classroom.

6

Grammar total 20

File Test 4

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

4 Complete the shopping words in the sentences.

Example: These shoes don't fit. They're too small.

- You can try the dress on in the c _____ room.
- They went to the c _____ to pay for everything.
- You need your r _____ when you take something back to a shop.
- Ken hates going to shops, so he does all his shopping o _____.
- This colour doesn't s _____ me. It makes me look older.
- This jacket is too small. I need a bigger s _____.
- I love buying things on a _____ sites like eBay.

	7
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5 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: Sam never makes his bed in the morning.
does makes puts

- Elena is _____ a cookery course at the local college.
doing making going
- Paul _____ some mistakes in his homework.
did put made
- Lunch is nearly ready. Can you _____ the table, Pete?
make lay put
- Don't walk on the kitchen floor! I've just _____ it.
ironed made cleaned
- Jaime forgot to do the _____, so there aren't any clean cups.
washing washing up shopping
- Remember to _____ out the rubbish before you go to bed.
take make do
- Don't leave your clothes on the floor. _____ them up.
leave pick find

	7
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6 Choose from the pairs of adjectives to complete the sentences.

boring / bored exciting / excited interested / interesting relaxing / relaxed depressing / depressed tiring / tired

Example: I was very depressed yesterday because I failed my driving test.

- Walking around the museum was quite _____. I need a rest!
- The kids were _____. They had nothing to do.
- I'm not _____ in art. I prefer sport.
- The football match was really _____. Our team scored in the last minute.
- The lesson was really _____. We nearly fell asleep.
- I always feel _____ after swimming. It helps me forget all my stress.

	6
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Vocabulary total		20
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File Test 4

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Match the words with the same sound.

dust key jumper ~~lunch~~ nobody
said

Example: somebody lunch

- 1 changing _____
- 2 anything _____
- 3 proceed _____
- 4 account _____
- 5 clothes _____

	5
--	---

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: a|ssis|tant

- 1 cus|to|mer
- 2 re|ceipt
- 3 ru|bbish
- 4 house|work
- 5 a|ccount

	5
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Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 4
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read a student's review of a shopping event and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****My free shopping trip**

Have you ever been to a shop and bought a dress that was too small or some shoes that were too uncomfortable? I have. Have you ever bought clothes online and then never worn them? Yes, me too. In fact, although my wardrobe is full I usually wear the same trousers and jumpers every week. I think most of my friends have the same problem.

Now imagine a clothes store with no check out and no prices! Last weekend, I went to a store like that. It was a 'Clothes swap' at my college. Here's how it works. You bring clothes that are nearly new which you don't want any more. Then you swap with other people. I took twelve items to the 'Clothes swap'. When I arrived at about 9.30, it was already busy. One of the student organizers checked that my items were clean and nearly new. Then she gave me twelve labels – one label for each of my items – which I could swap for new clothes.

There were changing rooms and mirrors, so I tried on a few things. I wanted a blue party dress but there wasn't anything blue in my size. I decided not to look at the shoes at all. (I don't need more shoes!) Instead, I tried on a cute black skirt and smart white shirt. They were perfect. By lunchtime, I still had ten labels but it was time to go. Although I swapped just two items for my original twelve – I was happy.

The 'Clothes swap' was a lot of fun. My wardrobe and my bedroom are tidier. Swapping is also good for the planet because it is a kind of recycling. The clothes I brought home are not new, but they feel new to me. I think swap events are something that everyone can enjoy. Happy swapping – and don't go shopping!

Example: The writer never buys clothes that are the wrong size.

A True ☐ B False ☒ C Doesn't say ☐

- 1 The writer doesn't have many clothes.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 The items in the 'Clothes swap' were free.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 The 'Clothes swap' was in a shopping centre.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 The writer went to the event with her best friend.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 People at the event could try on the clothes.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 The writer found a blue party dress.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 Nobody wanted any of the writer's clothes.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 The writer chose ten items.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

File Test 4

Reading and Writing A

- 9 The writer stayed at the 'Clothes swap' for several hours.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 The writer's bedroom is tidier than before.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

	10
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2 Read the review again and answer the questions.

- What does the writer usually wear?

- What did the student organizer check when the writer arrived?

- What did the writer try on at the event?

- Why didn't the writer look at the shoes?

- Who does the writer think will enjoy clothes swapping?

	5
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Reading total		15
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WRITING

Write about a time you went clothes shopping with a friend. Answer the questions. (100–150 words)

- Which shop(s) did you go to?
- What did you need to buy?
- Did you try anything on? What?
- Was your friend helpful?
- Are you planning to go shopping with your friend again? Why/Why not?

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 4

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to Archie talking to his mum. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- 1 Mum is cleaning _____.
A the living room ☐ B the bathroom ☐ C Archie's bedroom ☐
- 2 Archie's room is _____.
A tidy ☐ B untidy ☐ C dirty ☐
- 3 Archie hasn't _____ yet.
A done his homework ☐ B put his school clothes away ☐ C got the Hoover ☐
- 4 Archie wants to tell mum _____.
A about his friend ☐ B a funny story ☐ C some exciting news ☐
- 5 Mum thinks that lunch will be _____.
A interesting ☐ B delicious ☐ C relaxing ☐

	5
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2 Listen to five conversations. What have the people just done? Match the conversations with the actions (A–G). There are two answers you don't need.

- Conversation 1 ☐
 Conversation 2 ☐
 Conversation 3 ☐
 Conversation 4 ☐
 Conversation 5 ☐

- A bought something online
 B made lunch
 C been to the supermarket
 D broken something
 E done the Hoovering
 F done English homework
 G tidied the kitchen

	5
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Listening total		10
-----------------	--	----

SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 Have you ever been shopping in a foreign city? What did you buy?
- 2 Have you ever tried a new sport? Which one did you try?
- 3 Have you ever been to an unusual birthday party? Why was it unusual?
- 4 Have you ever bought something you've never worn? What was it?
- 5 Have you ever forgotten to do your homework? What happened?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 4

Listening and Speaking A

2 Look at Clare's list of jobs for the day and answer your partner's questions.

Things to do today

take out rubbish ✓
 pick up wet towels ✕
 clear table ✓
 tidy living room ✕
 do ironing ✕

3 Has Tom done his jobs for the day? Make questions and ask your partner.

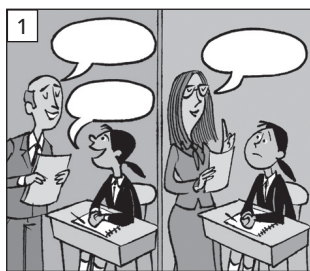
- tidy / bathroom?
- make / dinner?
- do / washing up?
- clean / floor?
- put away / clean clothes?

Speaking total		15
----------------	--	----

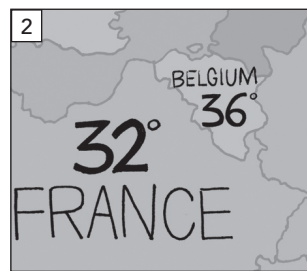
Listening and Speaking total		25
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5A GRAMMAR comparative adjectives and adverbs, as...as

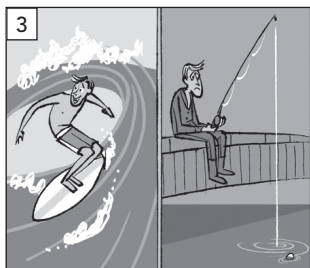
a Write sentences about the pictures using comparative adjectives and adverbs.



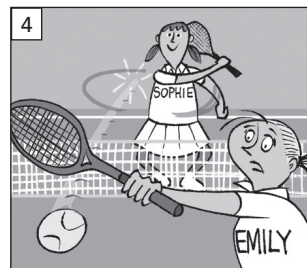
1 French / easy to learn / Russian
French is easier to learn than Russian.



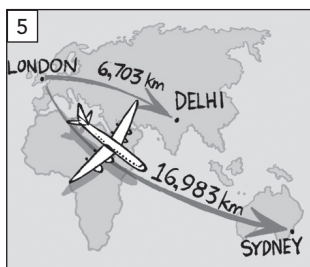
2 Belgium is / hot / France.



3 Surfing is / exciting / fishing



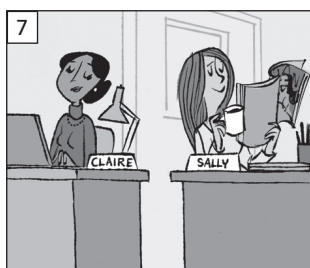
4 Sophie plays tennis / well / Emily



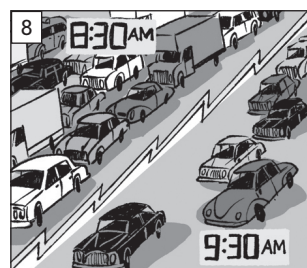
5 Sydney is / far from London / Delhi



6 Jason gets up / early / his wife



7 Claire works / hard / Sally



8 The traffic is / bad at 8.30 / at 9.30



9 Harry writes / quickly / Paul



10 Life in the city is / stressful / life in the country

b Rewrite the sentences from **a** using *not as...as*.

1 Russian isn't as easy as French.

6 Jason's wife _____.

2 France _____.

7 Sally _____.

3 Fishing _____.

8 The traffic at 9.30 _____.

4 Emily _____.

9 Paul _____.

5 Delhi _____.

10 Life in the country _____.

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the sentences and look at the pictures. For each picture, say a sentence with a comparative adjective or adverb from **a** and *not as...as* from **b**.

5A COMMUNICATIVE Which do you prefer? Why?

swimming in the sea OR swimming in a pool	a holiday with your family OR a holiday with friends
watching a film in your language OR watching a film with subtitles	watching a film at the cinema OR watching a film at home
texting OR messaging	watching sport OR doing sport
doing English homework OR doing housework	reading a traditional book OR reading a book on screen
eating in a restaurant OR eating at home	buying things in a shop OR buying things online
going on holiday in your country OR going on holiday abroad	listening to music with headphones OR listening to music without headphones
going clothes shopping alone OR going clothes shopping with another person	
studying during the day OR studying at night	

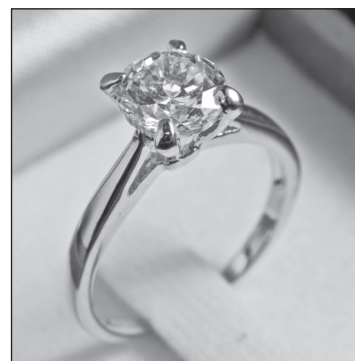
5B GRAMMAR superlatives (+ ever + present perfect)

a Write the opposite superlatives.

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| 1 the most unfriendly <u>the friendliest</u> | 7 the most crowded _____ |
| 2 the most expensive _____ | 8 the most hard working _____ |
| 3 the most exciting _____ | 9 the nearest _____ |
| 4 the most generous _____ | 10 the most difficult _____ |
| 5 the most patient _____ | 11 the most stressed _____ |
| 6 the loudest _____ | 12 the most unhealthy _____ |

b Write the questions using the superlative form of the adjective + ever + present perfect.

- 1 Who / generous person you / meet
Who's the most generous person you've ever met?
- 2 What / difficult language you / learn
_____?
- 3 What / good restaurant you / eat at
_____?
- 4 What / expensive thing you / buy
_____?
- 5 What / hard thing you / learn to do
_____?
- 6 What / long journey you / make
_____?
- 7 What / interesting historic building you / visit
_____?
- 8 What / beautiful place you / be to
_____?
- 9 What / exciting film you / see
_____?
- 10 What / far you / run
_____?
- 11 What / cold place you / be to
_____?
- 12 What / important exam you / take
_____?



ACTIVATION

Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions in b.

5C GRAMMAR quantifiers, too, (not) enough

Choose the correct word or phrase for each sentence. Circle the correct form.



- 1 Jackie spends **too many** / **too much** money on shoes.
- 2 A good diet can prevent **lot of** / **a lot of** illnesses.
- 3 'How was the job interview?' 'It was OK. I wasn't **too** / **enough** nervous.'
- 4 I think I have **enough money** / **money enough** to pay for this.
- 5 How **much** / **many** fruit do you eat?
- 6 Can you help me? This case is **too** / **too much** heavy.
- 7 Could I have **a little** / **a few** milk, please?
- 8 I'm going away on holiday for **a few** / **a little** days next week.
- 9 You don't do **many** / **much** exercise. Why don't you come jogging with me?
- 10 I can't teach children. I'm not **patient enough** / **enough patient**.
- 11 **Too much** / **Too many** chocolate isn't good for you.
- 12 How **many** / **much** hours do you work a day?
- 13 I spend **too much** / **too many** time at the computer.
- 14 I couldn't finish the report because I didn't have **time enough** / **enough time**.
- 15 I have **too many** / **too much** clothes. I can never decide what to wear.
- 16 We're going to buy **a little** / **a few** things for our new flat today.
- 17 Are you **enough well** / **well enough** to go to work today?
- 18 I'm going to have **very little** / **very few** free time this weekend.
- 19 My husband does **a few** / **a little** housework every day.
- 20 We buy **too many** / **too much** vegetables. We never eat them all!

ACTIVATION

Look at the sentences and say if they are true for you. Compare with a partner.

I watch too much TV.

I spend too much time on social media.

I don't drink enough water.

I have too many clothes.

I don't do enough exercise.

I drink too much caffeine.

I'm not organized enough.

I don't eat enough fruit and vegetables.

Yes, I watch too much TV.) (How many hours a day?

Maybe an hour. What about you?) (I don't watch much TV.

Quick Test 5**GRAMMAR****Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.**

Example: My friend runs _____ than me.

A fast ☐ B faster ✓ C more fast ☐

- 1 I'm not very hungry, so I don't want to eat _____ food.
A too much ☐ B too many ☐ C too ☐
- 2 Do you play the piano as _____ as your brother?
A best ☐ B better ☐ C well ☐
- 3 My new teacher isn't _____ nice as my old one.
A more ☐ B as ☐ C the ☐
- 4 It's the _____ city in the world.
A crowded ☐ B most crowded ☐ C more crowded ☐
- 5 You're _____ at work than I am.
A busy ☐ B busier ☐ C more busy ☐
- 6 He plays _____ football.
A lot ☐ B a lot ☐ C a lot of ☐
- 7 This is the _____ holiday we've ever had!
A worse ☐ B bad ☐ C worst ☐
- 8 My parents drive _____ than I do.
A more slowly ☐ B more slow ☐ C more slower ☐
- 9 We don't enjoy swimming in the lake. It's _____ cold.
A too much ☐ B a few ☐ C too ☐
- 10 Paris is _____ exciting city I've been to.
A most ☐ B the most ☐ C more ☐
- 11 He's speaking _____ quietly for me to hear him.
A so ☐ B too ☐ C enough ☐
- 12 A How much butter is there in the fridge?
B Only a _____.
A little ☐ B few ☐ C none ☐
- 13 This car isn't _____. We need a larger one.
A enough big ☐ B big enough ☐ C too big ☐
- 14 This TV is _____ expensive than that one.
A more ☐ B most ☐ C the most ☐
- 15 I need to go to the gym. I don't _____ exercise.
A do enough ☐ B too much do ☐ C enough do ☐
- 16 There are too _____ cars on this road. There's nowhere to park.
A much ☐ B many ☐ C enough ☐
- 17 Your flat is smaller _____ mine.
A than ☐ B then ☐ C as ☐
- 18 Louisa is _____ person I know.
A the friendlier ☐ B more friendly ☐ C the friendliest ☐
- 19 There was too _____ noise in the restaurant.
A much of ☐ B many ☐ C much ☐
- 20 It was the best meal we've _____ had.
A ever ☐ B just ☐ C never ☐

Quick Test 5**VOCABULARY****a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences about towns and cities.**

Example: We live on the _____. I love being by the sea.

A south ☐ B river ☐ C coast ✓

- 1 This city has a _____ of around 250,000.
A population ☐ B people ☐ C tourists ☐
- 2 The market was too _____ so we found a place with fewer people.
A empty ☐ B modern ☐ C crowded ☐
- 3 That part of town is _____. These streets are safer.
A empty ☐ B dangerous ☐ C noisy ☐
- 4 Rome has some amazing _____ buildings.
A history ☐ B historic ☐ C interest ☐
- 5 You can buy anything at the _____ in the town centre.
A cathedral ☐ B palace ☐ C department store ☐
- 6 This city is too _____. We're going to move to a cleaner place.
A dangerous ☐ B polluted ☐ C populated ☐

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the correct health and body word.

Example: Drinking alcohol is bad for your _____.

A bones ☐ B liver ✓ C teeth ☐

- 7 Doctors give good _____ and we need to listen to them.
A health ☐ B advice ☐ C effects ☐
- 8 Kwame is worried about his _____ pressure.
A blood ☐ B heart ☐ C bones ☐
- 9 Fizzy drinks, like Coke, can damage your _____.
A heart ☐ B muscles ☐ C teeth ☐
- 10 A better diet can reduce your risk of heart and liver _____.
A disease ☐ B attack ☐ C problem ☐
- 11 Jorgen wants bigger _____, so he's going to the gym more often.
A heart ☐ B muscles ☐ C blood ☐
- 12 Your _____ moves blood around your body.
A liver ☐ B muscles ☐ C heart ☐
- 13 Medical _____ tells us what is good and bad for our health.
A research ☐ B drug ☐ C memory ☐
- 14 Nisha has an excellent _____ memory so she is very good at spelling tests.
A middle-aged ☐ B full-fat ☐ C short-term ☐
- 15 Drinking milk helps young children have strong _____.
A heart ☐ B memory ☐ C bones ☐

Quick Test 5

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to choose the correct number.

Example: my journey to work

A 25 minutes ✓ B 65% ☐ C 25th April ☐

16 my test score

A 1,650,000 ☐ B £5 ☐ C 86% ☐

17 price of a coffee

A 3.5 miles ☐ B £2.95 ☐ C 3 minutes ☐

18 my birthday

A 30th July ☐ B 30.2 ☐ C 1/2 ☐

19 number of people in my town

A 3/4 ☐ B 12.55 ☐ C 345,000 ☐

20 people in my class who have a brother

A 8 ☐ B 2nd February ☐ C 1 million ☐

	20
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PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A can ☐ B attack ☐ C water ✓

1 A series ☐ B faster ☐ C doctor ☐

2 A none ☐ B reduce ☐ C muscles ☐

3 A diet ☐ B lifestyle ☐ C little ☐

4 A enough ☐ B thought ☐ C hurry ☐

5 A few ☐ B choose ☐ C good ☐

b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A activities ☐ B activities ✓ C activities ☐

6 A beautiful ☐ B beautiful ☐ C beautiful ☐

7 A statistics ☐ B statistics ☐ C statistics ☐

8 A unhealthy ☐ B unhealthy ☐ C unhealthy ☐

9 A population ☐ B population ☐ C population ☐

10 A impatient ☐ B impatient ☐ C impatient ☐

	10
--	----

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	
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	50
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File Test 5

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Underline the correct word(s).

Example: I'm **much** / **little** / **too** tired to go out.

- Do your children eat a **little** / **lot of** / **many** sweets?
- There's too **much** / **few** / **many** salt in this soup.
- He usually has a **few** / **little** / **enough** sugar in his coffee.
- We have **too many** / **too** / **too much** money. We can't spend it!
- Can I have **much** / **many** / **a few** of your chips?
- These shoes aren't big **too** / **enough** / **very**.

	6
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2 Complete the sentences with the correct word or phrase.

Example: Michel is more generous than Andreas.

the more generous more generous as generous

- Naomi works _____ David. David has too many breaks!
as hard as more hard than harder than
- My shoes were _____ than yours. I got mine in the sale.
lesser less expensive as expensive
- This test isn't _____ difficult as last week's test.
as more too
- I drive _____ than my father.
more care more carefully as carefully
- Our office is _____ this month than it was last month.
busier more busy the busiest
- Jack dances _____ than Francis.
not as bad less bad worse
- My team didn't play _____ your team last night.
well than as well as so good than

	7
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3 Write the superlative form of the adjective in brackets.

Example: Yesterday was the hottest (hot) day of the year.

- Who's _____ (good) teacher you've ever had?
- Alan's _____ (friendly) boy I know. He talks to everybody!
- Is Russia _____ (big) country in the world?
- This is _____ (exciting) game I've ever played. I can't stop playing it!
- _____ (far) we've ever been is Hong Kong.
- It was _____ (bad) film I've ever seen. It was terrible!
- They stayed at _____ (expensive) hotel in town.

	7
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Grammar total		20
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File Test 5

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

4 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: At Christmas the streets are crowded with shoppers. It's difficult to move.

boring crowded quiet

- 1 Istanbul is an old city with lots of _____ buildings.
modern interesting noisy
- 2 There's a _____ of a famous person outside the town hall.
statue mosque cathedral
- 3 I usually buy fruit at the _____ because it's cheaper.
palace church market
- 4 This is the _____ where the king or queen lives.
temple town hall palace
- 5 My town has a _____ of around 150,000.
department store population coast
- 6 Hull is a big city _____ the river Humber.
on in over
- 7 There's a lot of traffic in Mumbai, so it's very _____.
clean safe polluted
- 8 Not many people go to the beach in winter. It's usually completely _____.
empty crowded noisy

8

5 Match 1–6 with a–f.

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| 1 my house number <u>b</u> | a about 45 minutes |
| 2 cups of tea I drink every day ____ | b 18 |
| 3 average time for my lunch break at work ____ | c 0.5 |
| 4 percentage of overweight adults in the UK ____ | d 26th August |
| 5 date of my holiday ____ | e at least 4 |
| 6 another way of writing half ____ | f over 50% |

5

6 Underline the correct word.

Example: He's putting on weight / diet / illness because he eats a lot of sweets.

- 1 Sunbathing makes your **bones** / skin / feet change colour.
- 2 It is a good idea to brush your **teeth** / eyes / fingers for two minutes, twice a day.
- 3 Eating food that is high in fat can **make** / cause / add to heart disease.
- 4 I have an **active** / anxious / lazy lifestyle. I run every day.
- 5 It's not a good idea to eat a lot of **quick** / slow / fast food.
- 6 She doesn't have a **healthy** / bad / thin diet. She eats lots of cakes.
- 7 Drinking black tea **suggests** / contradicts / reduces stress.

7

Vocabulary total	20
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File Test 5

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Underline the word which does not contain the sound at the beginning of the line.

Example: /əʊ/ most phone modern know

- 1 /ʌ/ up money much polluted
- 2 /k/ castle cathedral cinema mosque
- 3 /ə/ reporter terrible dangerous bigger
- 4 /e/ egg museum empty health
- 5 /uː/ fruit food statue good

	5
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8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: im|pa|tient

- 1 ex|ci|ting
- 2 ca|the|dral
- 3 pa|lace
- 4 in|te|res|ting
- 5 ro|man|tic

	5
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Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 5
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****New gym, new you**

We asked three people to tell us about their gyms. Which one is right for you?

Analise, Clean Gym

Do you find rubbish annoying? Two years ago, 250 new homes were built in my town. The rents went down but the mess and dirt went up. I was irritated. I was frustrated. So I decided to start the Clean Gym. We walk around the parks, children's play areas and quiet roads and we collect rubbish. It's a great way to meet new people and make a positive change to our town. And, yes, it is exercise, too. In each Clean Gym Clean Up we walk around five miles. And it's free! Visit our Facebook page to find out more.

Marlon, Busy Body Gym

Busy Body Gym helps people to get fit faster. I am a good example of this. Last year I changed jobs. My journey to work changed from 2 hours to just 40 minutes. Finally, I had some free time ... but not much. Could Busy Body Gym help? Yes, because in the early mornings and evenings they have lots of different short classes. Each class is just 30 minutes. The aim is to work really hard and fast. So far, I've tried cycling, boxing and karate. Check out their class list on Facebook. Classes can be crowded so it's a good idea to book before you arrive. One short session is £12 but it's worth it. I got fit faster with Busy Body Gym!

Vivek, Workout Outside

Five years ago, I had a heart attack while I was at work. I ate too much fast food and I did no exercise at all. I knew I had to change my life. That's when I heard about Workout Outside. The idea is to use the natural environment, such as a park or a forest, as your gym. I meet my trainer twice a week in my local park – his name is Connor. We use the trees and park benches as our gym equipment. Each session is £10 and there are no other people – just you and the trainer. Workout Outside has changed the way I feel about exercise and about myself.

Example: Analise's town is bigger than it was before.

A True ✓ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 1 The rents in Analise's town are higher than they were five years ago.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 Children are welcome at Clean Gym.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 At Clean Gym the exercise is walking.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 Morning classes at Busy Body Gym are more crowded than evening classes.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 Busy Body Gym has a Facebook page.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

File Test 5

Reading and Writing A

- 6 Marlon is fitter than he was before.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 Clean Gym is cheaper than Busy Body Gym.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 Vivek exercises once a week with Workout Outside.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 Vivek exercises with lots of other people.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

	9
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2 Write A for Analise, M for Marlon, or V for Vivek.

Example: I have more free time than I did before. M

- 1 I started the gym myself. _____
- 2 I was very ill a few years ago. _____
- 3 We use trees and park benches. _____
- 4 It's a good idea to book your class. _____
- 5 You'll work really hard and fast. _____
- 6 My town is cheaper to live in than five years ago. _____

	6
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Reading total		15
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WRITING

**Write a short article about your lifestyle. Answer these questions.
(100–150 words)**

- Do you have a healthy lifestyle? Why (not)?
- Do you do enough sport / exercise? What do you do?
- Do you eat enough healthy food? What do you eat?
- Do you work too much / study too hard? How many hours a day do you spend working / studying?

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 5

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to the conversation in a café. Tick (✓) A or B.

- 1 The man drinks less coffee than the woman.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 2 The man drinks too much coffee.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 3 The woman thinks one litre of water is the right amount.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 4 The man contradicts the woman about medical advice.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 5 The woman finishes work later than the man.
A True ☐ B False ☐

	5
--	---

2 Listen to five conversations. Which city do the people choose? Circle the correct city for each conversation.

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| Conversation 1: the most exciting | Mumbai / Mexico City |
| Conversation 2: the cleanest public transport | Hong Kong / Seoul |
| Conversation 3: the best fish restaurants | Venice / Paris |
| Conversation 4: the friendliest people | Rome / Cuzco |
| Conversation 5: the best value for money | Istanbul / Santiago |

	5
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Listening total		10
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SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 Where do you live? What's it like to live there?
- 2 What's the most interesting place you've ever visited? Why?
- 3 What's the best café / restaurant you've been to in this country?
- 4 What's the best film you've seen recently?
- 5 Who's the friendliest person you know?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 5

Listening and Speaking A

2 Read the information about Harry's town and answer your partner's questions.

Name of town: Crawley
 Location: in West Sussex, in south-east England, very near Gatwick airport
 Population: about 100,000
 Description: modern, busy
 Things to see and do: picnic / walk in Tilgate Park, a lot of shops, Crawley Town Football Club matches

3 Now make questions and ask your partner about Sara's town.

- what / name?
- where / it?
- how many people?
- what / like?
- what / see and do?

Speaking total		15
----------------	--	----

Listening and Speaking total		25
------------------------------	--	----

6A GRAMMAR will / won't (predictions)

- Read sentences 1–12 and match them to predictions a–l. Complete the predictions with *will* / *won't*. Use the verbs in brackets.

1 'The meeting starts at 2.30.' ☒ **b**

2 'John is going to see a film in French tonight.' ☐

3 'There's a new drinks machine in the office.' ☐

4 'The teacher isn't going to be here today.' ☐

5 'My brother's going to sell his car.' ☐

6 'I've started going swimming every day.' ☐

7 'Esther's going to buy another phone.' ☐

8 'My daughter has a degree in IT.' ☐

9 'My new coat was really expensive!' ☐

10 'I don't believe it. I've broken my brother's laptop.' ☐

11 'I'm taking my driving test tomorrow.' ☐

12 'We're going to Brazil next month.' ☐

a 'He _____ much money for it. It's very old.' (not get)

b 'Yes, and I'm sure it will be really boring!' (be)

c 'Don't worry. You _____ easily.' (pass)

d 'Yes, but you _____ it a lot.' (wear)

e 'That's good. You _____ much healthier.' (feel)

f 'Oh no. He _____ really angry.' (be)

g 'The coffee _____ very good.' (not be)

h 'He _____ anything!' (not understand)

i 'Great! We _____ the exam!' (not have)

j 'Lucky you! You _____ the people and the scenery.' (love)

k 'She _____ it, just like the other two.' (lose)

l 'She _____ a good job, I'm sure.' (get)

ACTIVATION

Work with a partner. **A** read sentences 1–12. **B** read the predictions. Then swap roles.

6A VOCABULARY Opposite verbs

- In each sentence, change the verb in **bold** to the opposite verb in the same form. Write in the **OPPOSITE** column.



	OPPOSITE
1 Have you ever borrowed money from a friend?	_____
2 I passed my final exams last week.	_____
3 Do you think Liverpool are going to win the match?	_____
4 You need to push the door to open it.	_____
5 Emma always remembers people's names.	_____
6 I sent an email to my sister yesterday.	_____
7 What time does the plane leave ?	_____
8 The concert starts at 9.00 p.m.	_____
9 This summer I'm going to learn French in Paris.	_____
10 eBay's a good website if you want to buy something.	_____
11 Turn off your computer!	_____
12 I found my car keys in the garden.	_____
13 Maria's very good at breaking things.	_____
14 Do you think I'll catch the five o'clock train if I leave now?	_____
15 I'll pick Tom up at the airport at six o'clock.	_____
16 This video is taking ages to download .	_____

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the sentences and look at the **OPPOSITE** column. How many verbs can you remember from the sentences?

6B GRAMMAR *will / won't / shall* (other uses)

Complete the conversations with *will / won't* or *shall* and the correct verb from the list.

ask be call have help make ~~not be~~ not forget not happen take turn on think

- 1 A What would you like for dinner tonight?
B Sorry, I won't be home for dinner.
I'm working late.
- 2 A It's hot in here.
B _____ I _____ the air conditioning?
- 3 A Please can you post this letter for me today? It's very important.
B Don't worry, I _____.
- 4 A Oh, hello, Nina. I can't talk now.
I'm at work.
B No problem. I _____ you back this evening.
- 5 A So, a mineral water and an egg sandwich. Anything else?
B Yes, I _____ a packet of crisps, please.
- 6 A The coffee machine you bought doesn't work.
B I _____ it back tomorrow. They can change it.
- 7 A Please don't go!
B Don't worry. I _____ back soon.
- 8 A I'm going to paint my flat at the weekend.
B I _____ you if you like.
- 9 A You're 15 minutes late!
B I'm very sorry. It _____ again.
- 10 A What are your plans for the summer?
B I'm going to travel around Italy. Why don't you come with me?
A Maybe! I _____ about it.
- 11 A I'm nervous about the test tomorrow.
B Don't worry. Give me the book, and I _____ you some of the questions.
- 12 A I've had a terrible day at work today.
B Sit down, and I _____ you a cup of tea.



ACTIVATION

Practise the conversations with a partner.

6B COMMUNICATIVE Guess my sentence

Student A

- 1 I like these shoes. I think I _____ them.
- 2 **I'll pick you up at eight o'clock. Shall I call you before I leave home?**
- 3 Please don't worry, Mum. I _____ you when I get to Paris.
- 4 **Your suitcase looks really heavy. Shall I carry it?**
- 5 I _____ you the money for Maria's present tomorrow.
- 6 **I'll help you with your English homework. I can see you're having problems.**
- 7 It's really hot in here. _____ I _____ the air conditioning?
- 8 **There's somebody at the door. I'll go and see who it is.**
- 9 I _____ for lunch today. You paid last time.
- 10 **Don't worry! I'll remember to phone the bank tomorrow. I have a good memory.**
- 11 The phone's ringing. _____ I _____ it?
- 12 **Have you forgotten your book? Don't worry. I'll lend you mine.**
- 13 I need to go now. I _____ you tomorrow.
- 14 **You do the cooking and I'll do the washing-up.**

Student B

- 1 **I like these shoes. I think I'll buy them.**
- 2 I'll pick you up at eight o'clock. _____ I _____ you before I leave home?
- 3 **Please don't worry, Mum. I'll text you when I get to Paris.**
- 4 Your suitcase looks really heavy. _____ I _____ it?
- 5 **I'll give you the money for Maria's present tomorrow.**
- 6 I _____ you with your English homework. I can see you're having problems.
- 7 **It's really hot in here. Shall I turn on the air conditioning?**
- 8 There's somebody at the door. I _____ and see who it is.
- 9 **I'll pay for lunch today. You paid last time.**
- 10 Don't worry! I _____ to phone the bank tomorrow. I have a good memory.
- 11 **The phone's ringing. Shall I answer it?**
- 12 Have you forgotten your book? Don't worry. I _____ you mine.
- 13 **I need to go now. I'll see you tomorrow.**
- 14 You do the cooking and I _____ the washing-up.

6C GRAMMAR review of verb forms: present, past, and future

Complete the conversations with the correct form of the verbs in brackets: present simple, present continuous, past simple, past continuous, present perfect, *be going to* + infinitive, *will* / *won't* + infinitive.

- 1 A Does your sister sometimes get (get) angry with you?
B Only if I take her clothes without asking.
- 2 A Can I speak to Anna, please?
B Sorry, she _____ (not work) on Wednesdays.
A OK, thanks. I _____ (call) back tomorrow then.
- 3 A I _____ (not make) anything for dinner yet.
B That's OK. I'm not very hungry.
- 4 A Have you decided what to do with your car?
B Yes. I _____ (sell) it next month.
- 5 A How _____ you _____ (get) home last night?
B I _____ (get) a taxi.
- 6 A Oh dear, I'm not very good at filling in forms.
B Don't worry. I _____ (help) you.
- 7 A Did you hear about the election result?
B Yes, I heard it on the news when I _____ (drive) home.
- 8 A Soft drinks aren't very good for you, you know.
B Well, I _____ (not drink) very many – just one or two cans a day.
- 9 A _____ you ever _____ (speak) to your mother about the problem?
B Yes, I have. But that was a long time ago.
- 10 A I _____ (come) to see you last night, but you _____ (not be) at home.
B No, I _____ (have) dinner at my parents' house.
- 11 A I'm a bit nervous about the injection, Doctor.
B Don't worry. It _____ (not hurt).
- 12 A Hi, can you talk now?
B Sure, I _____ (not work) at the moment.
- 13 A You look happy!
B I am. They _____ just _____ (offer) me the job in Paris.
- 14 A What _____ you _____ (do) tomorrow evening?
B Nothing. Why?
A _____ you _____ (want) to see a film?
- 15 A Wow! This is a great photo. Where _____ you _____ (take) it?
B When I _____ (walk) in the Himalayas.

20

16–20 Excellent. You can use the past, present, and future very well.

11–15 Quite good, but check the rules in the Grammar Bank (Student's Book p.136) and look at the exercise again.

1–10 This is difficult for you. Read the rules in the Grammar Bank (Student's Book p.136). Then ask your teacher for another photocopy and do the exercise again at home.



Quick Test 6**GRAMMAR****TICK (✓) A, B, OR C TO COMPLETE THE SENTENCES.**

Example: Ekaterina isn't _____ for dinner.

A to stay ☐ B going to stay ☒ C will stay ☐

- 1 I _____ in the evening. I'm too tired.
A never study ☐ B am never studying ☐ C study never ☐
- 2 I'll _____ my homework before dinner, I promise.
A do ☐ B doing ☐ C to do ☐
- 3 Do you think _____ to the party?
A they will coming ☐ B they come ☐ C they'll come ☐
- 4 **A** It's very warm in here.
B Yes. _____ the window.
A I'll open ☐ B I'm opening ☐ C I open ☐
- 5 Cheer up. I'm sure you _____ your exams.
A don't fail ☐ B won't fail ☐ C won't to fail ☐
- 6 _____ I phone the restaurant and book a table?
A Will ☐ B Won't ☐ C Shall ☐
- 7 Jorge fell over at salsa class, when he _____.
A danced ☐ B was dancing ☐ C am dancing ☐
- 8 What _____ for your next summer holiday?
A you will do ☐ B are you going to do ☐ C do you do ☐
- 9 They haven't studied enough. They _____ pass the exam.
A won't ☐ B will ☐ C am to ☐
- 10 I _____ think she'll like this film. She prefers romantic stories.
A won't ☐ B am not ☐ C don't ☐
- 11 What _____ you doing when I called last night?
A were ☐ B did ☐ C are ☐
- 12 He's very lazy. He _____ any homework this weekend.
A doesn't do ☐ B isn't do ☐ C hasn't done ☐
- 13 _____ we going by train or by bus?
A Do ☐ B Will ☐ C Are ☐
- 14 _____ we help you with the washing up?
A Will ☐ B Shall ☐ C Are ☐
- 15 My cat _____ like milk. It only drinks water.
A does ☐ B doesn't ☐ C didn't ☐
- 16 **A** _____ to Australia?
B Yes, in 2012.
A Went you ever ☐ B Do you ever go ☐ C Have you ever been ☐
- 17 What time _____ you get up this morning?
A did ☐ B do ☐ C were ☐
- 18 **A** These books are really heavy!
B I _____ you carry them, if you like.
A 'm helping ☐ B 'm going to help ☐ C 'll help ☐
- 19 I _____ the answer to your question.
A don't know ☐ B 'm not knowing ☐ C haven't known ☐
- 20 **A** Do you think it'll rain this afternoon?
B Probably _____.
A don't ☐ B not ☐ C won't ☐

Quick Test 6**VOCABULARY****a Tick (✓) the opposite of the verb, A, B or C.**

Example: pass (an exam)

A fail ✓ B take ☐ C do ☐

- 1 teach (Thai)
A learn ☐ B read ☐ C do ☐
- 2 buy (a house)
A leave ☐ B sell ☐ C get ☐
- 3 forget (to pay)
A learn ☐ B fail ☐ C remember ☐
- 4 get (an email)
A send ☐ B receive ☐ C turn off ☐
- 5 leave (at six)
A miss ☐ B arrive ☐ C catch ☐
- 6 borrow (money)
A lend ☐ B give ☐ C lose ☐
- 7 pull (the door)
A open ☐ B push ☐ C leave ☐
- 8 catch (the bus)
A lose ☐ B miss ☐ C leave ☐
- 9 win (a match)
A lose ☐ B fail ☐ C pass ☐
- 10 find (your glasses)
A fail ☐ B miss ☐ C lose ☐

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: A I can't come out, because I'm going away for a few days.

B Okay. Let's go out when you _____ back.

A ring ☐ B come ✓ C go ☐

- 11 A I'm really cold. Can I borrow a sweater?
B Of course. Just _____ it back next time I see you.
A lend ☐ B take ☐ C give ☐
- 12 Sam's out at the moment, but I'll ask him to _____ you back later.
A answer ☐ B call ☐ C send ☐
- 13 This camera doesn't work! I'm _____ it back to the shop.
A taking ☐ B bringing ☐ C carrying ☐
- 14 I can lend you £20, but please _____ me back this weekend.
A spend ☐ B borrow ☐ C pay ☐
- 15 Has Imani _____ those yellow trousers back yet? Maya says she'll have them.
A come ☐ B sent ☐ C paid ☐

Quick Test 6

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: Ashley sings _____ well, but not as well as you.

A quite ✓ B not very ☐ C a bit ☐

16 What an amazing programme! It was _____ interesting.

A real ☐ B incredible ☐ C incredibly ☐

17 Alberto's bike is _____ than Ulrich's bike.

A quite fast ☐ B a bit faster ☐ C very fast ☐

18 This film is _____ exciting. I'm bored.

A not very ☐ B not quite ☐ C not all ☐

19 That is a _____ expensive painting. Please stand back.

A reality ☐ B really ☐ C unreal ☐

20 I can't run _____, but it's good exercise.

A incredibly ☐ B a bit fast ☐ C very fast ☐

	20
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PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A learn ☐ B breakfast ✓ C early ☐

1 A fear ☐ B clear ☐ C jeans ☐

2 A wear ☐ B break ☐ C steak ☐

3 A speak ☐ B teacher ☐ C sweater ☐

4 A weather ☐ B near ☐ C ready ☐

5 A great ☐ B mean ☐ C meat ☐

b Which verb has the same stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: agree

A decide ✓ B promise ☐ C marry ☐

6 complain

A depend ☐ B happen ☐ C offer ☐

7 repair

A order ☐ B prevent ☐ C answer ☐

8 borrow

A invite ☐ B prefer ☐ C practise ☐

9 tidy

A repair ☐ B forget ☐ C offer ☐

10 promise

A happen ☐ B arrive ☐ C receive ☐

	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	50
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File Test 6

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Write predictions or questions about the future with *will* / *won't*.

Example: you / think / it / snow tonight ?

Do you think it will snow tonight?

1 we / miss / the bus ?

2 there / be / heavy rain this evening

3 she / not pass / the exam

4 I / sure / I / not enjoy / Rebecca's party

5 what time / Harriet and Stan / arrive ?

6 I / not think / we / find / anywhere to park

6

2 Complete the sentences with *will* / *'ll*, *won't*, or *shall* and a verb.

not drive not forget go have ~~help~~
make open

Example: 'I can't do this exercise.' 'Don't worry I 'll help you.'

1 I _____ you a cup of coffee?

2 We _____ to Glasgow; we'll take the bus.

3 'It's hot in here.' 'I _____ the window.'

4 I'll ring you tomorrow – I _____!

5 'How will you get to Lyon?' 'I _____ by train.'

6 _____ we _____ some juice with our sandwiches?

6

3 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: Patrick is having (have) a French lesson right now.

1 _____ Neil ever _____ (go) abroad?

2 Luciana's not here today. She _____ (not work) on Mondays.

3 I promise I _____ (not be) late.

4 We aren't hungry. We _____ just _____ (have) lunch.

5 Henrik _____ (look) for a job when he finishes university.

6 I _____ (see) the dentist tomorrow morning – I've got an appointment.

7 He's tired! He _____ (not sleep) well last night.

8 Where _____ you _____ (going) when I saw you yesterday?

8

Grammar total 20

File Test 6

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

4 Write the opposite.

Example: win a match lose a match

- 1 lose a key _____
- 2 buy a car _____
- 3 forget a name _____
- 4 start work _____
- 5 pass an exam _____
- 6 miss the train _____
- 7 learn English _____
- 8 get a postcard _____

	8
--	---

5 Complete the sentences with the correct verb.

go come give pay send call take

Example: I'll come back here after the meeting.

- 1 I'm going to _____ this skirt back to the shop. I don't like it.
- 2 Please lend me the money. I'll _____ you back tomorrow.
- 3 Give me your phone number and I'll _____ you back in half an hour.
- 4 That's my dictionary. _____ it back to me.
- 5 Lunch was lovely, but now it's time to _____ back to work.
- 6 I don't like this bag I bought on the internet. I'm going to _____ it back.

	6
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6 Underline the correct word(s).

Example: He speaks very fast. It's **bit** / **very** hard to understand him.

- 1 Taking good photographs is **quite** / **not very** difficult. You need a lot of skill.
- 2 Of course I can cook – it's **not very** / **really** easy. Anyone can do it.
- 3 The test was **a bit** / **not very** difficult. I didn't answer all the questions.
- 4 Translation apps are **not very** / **incredibly** useful. I use them all the time.
- 5 Colette's **really** / **a bit** nice. She helps anyone who has a problem.
- 6 He's **not very** / **a bit** worried about his driving test. He's had a lot of practice.

	6
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Vocabulary total		20
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File Test 6

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Match the words with the same sound.

idea	beach	sweater	theatre
breakfast	easy		

- 1 already breakfast _____
- 2 dream _____
- 3 hear _____

	5
--	---

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: de|cide

- 1 prac|tise
- 2 pre|fer
- 3 pro|mise
- 4 ha|ppen
- 5 com|plain

	5
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Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 6
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article on positive thinking and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****How to be an optimist**

Do you think positively? I hope so, because if you do, you'll be more successful in your job. Optimists can see new opportunities and can respond well to stressful situations. Or are you a negative thinker? I hope not. Studies show that pessimists have fewer friends and take longer to get better when they're ill. But there is good news. It is possible to change how we think. We asked three people for their tips on how to be an optimist.

Amy: Write a positivity diary

We often remember the bad things that happen but we forget the positive things. Write down five positive things every day in a special diary. These can be small things such as 'A woman on the bus had bright red socks' or bigger things like 'I finished all my work today'. At first, it can be hard to think of five things. But if you do it every day, I promise it will get easier. You can read the diary when you are feeling sad or depressed, and that will make you feel more positive. My diary has helped me to be more positive about my life and about the world around me.

Pol: Try a 'digital detox'

Do you lie in bed at night thinking 'I'll never get a promotion' or 'I won't pass my English exam'? Try a 'digital detox'. Avoid screens for one hour before you go to bed. You can listen to music or read a book, but you cannot go online or use social media. You also need to make sure can't see any screens in your bedroom at night – even your phone. Now my busy brain is 'turned off' before bed time. I sleep better and that means I work better during the day. As a result, I have less to worry about and I feel more positive.

Manos: Positive speaking

If you use positive language when you speak, you will think more positively. For example, don't say 'Our holiday was a disaster'. Say 'Next holiday, we're going to do things differently'. Don't say 'I know I'll fail my exam'. Say 'I'll try my best'. You can also give positive feelings as a gift to other people by saying nice things: 'You look nice today.' 'Well done, that's a great grade.' I use positive speaking all the time at university, and also when I feel nervous, for example at parties and when I meet new people. Try it – it works! Making other people feel good will cheer you up too.

Example: According to the article, optimists do better at work.

A True ✓ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

According to the article ...

1 ... optimists do well in stressful situations.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 ... pessimists have as many friends as optimists.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

File Test 6

Reading and Writing A

- 3 ... only important things go in a positivity diary.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 ... writing a positivity diary gets easier if you practise.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 ... Amy puts pictures and tickets in her diary.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 ... you should never use social media in your bedroom.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 ... Pol leaves his phone in the kitchen at night.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 ... a digital detox will help you at work.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 ... positive speaking changes the way you think.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 ... you can give positive feelings to other people.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

	10
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2 Read the article again and answer the questions.

- 1 What sort of things do we often remember?

- 2 When should you read a positivity diary?

- 3 How long is a digital detox?

- 4 What should you say if you're worried about an exam?

- 5 When does Manos use positive speaking?

	5
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Reading total		15
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File Test 6

Reading and Writing A

WRITING

Your friend is feeling sad and depressed because she has an exam next week and she thinks she will fail. Write her an email, giving some tips to make her feel more positive (100–150 words). Include the following information.

Paragraph one

Explain the reason for your email.

Paragraph two

Give her some tips to keep positive – ideas for things to do / not to do and why;
give examples of things to say / not to say and why.

Paragraph three

Tell her when you'll come and visit to cheer her up.

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 6

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to Tanis talking to a psychoanalyst about a dream. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- 1 Tanis is at a _____.
A car park ☐ B bus stop ☐ C train station ☐
- 2 She doesn't have a _____.
A coat ☐ B bag ☐ C ticket ☐
- 3 She begins travelling _____.
A very fast ☐ B at night ☐ C with no lights ☐
- 4 She sees _____.
A birds ☐ B horses ☐ C children ☐
- 5 The analyst says the dream is about _____.
A life ☐ B work ☐ C love ☐

	5
--	---

2 Listen to five conversations. What promises do the people make? Match the conversations with the promises (A–G). There are two answers you don't need.

- Conversation 1 ☐
 Conversation 2 ☐
 Conversation 3 ☐
 Conversation 4 ☐
 Conversation 5 ☐

- A remember a time and place
 B call a friend back
 C invite someone to a party
 D help someone repair a bike
 E practise the piano
 F pay someone back £20
 G send someone an email

	5
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Listening total		10
-----------------	--	----

SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 What do you think you'll wear tomorrow?
- 2 What do you think the weather will be like at the weekend?
- 3 What do you think you'll do this evening?
- 4 Do you think you'll get a good (or better) job in the future?
- 5 Where do you think you'll be in five years' time?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 6

Listening and Speaking A

2 Read the information about Carol's dream and answer your partner's questions.

Location of dream: a tropical island

Description: sunny, relaxing, everyone smiling at us, people bringing us food

People in dream: me, my boyfriend, local people on the island

Possible meaning: get engaged? get married?

3 Now make questions and ask your partner about Mike's dream.

- Where / take place?
- What happened?
- Who / in the dream?
- What / mean?

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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Progress Test Files 1–6

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: Shhh. The film has just started (start).

- 1 ' _____ you _____ (wash) the car yet?' 'No, I haven't.'
- 2 I _____ (like) vegetarian food.
- 3 Kate often _____ (go out) with Dinis, but they aren't a couple.
- 4 Laila and Jumaid _____ (watch) TV at 10 o'clock last night.
- 5 I _____ (call) you in five minutes. Is that OK?
- 6 'What _____ you _____ (do)?' 'I'm a shop assistant.'
- 7 'I promise I _____ (make) the bed', said Ricardo.
- 8 It _____ (rain) when Rachael arrived at her new office.
- 9 Faisal is over there. He _____ (stand) next to the tall man in the black hat.
- 10 Good news! Agnieszka and Theo _____ (sold) their house.

	10
--	----

2 Put the words in the correct order.

Example: old you how are ?

How old are you?

- 1 do you last what did weekend ?

- 2 you any pets do have ?

- 3 to do of you listen music kind what ?

- 4 speak you other can languages any ?

- 5 Hong Kong you have to ever been ?

	5
--	---

3 Underline the correct form.

Example: Kim broke / **has broken** her arm while she was on holiday.

- 1 Lianne **has been** / **has gone** to Moscow more than once.
- 2 I **every day exercise** / **exercise every day**.
- 3 When you called I **ate** / **was eating** my lunch.
- 4 Ali **is cycling** / **cycles** to work every day.
- 5 What **are you doing** / **do you do** this weekend?
- 6 This song isn't **too good as** / **as good as** his last one.
- 7 **They're meeting** / **They meet** Jan at the cinema tonight.
- 8 My little brother is tired and **he's needing** / **he needs** a rest.
- 9 Look at the traffic. We're **being** / **going to be** late.
- 10 Vikram **does** / **is doing** an engineering course.

	10
--	----

Progress Test Files 1–6

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

4 Write negative sentences.

Example: I'm 24 years old.

I'm not 24 years old.

1 Dani went to Nigeria.

2 You've finished your homework.

3 They wrote those emails.

4 We'll see you later.

5 I'm going to climb a mountain.

5

5 Complete the sentences with one word.

Example: The job was difficult, but Conchita worked hard and soon made a good impression.

1 Mikhail and Sonya are going to the park and _____ that they're going for a meal.

2 _____ Bryony was frightened, she walked into the dark room.

3 Is there _____ to leave our coats?

4 Is that the hotel _____ your parents stayed?

5 My lunch wasn't big _____. I'm still hungry.

6 I've eaten too _____ chocolate.

7 The problem started _____ I was downloading some new software.

8 There's _____ on TV tonight that I want to watch and I'm a bit bored.

Shall we go to the cinema?

9 That was the loudest concert I've _____ been to.

10 A department store is a place _____ sells different types of product.

10

Grammar total	40
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VOCABULARY

6 Match 1–11 with a–k.

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 wait <u>e</u> | a work early |
| 2 do _____ | b abroad |
| 3 make _____ | c the dishwasher |
| 4 drop off _____ | d something to the shop |
| 5 have _____ | e for my friend |
| 6 unload _____ | f from a holiday |
| 7 come back _____ | g a mistake |
| 8 go _____ | h a friend at the airport |
| 9 leave _____ | i some exercise |
| 10 miss _____ | j a wonderful time |
| 11 take back _____ | k a bus |

10

Progress Test Files 1–6

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

7 Complete the sentences using the words from the box. There are two words that you don't need.

looking	next-day	keys	harbour
luggage	ironing	failed	polluted
camping	bridge	name	medium-sized
basket			

Example: I went camping with my cousins. We slept in a tent for three nights.

- I don't need a trolley. A _____ is big enough for my shopping today.
- 'Did you pass your maths exam?' 'No, I _____.'
- Then we will cross the _____ to reach the historic centre of the town.
- We need to get our _____ now. Which way is baggage reclaim?
- It will arrive tomorrow because I paid for _____ delivery.
- 'Can I help you, sir?' 'No, I'm just _____, thank you.'
- They're your shirts so you can do the _____.
- The town is quite _____ so they clean the dirt off the historic buildings every year.
- It's a pretty town with colourful fishing boats in the _____.
- I'm so sorry. I've forgotten your _____.

	10
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8 Complete the sentences with one word.

Example: There's a queue for passport control. Please wait behind the line.

- 'Noor, we need to talk _____ your essay plan,' said the teacher.
- I'm sorry. I don't agree _____ your opinion.
- Zeb arrived _____ the station and looked for a ticket machine.
- Yasmin belongs _____ a chess club. She plays regularly.
- The plates are all _____ the sink. You need to do the washing up.
- Please don't leave your dirty socks _____ the floor.
- Waiting _____ a delayed flight is really boring.
- Her birthday is on the 17th _____ June.
- My house is _____ to a park. It's beautiful!
- Oscar is in the _____ of that group of boys. Can you see him?

	10
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9 Complete the sentences with the correct word(s).

Example: Mill Street Café only sells healthy salads.

medical nutritionist healthy

- Phoebe has _____ hair.
medium tall curly
- Javier often stays in bed all morning. He's a bit _____.
lazy hard-working relaxed
- I don't like people who tell _____. We need to be honest with each other.
stories lies the truth
- We don't laugh much in English class. It's quite a _____ place.
friendly funny serious

Progress Test Files 1–6

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

- 5 There are several _____ people in this class, but everyone's opinion is important.
talkative generous mean
- 6 People often say that yoga is _____, but I find it stressful!
positive interested relaxing
- 7 We _____ a boat and went around the lake.
sold hired came
- 8 Are they _____ in coming with us to the café?
exciting interested hopeful
- 9 The hotel was _____ and uncomfortable. What a disaster!
a bit clean dirty
- 10 On Saturdays, the shopping centre is too _____.
crowded very noisy many people

	10
--	----

Vocabulary total	40
------------------	----

PRONUNCIATION

10 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: fu|ture

- 1 car|di|gan
- 2 ro|man|tic
- 3 ma|chine
- 4 pho|to|graph
- 5 di|vorced
- 6 to|mo|rrow
- 7 a|ttrac|tive
- 8 hand|some
- 9 pre|fer
- 10 py|ja|mas

11 Complete the sound table with the words from the box. There are three words that you don't need.

there curly trousers bike occasion parent clothes matches early wear glasses circle concert jeans

houses	computer	chair	bird
		there	

	10
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Pronunciation total	20
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	100
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Progress Test Files 1–6
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****New year, old customs****by travel editor, Lauren Briard**

Have you ever made a New Year's **resolution**? Perhaps you have decided to learn a new language, or take up more exercise? You are not alone. In many cultures, people choose to change something about their life at the beginning of the year. And all over the world, people celebrate the new year with interesting **customs**.

My favourite traditions come from Mexico and other Latin American countries. For example, at midnight on New Year's Eve in many Spanish-speaking cultures, everyone eats twelve grapes – one grape for each month of the year. People say that eating the grapes brings good **fortune** for the new year. And don't be surprised if your friend from Peru wants to walk around the outside of his or her house with heavy luggage. Traditionally, if you complete this **challenge** you will be a successful traveller in the new year. Would you like to go on a **dream** holiday next year? Then try it!

Cleaning the house is perhaps the most common new year tradition. From Mexico to Japan people **sweep** their homes from top to bottom. Some people believe this **removes** bad luck and allows good luck to enter the house. In other countries, such as Britain and Iran, the cleaning happens later in the year, so it's called 'spring cleaning'. In Iran, just before the March spring **festival**, people empty their houses of all their furniture. They clean the house from top to bottom, **mend** broken furniture or replace old items. People bring flowers and **herbs** indoors too so their homes smell fresh and clean.

New Year is often celebrated with friends, so my final story is from Denmark. If you are in Denmark at New Year, you will probably see piles of broken plates outside front doors. What's going on? Well, traditionally, people take their old or broken plates and **smash** them on their friend's front door. It brings good luck to your friend. It's great fun, too! So, a big pile of broken plates means you are a popular person.

Enjoy the new year festival, wherever you are in the world. I hope you are ready with your grapes, luggage and plates!

Example: New Year is a special day all over the world.

A True ✓ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 1 One of the writer's favourite New Year traditions comes from Latin America.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 At midnight, there is a tradition of eating one grape.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 The person who eats the fastest wins a prize.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 In Peru, there is a New Year tradition that includes suitcases.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

Progress Test Files 1–6

Reading and Writing A

- 5 The tradition from Peru will give you good dreams in the new year.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 House cleaning is a very popular new year tradition.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 In Britain, people clean their homes at New Year.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 In Iran, the first month of the calendar is March.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 In Denmark, there is a special tradition between friends.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 The most popular people have the most broken plates.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

	10
--	----

2 Match five of the highlighted words / phrases with the definitions.

Example: plants often used to add flavour to food
herbs

- 1 activities that have been common for a long time _____
- 2 something that is difficult to do _____
- 3 takes something away _____
- 4 a special day of celebration _____
- 5 to break into lots of pieces _____

	5
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Reading total		15
---------------	--	----

WRITING

Answer these three questions. Write 25–35 words for each question.

- 1 Describe what you are wearing today.
- 2 Which housework job do you like best? Is there a housework job that you hate? Why?
- 3 What do you usually do when you are waiting at an airport or train station?

Writing total		10
---------------	--	----

Reading and Writing total		25
---------------------------	--	----

Progress Test Files 1–6
Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to a tour guide talking about a town. Tick (✓) A or B.

- 1 Turlton is a small town.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 2 The church is famous because it is beautiful.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 3 The Old School has a café in the garden.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 4 You can visit a museum in the town hall.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 5 The tourists who want to visit the old bridge need boots.
A True ☐ B False ☐

	5
--	---

2 Listen to five conversations. Where are the people? Match them with places A–E.

- Conversation 1 ☐
 Conversation 2 ☐
 Conversation 3 ☐
 Conversation 4 ☐
 Conversation 5 ☐

- A in a clothes shop
 B in a hotel
 C in traffic
 D in a doctor's waiting room
 E in a cinema

	5
--	---

Listening total		10
-----------------	--	----

SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 What is your favourite healthy meal?
- 2 How do you remember new English words?
- 3 What do you do when you're stuck in traffic?
- 4 What did you last see at the cinema? Did you enjoy the film?
- 5 What are your plans for this weekend?
- 6 What is the best holiday you have ever had?
- 7 Do you like holidays with your family? Why?
- 8 Which European city would you most like to visit? Why?
- 9 Have you ever sent an email in English? Who to?
- 10 Which famous person would you like to have dinner with? Why?

Now answer your partner's questions.

Progress Test Files 1–6
Listening and Speaking A

2 Make questions and ask your partner about a day trip he/she went on.

- How / get / Pompeii?
- What / see / morning?
- Where / have lunch?
- How much / lunch / cost?
- What / do / afternoon?
- What time / return / Naples?

3 Read this information about part of a holiday you went on and answer your partner's questions.

Walking in the Islands of Scotland: Day 3

Leave hotel: 8.30 a.m.

Morning: walk along coast – hills and beaches. Lots of sea birds. Distance: 5km.

1.30 p.m.: boat trip to next island (Skye).
May see seals and dolphins.

Afternoon: walk to hotel along quiet roads.
Explore town of Portree. Distance: 2km.

Arrive at hotel. Stay for 2 nights.

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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7A GRAMMAR uses of the infinitive with to

Complete the sentences with **to + a verb from the list**. Write in the **INFINITIVE WITH TO** column.

ask be build get go learn ~~leave~~ lock make not tell pass
print not remember rain say see swim turn off use not worry

INFINITIVE WITH TO

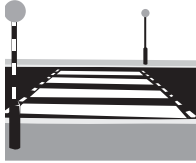
- | | |
|--|-----------------|
| 1 I was ready [] when my phone rang. | <u>to leave</u> |
| 2 It isn't difficult [] the first year exam. | _____ |
| 3 Promise [] anyone about this. It's a secret. | _____ |
| 4 They're planning [] a supermarket there. | _____ |
| 5 Can you show me how [] the new photocopier? | _____ |
| 6 You need [] your boarding pass before you go to the airport. | _____ |
| 7 Don't forget [] the computer when you leave. | _____ |
| 8 Does Fabio know where [] when he arrives? | _____ |
| 9 She won't pretend [] happy if she isn't. | _____ |
| 10 Is it safe [] in this river? | _____ |
| 11 Try [] about your driving test. I'm sure you'll pass. | _____ |
| 12 What's the best way [] a new language? | _____ |
| 13 Did you remember [] the front door when you left? | _____ |
| 14 It was really nice [] you again after all this time. | _____ |
| 15 I can't decide what [] my girlfriend for her birthday. | _____ |
| 16 It started [], so we came home early from the beach. | _____ |
| 17 It's really important [] a good impression on your first day in a new job. | _____ |
| 18 He phoned her [] that he was sorry. | _____ |
| 19 I have a problem, but I don't know who [] for advice. | _____ |
| 20 It's quite normal [] your dreams. | _____ |

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the **INFINITIVE WITH TO** column. Read the sentences aloud with the missing infinitives.

7A COMMUNICATIVE I'm going to tell you about...

- Choose six topics and think about what you're going to say. Talk to a partner.
Give and ask for more information.

	what I think is the best way to learn a language		something I learned to do as a child but can't do now
	something I think is important to teach young children		something I often forget to do
	why tourists choose to come to my country		something I need to buy soon
	the things I do to relax after a hard day		something I've decided to do in the future
	a sport or activity I tried to learn but couldn't		something I find difficult to do in English
	something I wanted to be when I was younger		what I want to do tonight
	somebody I would like to meet		what I think is the best way to make new friends
	something I thought of buying but decided not to		things that are important to do if you go for a job interview
	the things I think are important to do for a healthy life		a film that's good to watch when I'm feeling sad

7B GRAMMAR infinitive with *to* or verb + *-ing*?

Complete the sentences with the *-ing* form or infinitive with *to* of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 I can't promise to be (be) on time.
- 2 Swimming (swim) is better exercise than running.
- 3 Would you like _____ (come) to a concert on Saturday?
- 4 Do you mind _____ (not talk) so loudly?
- 5 It was very interesting _____ (see) my old school friends again.
- 6 Duncan works at weekends _____ (earn) more money.
- 7 On Sundays, Emma likes _____ and _____ (relax, not do) anything.
- 8 We were unhappy with the service, so the restaurant offered _____ (give) us a free dinner.
- 9 Is it difficult _____ (learn) Japanese?
- 10 James is very competitive. He thinks _____ (win) is the most important thing.
- 11 She tried _____ (not hit) the man, but she was driving too fast.
- 12 We spent all evening _____ coffee and _____ (drink, talk).
- 13 Excuse me, I need _____ (go) to the bathroom.
- 14 They drove without _____ (stop) for six hours.
- 15 We're thinking of _____ (go) to Mexico for our holidays next year.
- 16 I'm very happy _____ (be) here again.
- 17 We've decided _____ (go) camping this summer because it's cheaper.
- 18 _____ (eat) just before you go to bed can make it difficult to sleep.
- 19 The man pretended _____ (not understand) the policeman.
- 20 Are you good at _____ (remember) people's names?

20

16–20 Excellent. You can use the infinitive with *to* and the *-ing* form very well.

11–15 Quite good, but check the rules in the Grammar Bank (Student's Book p.138) and look at the exercise again.

1–10 This is difficult for you. Read the rules in the Grammar Bank (Student's Book p.138). Then ask your teacher for another photocopy and do the exercise again at home.

7B COMMUNICATIVE Questions with gerunds

Student A

- a** Complete the questions with the *-ing* form of the verbs from the list.

cook do (x2) fly get up go read wait

- 1 Do you like _____ early?
- 2 Are you afraid of _____?
- 3 Do you mind _____ for people who are late?
- 4 Did you hate _____ to school when you were younger?
- 5 Do you enjoy _____ in bed?
- 6 Are you good at _____?
- 7 Have you started _____ a new activity recently?
- 8 Do you think _____ exercise is boring?

- b** Ask **B** your questions. Ask for more information.

Student B

- a** Complete the questions with the *-ing* form of the verbs from the list.

be do eat get go (x2) play walk

- 1 Do you spend much time _____ in the country?
- 2 Have you stopped _____ an activity recently?
- 3 Do you enjoy _____ to the cinema alone?
- 4 Do you feel like _____ out tonight?
- 5 Do you think _____ computer games teaches you anything?
- 6 Did you like _____ fruit and vegetables when you were a child?
- 7 Are you thinking of _____ a new haircut soon?
- 8 Do you dream of _____ famous?

- b** Ask **A** your questions. Ask for more information.

7B VOCABULARY Verbs + infinitive to and verbs + -ing

Complete the conversations using the correct form of the verbs in the list.

1

like mind ~~start~~ stop try want

Amy I ¹ started going to the gym last week. I hate it!

Janet You have to ² _____ being negative! Do you ³ _____ me to go with you?

Amy The problem is I don't ⁴ _____ doing exercise there. It's really boring!

Janet I agree that gyms are boring! Why don't we ⁵ _____ to do something different together?

There's a swimming pool near my house...

Amy Oh, that's a good idea! I don't ⁶ _____ swimming.



2



feel like forget promise remember spend

Mother OK, I'm leaving. ⁷ _____ to load the dishwasher, please.

Boy Yes, Mum.

Mother And don't ⁸ _____ to call me if anything happens. And you ⁹ _____ to take out the rubbish, don't you?

Girl Yes, Mum!

Mother And you won't ¹⁰ _____ all evening playing video games, right?

Boy No, Mum.

Mother You know, maybe I don't ¹¹ _____ going to this party...

Boy / Girl MUM!

3

go on hope need offer want

Harry I really ¹² _____ to make some money this summer. I'm ¹³ _____ to go on a trip around Europe before I go to university next year.

Sam Wow. What kind of job are you thinking of?

Harry Well, I thought I could ¹⁴ _____ to walk dogs for people. And I sometimes help a friend with his bar in the evenings. I can probably ¹⁵ _____ doing that for the summer. But I need another small job...

Sam I have an idea! My dad really ¹⁶ _____ to learn Italian. He loves the language, and they often go there on holiday. You can speak Italian, right? You could teach him for a couple of hours every day.

Harry That's a great idea!



ACTIVATION

Work with a partner. Practise the conversations.

7C GRAMMAR *have to, don't have to, must, mustn't*

- Complete the sentences with *have to, don't have to, must, or mustn't* + a verb from the list.

be come drive pay (x2) play put take touch ~~turn off~~ wear (x2)



1 You must turn off your phone.



2 Children _____.



3 You _____ a jacket.



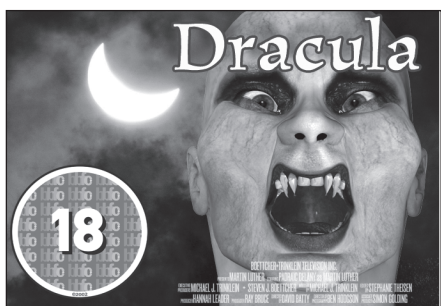
4 You _____ the door.



5 You _____ your feet on the seats.



6 You _____ photos.



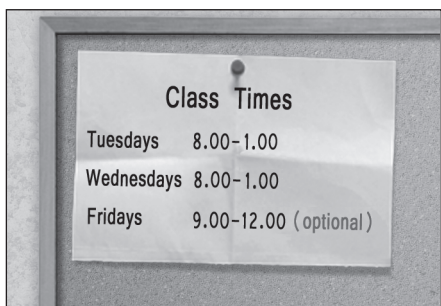
7 You _____ over 18 to see this film.



8 You _____ football here.



9 You _____ anything now.



10 You _____ to class on Fridays.



11 You _____ in one direction.



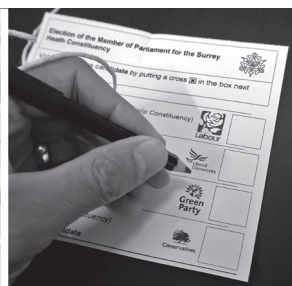
12 You _____ sports shoes here.

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the sentences. Look at the signs and remember the sentences.

7C COMMUNICATIVE In the UK

a Work in pairs. Read the sentences about the UK and decide if they are true or false.



		True	False
1	You mustn't cycle in bus lanes.	☐	☐
2	You have to be 21 to buy alcohol.	☐	☐
3	You don't have to pay to use motorways.	☐	☐
4	All dogs and cats must have a microchip with the name and address of their owner.	☐	☐
5	Everybody has to do six months military service.	☐	☐
6	You have to be 18 to ride a 50cc motorbike.	☐	☐
7	You don't have to have an ID card.	☐	☐
8	All shops must close on Sundays.	☐	☐
9	You mustn't leave a child under 12 alone at home.	☐	☐
10	You mustn't play loud music in your house after 9.00 p.m.	☐	☐
11	You have to be 17 years old to vote in a general election.	☐	☐
12	You don't have to vote in a general election.	☐	☐
13	You have to be over 16 to have a Facebook or Twitter account.	☐	☐
14	If you have a dog, you must have a special licence.	☐	☐
15	TV programmes before 9.00 p.m. mustn't include bad language.	☐	☐
16	You don't have to study a foreign language at secondary school.	☐	☐
17	You don't have to wear seat belts in the back of the car.	☐	☐
18	Parents don't have to send their children to school. They can educate them at home.	☐	☐

b Check your answers with your teacher.

c Work with a partner. Are the laws the same or different in your country? }
Which of these rules would you like to have in your country?

Quick Test 7

GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: Marta enjoys _____ new clothes.

A to buy ☐ B must buy ☐ C buying ☒

1 I opened the door _____ who was there.

A see ☐ B saw ☐ C to see ☐

2 Milos _____ to go now. He's already late.

A 's ☐ B must ☐ C has ☐

3 I would _____ work abroad in the future.

A like to ☐ B like ☐ C to ☐

4 We stopped at a café _____ a drink and a break.

A to have ☐ B have ☐ C for have ☐

5 I don't feel like _____ breakfast this morning.

A having ☐ B have ☐ C to have ☐

6 Do you _____ to wear a uniform at your school?

A must ☐ B have ☐ C mustn't ☐

7 Could you _____ when you were four years old?

A to swim ☐ B swimming ☐ C swim ☐

8 It's a secret, so you _____ tell anybody.

A mustn't to ☐ B mustn't ☐ C don't have to ☐

9 Try _____ too much when you meet new people.

A don't talk ☐ B not to talk ☐ C no talking ☐

10 I need _____ to drive a car this summer.

A learning ☐ B learn ☐ C to learn ☐

11 It's important _____ to customers in my job.

A listening ☐ B to listen ☐ C listen ☐

12 _____ about everything is the best way to have a good relationship.

A Talking ☐ B Talk ☐ C The talking ☐

13 _____ books or magazines is a great way to relax.

A Reading ☐ B Read ☐ C The reading ☐

14 I don't mind _____ time with my partner's family.

A to spend ☐ B spend ☐ C spending ☐

15 It's interesting _____ your partner's brothers and sisters.

A meet ☐ B to meet ☐ C for meet ☐

16 She's good at _____. She makes fantastic pasta.

A cooking ☐ B to cook ☐ C the cooking ☐

17 You _____ pay to go into that museum. It's free.

A don't must ☐ B mustn't ☐ C don't have to ☐

18 He _____ to work on Saturdays. He's a shop assistant.

A has ☐ B must ☐ C mustn't ☐

19 I hate _____ for buses in the rain!

A wait ☐ B the wait ☐ C waiting ☐

20 You _____ touch that. It's very dangerous.

A has ☐ B must ☐ C mustn't ☐

Quick Test 7

VOCABULARY

a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: She _____ going to parties.

A would ☐ B wants ☐ C likes ✓

- 1 I _____ to go to the doctor's today.
A dream ☐ B need ☐ C like ☐
- 2 My grandfather will _____ gardening for as long as possible.
A go on ☐ B go in ☐ C go out ☐
- 3 Please stop _____ so much noise. I'm trying to sleep!
A doing ☐ B working ☐ C making ☐
- 4 Elisabetta always _____ a long time getting ready.
A spends ☐ B wants ☐ C passes ☐
- 5 He always _____ to help me with the washing up.
A offers ☐ B thinks ☐ C says ☐
- 6 I _____ of working as a singer or an actor.
A try ☐ B dream ☐ C plan ☐
- 7 She's _____ to buy a new apartment.
A thought ☐ B would like ☐ C decided ☐
- 8 Don't _____ to turn off the TV.
A miss ☐ B forget ☐ C leave ☐
- 9 Joss went on _____ until he was an old man.
A working ☐ B work ☐ C at working ☐
- 10 We're _____ to buy a new car soon.
A hoping ☐ B liking ☐ C dreaming ☐

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: They're enjoying _____ in Paris.

A live ☐ B living ✓ C to live ☐

- 11 My baby son has just started _____.
A to walk ☐ B walk ☐ C to walking ☐
- 12 Have you thought _____ to university?
A going ☐ B to go ☐ C about going ☐
- 13 We're learning _____ tennis.
A play ☐ B playing ☐ C to play ☐
- 14 Bruno is very good _____ the guitar.
A to play ☐ B at playing ☐ C playing ☐
- 15 Suzanna promised _____ us organize the party.
A help ☐ B to help ☐ C helping ☐
- 16 His family spend a lot of money _____ expensive holidays.
A for having ☐ B having ☐ C for to have ☐
- 17 I don't want _____ out today. It's too wet.
A to go ☐ B going ☐ C go ☐
- 18 I hope _____ my driving test soon.
A for passing ☐ B pass ☐ C to pass ☐
- 19 Have you finished _____ your homework yet?
A do ☐ B to do ☐ C doing ☐
- 20 He _____ to be rich, but he had no money!
A pretended ☐ B finished ☐ C stopped ☐

Quick Test 7

PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A doing ☐ B together ☐ C other ✓

- 1 A ironing ☐ B clothes ☐ C calories ☐
- 2 A money ☐ B important ☐ C morning ☐
- 3 A nothing ☐ B programme ☐ C someone ☐
- 4 A wrong ☐ B posting ☐ C moment ☐
- 5 A shopping ☐ B possible ☐ C boring ☐

b Which word has a different number of syllables? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A liked ✓ B wanted ☐ C agreed ☐
(one) (two) (two)

- 6 A relationship ☐ B incredibly ☐ C university ☐
- 7 A language ☐ B mustn't ☐ C ambitions ☐
- 8 A girlfriend ☐ B invited ☐ C parents ☐
- 9 A haven't ☐ B dreamed ☐ C loved ☐
- 10 A finished ☐ B politics ☐ C something ☐

	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	50
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File Test 7

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences with the *-ing* form or the infinitive of the verb in brackets.

Example: You need to buy (buy) a new coat for winter.

- 1 I phoned Yamar because I wanted _____ (tell) him about the meeting.
- 2 Wendy left without _____ (say) goodbye to anyone.
- 3 I love _____ (walk) in the snow.
- 4 _____ (do) exercise is very good for you.
- 5 Try not _____ (spend) all of your money on computer games.
- 6 Do you know how _____ (make) bread?
- 7 _____ (dance) is something I really hate.
- 8 It isn't easy _____ (learn) Chinese.

	8
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2 Underline the correct form.

Example: I must / **don't have to** do the washing. I don't have any clean clothes.

- 1 They **haven't to** / **don't have to** work today. It's Sunday.
- 2 Entrance to the museum is free. We **mustn't** / **don't have to** pay.
- 3 You **mustn't** / **don't have to** play football near the road. It's dangerous.
- 4 Harry **has to** / **doesn't have to** go to bed early. He's very young.
- 5 I **must** / **mustn't** revise tonight. I have an exam tomorrow.
- 6 You **don't have to** / **must** tidy the kitchen. It's very untidy.

	6
--	---

3 Complete the sentences with a verb in the *-ing* form.

be cook go play remember travel win

Example: I'm not very good at remembering people's birthdays.

- 1 Is Eva thinking of _____ away at Christmas?
- 2 _____ with young children is hard work, but it's also enjoyable.
- 3 I don't feel like _____ tonight. Let's go to a restaurant.
- 4 Jaap dreams of _____ the lottery.
- 5 _____ to Manchester by bus is cheaper than by train.
- 6 For me, happiness means _____ with my family and friends.

	6
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Grammar total		20
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File Test 7

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

4 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: I hate getting up early in the morning.

hate don't want need

- We _____ going for long walks in the countryside.
want need love
- Helena's _____ talking to me! I don't know why.
promised stopped pretended
- They _____ a lot of time watching old films.
have spend do
- I don't _____ driving you to the airport tomorrow.
mind good want
- We haven't _____ decorating our new house.
hoped decided finished
- Do you _____ skiing?
enjoy want start

	6
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5 Complete the phrases with the correct preposition.

Example: My mum is frightened of spiders.

- Too much sugar is bad _____ you.
- Are you interested _____ art?
- Why aren't you nice _____ your sister?
- What subjects were you good _____ when you were at school?
- I get angry _____ with my brother when he uses my laptop.
- I think Copenhagen is very different _____ Lisbon.

	6
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6 Complete the sentences with a verb in the infinitive form.

be buy go learn look for make play rain turn off

Example: I need to go to the shop for some milk.

- We got wet when it started _____.
- Elaine offered _____ a coffee for everyone.
- Why are you pretending _____ ill? You're OK!
- My daughter is learning _____ the piano.
- Did you remember _____ a birthday card for your Aunt Julia?
- John was bored at work, so he decided _____ a new job.
- Don't forget _____ your computer when you leave.
- I'm trying _____ Spanish. I'm doing an online course.

	8
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Vocabulary total		20
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File Test 7

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: for|get

- 1 de|cide
- 2 re|mem|ber
- 3 re|ports
- 4 fi|nish
- 5 in|ter|view

	5
--	---

8 Match the words with the same sound.

some thing before programme
radio money organizing

- 1 love something _____
- 2 going _____
- 3 boring _____

	5
--	---

Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 7
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****The happiest country**

What makes you happy? Eating a delicious meal? Watching a beautiful sunset? For me, happiness is surfing. I love sitting on my board and watching the sea. When I ride a wave I feel truly happy. I'm Mauricio, and I'm a surfing teacher in Tamarindo – my home town in Costa Rica.

Now, let me ask you another question. Do you think it's possible to measure happiness – to count it and say who is more happy or less happy? Well, it is! Researchers look at numbers such as: how long people live, how much money people have, and how much damage people do to the environment. Then the researchers write a report to say what they have found.

Costa Rica must be a very happy place. Recently we came top in the Happy Planet Index – a list that compares happiness information from 140 countries from all over the world. It is the third time we have been number one! World leaders and politicians are very interested in these happiness reports because the countries that do well can be surprising. Being rich doesn't always make people happy. Some of the richest countries in the world are in low positions on the Happy Planet Index list.

In my job, I enjoy meeting people from all over the world. You don't have to spend a lot of money to enjoy surfing, but some people do. Many surfers travel to Costa Rica from the United States and Australia. I often try to explain how my country is different to theirs. Looking after our beaches and forests is very important to our government and 99% of our electricity comes from 'green' renewable energy.

Surfing in Costa Rica is a wonderful activity for everyone to try. We have warm water so you don't have to wear a winter wetsuit. We have clean beaches, and great waves all year. Visitors to Tamarindo who are already advanced surfers will love joining the local surfers every day. If you are a beginner, you need to have some lessons – and never go into the sea alone. Actually, I know a great surf teacher ... that's me!

Example: Watching a sunset makes Mauricio happy.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ✓

1 Mauricio lives in Tamarindo.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 It's not possible to count happiness, according to researchers.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

3 The Happy Planet Index only has information on South American countries.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

4 Rich people are always happy.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

5 Mauricio would like to earn more money.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

File Test 7

Reading and Writing A

- 6 Mauricio meets people from many different countries.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 Surfing doesn't have to be expensive.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 You have to wear a winter wetsuit in Costa Rica.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 The beaches in Costa Rica can be crowded in the summer.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 Beginners mustn't surf alone.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

	10
--	----

2 Read the article again and answer the questions.

- 1 What does Mauricio love about surfing?

- 2 What sort of numbers do happiness researchers look at? Give two examples.

- 3 Costa Rica is the top country in which list?

- 4 Who is interested in happiness reports?

- 5 How much electricity in Costa Rica comes from green energy?

	5
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Reading total		15
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WRITING

Describe an activity that makes you happy. Answer these questions. (100–150 words)

- What is the activity?
- What do you enjoy about it?
- How often do you do it?
- Do you do the activity with other people or alone?
- Who do you think would enjoy this activity? Why/Why not?

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 7

Listening and Speaking B

LISTENING

1 Listen to a language teacher. Underline the correct word(s).

- 1 The people in Holly's language videos are **actors** / **students**.
- 2 Holly says it's a good idea to listen to **local radio** / **other video bloggers**.
- 3 The 'At home' videos help with **pronunciation** / **grammar**.
- 4 You **have to** / **don't have to** understand all of the words in the 'Street English' videos.
- 5 Holly uploads new videos **once** / **twice** a month.

	5
--	---

2 Listen to five people talking about what makes them nervous. Match the speakers with the topics (A–G). There are two answers you don't need.

- Speaker 1 ☐
- Speaker 2 ☐
- Speaker 3 ☐
- Speaker 4 ☐
- Speaker 5 ☐

- A air travel
- B meeting a new class of students
- C looking after a friend's pet
- D singing in front of an audience
- E driving in another country
- F getting lost
- G using English at work

	5
--	---

Listening total		10
-----------------	--	----

SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 Do you think you can learn a language on your own?
- 2 Do you think it's possible to learn two languages at the same time?
- 3 What do you find easy about learning English?
- 4 What's your main motivation for learning English?
- 5 Would you like to learn another language? Which one?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 7
Listening and Speaking B

2 Read the information about Alicia and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Alicia Dresden
Likes: sing / in a choir
Hates: go / supermarket
Loves: have / meals with friends / at the weekend
Spends too much time: decide / what to wear
Good at: speak / foreign languages

3 Now make questions and ask your partner about Max.

- like / do ?
- hate / do ?
- love / do / at weekend ?
- spend too much time / do ?
- bad at / do ?

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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8A GRAMMAR *should / shouldn't*

Look at pictures 1–10. Complete the conversations with *should / shouldn't* + a verb from the list.

ask get get up go (x2) learn sit tell think ~~use~~



- 1 A What are you doing?
B I'm trying to open this packet.
A You shouldn't use a knife! You'll cut yourself!



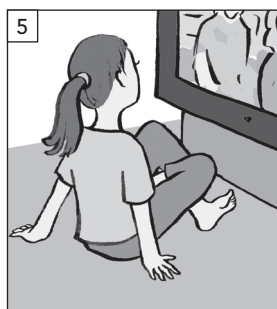
- 2 A I can't do this exercise. It's too difficult.
B You _____ the teacher for some help.



- 3 A I'm really annoyed with Paula.
B Why?
A Because she's always on the computer. She never talks to me!
B You _____ her how you feel. Maybe she doesn't know.



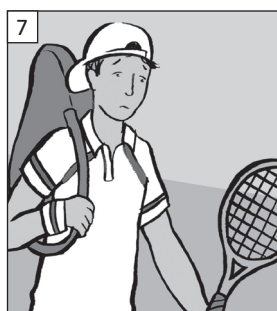
- 4 A Angela's leaving work at the end of the month. She's going to have a baby.
B We _____ her a present.



- 5 A You _____ so near the television.
B Why not?
A It isn't good for your eyes.



- 6 A I miss the bus for college nearly every day.
B You _____ earlier.



- 7 A Good luck for the match!
B Thanks, but I'm sure I'm going to lose.
A You _____ like that! Be positive! Say to yourself, 'I'm going to win! I'm going to win!'



- 8 A Come on. Get up. It's 9.30.
B But I'm tired.
A You _____ to bed so late.



- 9 A Can you make me an omelette, please?
B Make it yourself!
A I don't know how to.
B You _____ how to cook then!



- 10 A I'd love to travel round the world.
B Do you have enough money for the trip?
A Well, yes.
B Then I think you _____!

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the conversations. Look at the pictures and remember the advice.

8A COMMUNICATIVE I need some advice

I have a job interview in English next week. I really want the job. How should I prepare for it?	I want to be fitter, but I don't really like going to the gym. What should I do?
Some friends are coming to dinner and I don't have time to cook. What should I do?	Another company has offered me a job. The salary is lower than my present job, but the work is much more interesting. What should I do?
I had an argument with my best friend yesterday. It was my fault. Now she's not talking to me. What should I do?	I don't like my brother's new girlfriend, but he is very happy with her. What should I say to him?
I want to buy a present for my grandmother. She's 90 and she likes reading, travelling and classical music. What should I buy?	I want to learn another foreign language so I can get a good job. Which one should I learn?
I'd like to learn to play a musical instrument. Which one should I choose?	My family wants to get a pet. We have a small house and we're all very busy. What kind of pet should we get?
I have two tickets for a concert. My dad and my sister really like the band and want to come with me. Who should I take to the concert?	I'm really bad with money. I always spend more than I have, especially when I go out. What should I do?
My friend wants to be a singer, but I don't think he sings very well. What should I say to him?	My partner's mother doesn't like me very much. What should I do?
I can't sleep at night. What should I do?	I want to go on holiday to a really beautiful place this summer. I love the beach. Where should I go?
I want to become a vegetarian, but my family really loves meat. What should I do?	My cousin is coming to visit me. He's allergic to cats and I have a cat. What should I do?

8A VOCABULARY *get*



Complete the sentences with the correct form of *get* and a word from the list.

angry better colder divorced fit home job lost married
message nervous newspaper on present tickets to up worse

- 1 What's the best way to _____? Yoga or aerobics?
- 2 They were married for 20 years, but they _____ last year.
- 3 It's Diana's birthday next week. Shall we _____ her a _____?
- 4 How long does it take you to _____ after work?
- 5 I don't like _____ early on Sunday mornings.
- 6 You need to _____ for the concert soon. They say it's going to sell out quickly.
- 7 We've been to your house before, so we won't _____.
- 8 In the UK, you can _____ in a church or in a registry office.
- 9 Do you _____ well with your parents?
- 10 Most people _____ really _____ before doing an exam.
- 11 _____ soon! And don't come back to work till you feel 100%.
- 12 I didn't _____ a _____ yesterday, so I read the news online.
- 13 It _____ after 6 p.m. Temperatures go down to -10°C .
- 14 What time do you usually _____ school?
- 15 I think the unemployment situation in my country is _____ and not better.
- 16 How did the interview go? Did you _____ the _____?
- 17 I _____ a _____ from Pete to say he's going to be late.
- 18 Lucy _____ very _____ when people park in her parking space.

ACTIVATION

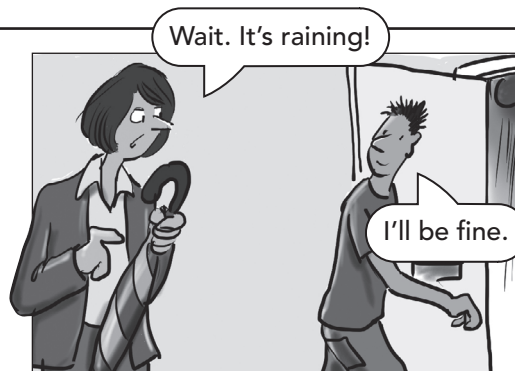
Work with a partner. Can you think of a time when...?

- you got angry with a friend
- you got to school / work really late
- you got a present you didn't like
- you got lost

8B GRAMMAR *if + present, will / won't + infinitive (first conditional)*

Complete the stories with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

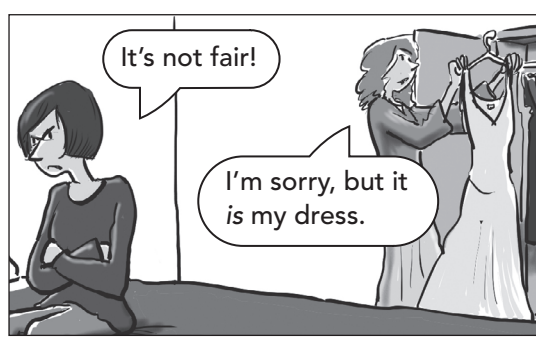
- 1 If you ¹ don't take an umbrella, you ² 'll get wet.
(not take, get)
- If you ³ _____ wet, you ⁴ _____ a cold.
(get, catch)
- If you ⁵ _____ a cold, you ⁶ _____ well
in your exam tomorrow. (catch, not do)
- If you ⁷ _____ well in your exam, you
⁸ _____ a place at university. (not do, not get)



- 2 If you ⁹ _____ me £3,000, I ¹⁰ _____
a good computer. (lend, buy)
- If I ¹¹ _____ a good computer, I ¹² _____
my own business. (have, start)
- If I ¹³ _____ my own business, I ¹⁴ _____
you some money. (have, lend)
- If I ¹⁵ _____ you some money, you ¹⁶ _____
a new car. (lend, can buy)



- 3 If I ¹⁷ _____ borrow your dress,
I ¹⁸ _____ to the party. (not can, not go)
- If I ¹⁹ _____ to the party, I ²⁰ _____
anyone. (not go, not meet)
- If I ²¹ _____ anyone, I ²² _____ married.
(not meet, never get)
- If I ²³ _____ married, you ²⁴ _____ any
grandchildren. (not get, not have)



- 4 If I ²⁵ _____ to you now, I ²⁶ _____
the train. (talk, miss)
- If I ²⁷ _____ the train, I ²⁸ _____
late for work. (miss, be)
- If I ²⁹ _____ late for work, my boss
³⁰ _____ angry with me. (be, be)
- If my boss ³¹ _____ angry with me,
I ³² _____ my job. (be, lose)



ACTIVATION

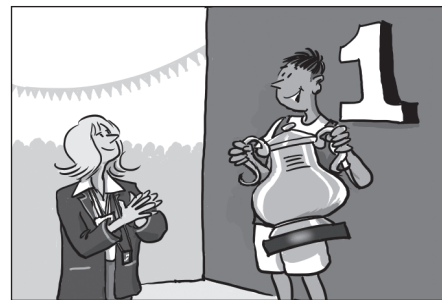
Test your memory. Cover the sentences and look at the pictures. Try to remember the situations.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 If you don't take an umbrella,... | 3 If I can't borrow your dress,... |
| 2 If you lend me £3,000,... | 4 If I talk to you now,... |

8B VOCABULARY Confusing verbs

● Circle the correct verb to complete each sentence.

- 1 Have you ever **won** / **earned** a prize or cup for something?
- 2 I love those shoes you're **wearing** / **carrying**.
- 3 Mark and Charlotte **met** / **knew** at a party last year.
- 4 Can you help me or are you **watching** / **looking at** the news on TV?
- 5 Did you **bring** / **take** me anything back from New York?
- 6 She **looks** / **looks like** her mother. They have the same eyes.
- 7 Alba's **looked for** / **found** a new job. She starts next week.
- 8 I'm not very good at **saying** / **telling** jokes.
- 9 It's going to rain later, so I'll **bring** / **take** an umbrella with me.
- 10 Would you **lend** / **borrow** a lot of money to a good friend?
- 11 I **hope** / **wait** the weather is good tomorrow.
- 12 We got to the airport late, so we **missed** / **lost** the plane.
- 13 I've **known** / **met** my best friend for ten years.
- 14 Do you like **watching** / **looking at** photos of yourself?
- 15 How much money do you **win** / **earn** a month?
- 16 You **look** / **look like** really sad. What's wrong?
- 17 Can you help me? I'm **looking for** / **finding** my keys.
- 18 She's **wearing** / **carrying** a really heavy bag.
- 19 Nicky **said** / **told** that she was sorry for what happened.
- 20 Do you mind **hoping** / **waiting** for a few minutes? I'm not ready yet.
- 21 We had to **lend** / **borrow** money from the bank to buy our new car.
- 22 I always **miss** / **lose** my glasses.
- 23 Did you **listen to** / **hear** that noise? I think it was a car crash.
- 24 Paul is always late. I **expect** / **hope** he'll be late again today.



ACTIVATION

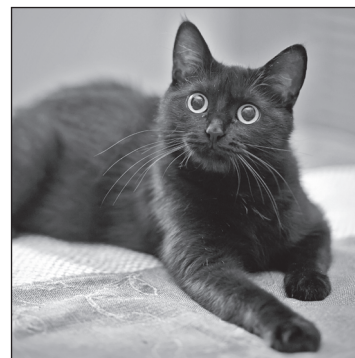
Write six true sentences about you using the verbs in the list.

borrow earn hope lend wait win

8C GRAMMAR possessive pronouns

a Circle the correct word in the conversations.

- 1 A Is that the neighbours' cat?
B No, **their** / **theirs** is brown, not black.
- 2 A Where does your girlfriend live?
B She lives in the city centre with **her** / **hers** parents.
- 3 A Can you move **your** / **yours** car, please?
B That's not **my** / **mine** car.
- 4 A Is that Bill's camera?
B No, it's **our** / **ours**. Why?
- 5 A **My** / **Mine** son's just got a new job in London.
B Oh, really? **Our** / **Ours** daughter's working there at the moment.
- 6 A I love this motorbike! Is it **your** / **yours**?
B No, it's not **my** / **mine**, unfortunately.



b Complete the sentences with the correct subject or object pronouns (*I, me, etc.*) and possessive adjectives or pronouns (*my, mine, etc.*).

- 1 If Andrew doesn't leave soon, he'll miss the train. I think you should tell him to hurry.
- 2 A What are _____ looking for, Mum?
B _____ purse. I can't find _____ anywhere.
A _____'s on the table in the dining room.
B Oh, great! Can you get _____ for _____?
- 3 Do you know where Sally is? _____ isn't at _____ desk, and one of the administrators is looking for _____.
- 4 My brothers are very lazy. _____ spend most of _____ free time sleeping or watching TV. My dad's always angry with _____.
- 5 A Is that _____ umbrella, Lucy?
B No, it isn't _____. Ask Claire. I think it's _____.
- 6 My sister and I work in the same office. _____ hours are the same, so _____ often have lunch together.



ACTIVATION

Write four sentences that are true for you using *I, me, my, and mine*.

8C COMMUNICATIVE Reading questionnaire



**Do you like
reading books?**

YES

NO

- 1 Do you have a favourite place or time of day to read? Why do you like it?
- 2 What kind of books do you like reading?
- 3 Do you have a favourite author? How many of his / her books have you read?
- 4 Do you prefer to read traditional books or e-books? Why?
- 5 What was the last book you bought? Where did you buy it?
- 6 Are you a fast reader or a slow reader?
- 7 Do you sometimes read more than one book at a time?
- 8 Is there a book everyone liked but you hated? Which one?
- 9 Have you ever started reading a book but not finished it? Why not?
- 10 Whose advice on books do you always listen to?
- 11 How do you choose books to read / buy?
- 12 Do you ever read books more than once?

- 1 Do you read any magazines or newspapers? Which ones?
- 2 Do you read online? What do you read?
- 3 How do you find out about the news?
- 4 Did your parents read to you when you were a child? What kind of books did they read?
- 5 Did you read comics when you were a child? Which ones?
- 6 Is there anybody in your family who likes reading? Who?
- 7 Have you ever written a blog? Do you like reading blogs? Why?
- 8 Do you think women like reading more than men? Why?
- 9 If somebody gives you a book as a present, what do you do?
- 10 Did you have a favourite book when you were a child?
- 11 Do you think that people today read more or less than 20 years ago? Why?
- 12 Do you follow many people on social media? Do you like reading what they post?

Quick Test 8**GRAMMAR****Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.**

Example: Felix _____ work on Saturdays.

A doesn't to have ☐ B doesn't have to ✓ C doesn't to ☐

1 You've got an exam tomorrow. You _____ go out tonight.

A don't should ☐ B shouldn't to ☐ C shouldn't ☐

2 He _____ speak to you again if you tell anyone his secret.

A doesn't ☐ B wouldn't ☐ C won't ☐

3 If you _____ time, will you come round for lunch?

A have ☐ B will have ☐ C had ☐

4 If the pool is open, we _____ for a swim.

A go ☐ B 'll go ☐ C 'd go ☐

5 I think they _____ buy a new sofa. Their old one is uncomfortable.

A should ☐ B should to ☐ C mustn't ☐6 **A** Is this _____?**B** No, we need to find platform 8.A ours train ☐ B our train ☐ C us train ☐

7 You'll love this book _____ you like history.

A then ☐ B if ☐ C when ☐

8 You _____ walk home at night. It's dangerous.

A should ☐ B shouldn't to ☐ C shouldn't ☐

9 I don't think you _____ tell your parents about this.

A shouldn't ☐ B should ☐ C should to ☐

10 Nandita couldn't come to my birthday party, but I went to _____.

A her ☐ B she's ☐ C hers ☐

11 He'll be really happy if we _____ him to come with us.

A invited ☐ B invite ☐ C would invite ☐

12 That's not your pen! It's _____.

A my ☐ B my one ☐ C mine ☐

13 Oh, sorry! I picked up _____ phone by mistake.

A yours ☐ B your's ☐ C your ☐

14 If they _____ arrive in five minutes, we'll go.

A didn't ☐ B won't ☐ C don't ☐15 **A** _____ go soon?**B** Yes, we should. It's very late.A Should we ☐ B We should ☐ C Don't we should ☐

16 I don't think you _____ go out tonight. You've got a lot of work to do.

A may ☐ B shouldn't ☐ C should ☐

17 You _____ spend so much money on shoes.

A ought not ☐ B didn't ought ☐ C ought not to ☐18 **A** _____ car is this?**B** It's ours.A Who's ☐ B Whose ☐ C Who ☐

19 If we _____ queues, the other queue will move quicker.

A changed ☐ B change ☐ C will change ☐

20 You shouldn't _____ a lot of coffee. It's bad for you.

A drink ☐ B to drink ☐ C drinking ☐

Quick Test 8**VOCABULARY****a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the correct verb.**

Example: I always _____ a suit to work.

A carry ☐ B wear ✓ C try ☐

- 1 My brother _____ my father.
A looks ☐ B like ☐ C looks like ☐
- 2 Did you _____ that noise? I think a storm is coming.
A hear ☐ B listen to ☐ C listen ☐
- 3 A running club is a good place to _____ people.
A know ☐ B look like ☐ C meet ☐
- 4 He _____ the paintings in the living room.
A watched ☐ B looked at ☐ C looked ☐
- 5 We should hurry or we'll _____ the train.
A miss ☐ B lose ☐ C catch ☐
- 6 Matthew _____ his girlfriend lots of lies.
A said ☐ B told to ☐ C told ☐
- 7 I can _____ you £10 until tomorrow, if you like.
A borrow ☐ B lend ☐ C take ☐
- 8 We _____ for the bus for an hour before it arrived.
A hoped ☐ B expected ☐ C waited ☐
- 9 You _____ very young in this photo.
A look ☐ B look at ☐ C look like ☐
- 10 Ricardo doesn't _____ much money as a waiter.
A win ☐ B earn ☐ C spend ☐

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: Frank works very _____. He spent four hours on his homework!

A fast ☐ B slowly ✓ C slow ☐

- 11 They sang a lovely _____ song.
A sadly ☐ B sadness ☐ C sad ☐
- 12 The children were playing _____ in the garden.
A happy ☐ B happiness ☐ C happily ☐
- 13 Your room is very _____ at the moment.
A tidy ☐ B tidily ☐ C tidying ☐
- 14 Our team played really _____, and we won the match.
A good ☐ B well ☐ C excellent ☐
- 15 Our Spanish teacher speaks too _____ for me to understand.
A quick ☐ B fast ☐ C fastly ☐

Quick Test 8

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: I get _____ at 7.30 every day.

A up ✓ B down ☐ C on ☐

16 She got _____ the bus and walked home.

A on ☐ B to ☐ C off ☐

17 He left work at six and got _____ at 6.30.

A to home ☐ B the home ☐ C home ☐

18 Alex and Maria are getting _____ next year.

A married ☐ B marry ☐ C marrying ☐

19 I get _____ well with my brothers and sisters.

A on ☐ B to ☐ C off ☐

20 He studies a lot and his English is getting _____.

A best ☐ B better ☐ C the best ☐

	20
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PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A lose ☐ B shoes ☐ C pull ✓

1 A should ☐ B food ☐ C good ☐

2 A enough ☐ B would ☐ C just ☐

3 A must ☐ B foot ☐ C love ☐

4 A could ☐ B put ☐ C but ☐

5 A boot ☐ B look ☐ C push ☐

b Which word has a different pronunciation? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A her ✓ B hear ☐ C here ☐

6 A weight ☐ B white ☐ C wait ☐

7 A now ☐ B no ☐ C know ☐

8 A war ☐ B were ☐ C wore ☐

9 A met ☐ B meet ☐ C meat ☐

10 A read ☐ B red ☐ C reared ☐

	10
--	----

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 8

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Make first conditional sentences.

Example: If we / not leave / now / we / miss / the last bus

If we don't leave now, we'll miss the last bus.

1 If Harry / ring / me / I / tell you

2 Yasuko / be / upset / if she / not pass / the exam

3 If you / catch / the 11.15 train / you / get / to London at 12.30

4 I / not be able / to go to work / if it / snow

5 Louise / arrive / on time / if she / take / a taxi

6 They / not go / to the beach / if it / rain

7 If Pablo / miss / the meeting / his boss / be / angry

8 If we / not take / a map / we / get / lost

8

2 Underline the correct word.

Example: Why didn't you answer my / mine email?

1 Is this book **your** / yours or your brother's?

2 This isn't our camera; it's **their** / theirs.

3 Have you seen **her** / hers new computer?

4 Dom and Karin have got a dog. **Its** / Their name is Scooby.

5 That pen is **my** / mine! Give it to me!

6 I don't know where the teacher is, but that's **his** / hers car.

6

3 Make statements and questions with *should* and the words in brackets.

Example: Do you think I should look for another job? (I / look for)

1 _____ so fast. The roads are very icy. (you / not drive)

2 If he wants to learn Spanish, _____ in Spain. (he / study)

3 This computer is old. _____ a new one? (we / buy)

4 _____ to bed late. You've got an exam in the morning. (you / not go)

5 _____ nicer to each other. (people / be)

6 What _____ about my noisy neighbours? (I / do)

6

Grammar total 20

File Test 8

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

4 Underline the correct word(s).

Example: Erica **looks** / **looks like** her sister! They both have blond hair and blue eyes.

- 1 Franco's wife has **done** / **made** a birthday cake for him.
- 2 Is Jameelah going to **wear** / **carry** her new dress for the party?
- 3 I never **borrow** / **lend** money from my friends.
- 4 Harper is a famous singer. She **wins** / **earns** a lot of money.
- 5 We **knew** / **met** Juan's wife for the first time yesterday.
- 6 I hate **waiting** / **hoping** for people when they're late.

6

5 Complete the sentences with an adverb made from the adjective in brackets.

Example: Lin sometimes drives *dangerously*. (dangerous)

- 1 Sharon swims very _____. (good)
- 2 I can't hear you when you speak _____. (quiet)
- 3 Andrei dances _____. (beautiful)
- 4 The children smiled _____. (happy)
- 5 The old man shouted _____ at the cats in his garden. (angry)
- 6 Why do you always walk so _____? (slow)

6

6 Complete the sentences with the correct phrase. There are three extra phrases.

get a ticket get better get divorced get emails get home get on well with get nervous get up get presents get fit ~~get a job~~ get married

Example: I don't have any money. I need to *get a job*.

- 1 I don't have any problems with my neighbours. I _____ them.
- 2 If they leave work now, they'll _____ by five o'clock.
- 3 Do I have to _____ before I get on the bus?
- 4 Maria and Joe have decided to _____. The wedding is in June.
- 5 If we _____ late, we'll miss the train.
- 6 I'm not very well at the moment, but I hope I'll _____ before my holiday.
- 7 People often _____ before interviews.
- 8 He's doing more exercise because he wants to _____.

8

Vocabulary total

20

File Test 8

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Underline five more words which contain the sound /ʊ/.

computer should wood food
 course could hour football
 woman trousers put young

	5
--	---

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: re|ceive

- 1 um|bre|lla
- 2 ad|vice
- 3 de|ci|sion
- 4 sur|pri|sing|ly
- 5 con|di|tio|nal

	5
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Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 8
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****The long journey home**

Last month a computer problem at London's Heathrow airport caused problems with air travel around the world. We interviewed three people about their journeys.

Fumi Watanabe, 37

'It was very stressful. There was no information at the airport. I wanted to know: 'Will there be flights tomorrow? Will the airline give us our money back?' The information desk didn't have any answers, which was really annoying. They should have a plan for this sort of thing. There were thousands of people, all trying to change their journeys at the same time. Some people got angry with the airline workers, which was mean – they were only trying to do their job. I decided to stay at the airport. I thought, 'If a plane arrives, I'll be first in the queue.' I lived in the airport for the next 16 hours. The food was OK, and I even found some showers. It was all very expensive but I kept my receipts. When I finally arrived home, nearly two days late, I was exhausted.'

Charles Henley, 54

'People ought not to panic in these situations. But we do. It's normal human psychology. If we feel trapped, we try to run away or we get angry. That's why people sometimes get angry in traffic jams – they just want to escape. This happens even if we're not physically trapped – so although we are not in danger, we still feel that running is a good idea. The best thing to do, usually, is to stay where you are. I was in Madrid on business when the computers at Heathrow broke down. I didn't go to the airport, I phoned my hotel straight away and booked three extra nights. With my laptop and good wi-fi I could still work easily.'

Rocco Martinez, 25

'When the computer problem began, I was already at the airport. I'd been on holiday in Istanbul for a week but I'd travelled by ferry from Turkey to Greece especially so I could see Athens. Everyone was very upset. You could hear people asking, 'What should we do?' I had to get home to Romania because I had a job interview that Tuesday. Well, if you don't help yourself, you won't get anywhere in this life. I stood on my chair and shouted, 'Is anyone trying to travel to Bucharest?' Lots of people put their hands in the air. We stood together and made a new plan. In the end, I rented a car with a business woman and a student from Bucharest University. We divided the cost equally between the three of us. Although the journey was a little bit stressful, I found it exciting. It was a great story to tell at my interview – and my new boss is pleased that I'm good at solving problems.'

Example: The experience at the airport made Fumi _____.

A angry ☐ B stressed ✓ C nervous ☐

1 Fumi wanted _____ at the airport.

A better information ☐ B a free hotel room ☐ C somewhere to sleep ☐

File Test 8

Reading and Writing A

- 2 All of the passengers at the airport with Fumi wanted to _____.
A stay at the airport ☐ B catch a train ☐ C change their journeys ☐
- 3 Overall, the 16 hours that Fumi spent at the airport were _____.
A dreadful ☐ B all right ☐ C really annoying ☐
- 4 According to Charles, people _____ when they feel trapped.
A want to run ☐ B have to laugh ☐ C get too excited ☐
- 5 Charles compares the situation at the airport with _____.
A being stuck in traffic ☐ B a computer problem at his office ☐ C exercising ☐
- 6 When the computer problem started, Charles was _____.
A on a holiday ☐ B in the airport ☐ C on a work trip ☐
- 7 Rocco particularly wanted to visit _____.
A Istanbul ☐ B Bucharest ☐ C Athens ☐
- 8 Rocco continued his journey _____.
A with two other people ☐ B by ferry ☐ C for free ☐
- 9 Rocco's journey _____ his job interview.
A made him late for ☐ B was helpful in ☐ C was not mentioned in ☐

	9
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2 Write F for Fumi, C for Charles, or R for Rocco.

Example: I didn't have to stop work. C

- 1 'Some people behaved very badly.' _____
- 2 'You shouldn't wait for other people to help you.' _____
- 3 'At times like this, feeling angry is completely normal.' _____
- 4 'My journey was quite exciting.' _____
- 5 'You should keep a record of what you spend.' _____
- 6 'You should stay where you are if there's no danger.' _____

	6
--	---

Reading total		15
---------------	--	----

WRITING

Write an email to a friend who wants to visit you. Answer your friend's questions. (100–150 words)

- When should I come and visit you?
- What will the weather be like then?
- What clothes should I bring?
- How should I get there?
- Is there anything I should do before I come?

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 8

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to the conversation. Tick (✓) A or B.

- 1 If James isn't telling the truth, he'll have to leave the college course.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 2 If Fabio speaks to their teacher, it'll make things worse.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 3 If Fabio sends James a text, he'll probably reply.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 4 If Fabio leaves college now, he'll find James at the park.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 5 If James isn't really ill, he'll explain.
A True ☐ B False ☐

	5
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2 Listen to five people asking for advice. Choose the best advice for each speaker.

- Speaker 1 ☐
 Speaker 2 ☐
 Speaker 3 ☐
 Speaker 4 ☐
 Speaker 5 ☐

- A You should speak to your neighbour.
 B You shouldn't call an ambulance.
 C You shouldn't send an email to your boss.
 D You should tell him how you feel.
 E You shouldn't stay there.

	5
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Listening total		10
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SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 How do you normally get to work / school?
- 2 What do you usually do when you get home from work / school?
- 3 Do you ever get angry? What about?
- 4 Have you ever got lost? What happened?
- 5 How many texts do you get a day? Who are they from?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 8

Listening and Speaking A

2 Read about Yuki's trip to London and answer your partner's questions.

My trip to London

Day 1

missed flight to London / came by train

left suitcase on train

flood at hotel / slept on friend's sofa

Day 2

heavy rain / boat trip cancelled

started to feel ill / went to bed early

3 Now make questions and ask your partner about Augustin's trip to Edinburgh.

- How / Augustin / get to / Edinburgh?
- What happened / his mobile phone?
- What / Augustin / do first?
- What / Augustin / do / next day?
- What / do / that night?

Speaking total		15
----------------	--	----

Listening and Speaking total		25
------------------------------	--	----

9A GRAMMAR *if + past, would / wouldn't + infinitive (second conditional)*

a Complete the conversations with the second conditional forms of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 **A** Look at Hannah. She's so lazy.
B I know. If the boss came in now, he wouldn't be very happy. (come, not be).
- 2 **A** What _____ if Adam _____ you out on a date? (you say, ask)
B I think I _____ 'yes'! (say)
- 3 **A** Ouch! My tooth hurts.
B You _____ so many problems with your teeth if you _____ to the dentist more often. (not have, go)
- 4 **A** Is the answer to number 5 A or B?
B If I _____ the answer, I _____ you. But I don't! (know, tell)
- 5 **A** Why don't you cycle to work?
B I _____ if I _____ nearer the office, but I live too far away. (cycle, live)
- 6 **A** Wow! Those shoes are great.
I _____ them if I _____ more money. (buy, have)
B Well, you _____ more money if you _____ shopping so often. (have, not go)
- 7 **A** If you _____ the lottery, how _____ the money? (win, you spend)
B I _____ a big house in the country. (buy)
- 8 **A** I'm so tired!
B We _____ much better if the neighbours' baby _____ all night. (sleep, not cry)



b First or second conditional? Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 What will we do tomorrow if it rains (rain)?
- 2 If I had a lot of money, I'd buy (buy) a horse.
- 3 She'd pass her exams if she _____ (study) harder.
- 4 I'm sure she _____ (lend) you the money if you ask her nicely.
- 5 I'd like your dog more if he _____ (not be) so noisy!
- 6 If I _____ (not see) you this evening, I'll see you on Friday.
- 7 I _____ (not say) anything to James if you don't want me to.
- 8 If you _____ (not hurry up), we'll miss the train.
- 9 If I were you, I _____ (not go) to the UK in the winter.
- 10 What _____ you _____ (do) if you found a snake in your bed?

ACTIVATION

Complete the sentences with your own ideas.

If I could live in another country, I...

If the weather is good this weekend, I...

If I were the President, I...

If I get bored this evening, I...

9A VOCABULARY Animal quiz

Read the definitions and write the animals in the **ANIMAL** column.

ANIMAL

1 This animal lives in Australia and carries its baby in a pocket.

2 It's an insect which makes honey. It's yellow and black.

3 This animal lives in the sea and is very clever.

4 It's an animal which can live for two weeks with no water.

5 The cartoon character Bugs Bunny is one of these.

6 They're soft round sea animals. If one touches you, it really hurts!

7 This animal has a very long neck and lives in Africa.

8 These animals give milk which people drink.

9 This animal has a very warm, white coat.

10 It's a very small insect which bites people at night.

11 The plural of this animal is *mice*.

12 This animal lives in rivers. It's green or grey and has a lot of teeth.

13 It's a very big, grey animal from Africa or India.

14 This animal is a long, thin reptile, and many people are scared of it.

15 People rode this animal before they had cars.

16 This animal is 'the king of the jungle'.

17 It's a very big, orange and black cat.

18 This animal lives on a farm and has a curly tail.

19 People say this animal will attack you if you're wearing something red.

20 This animal comes out at night. It can fly, but it isn't a bird.



ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the **ANIMAL** column and look at the definitions 1–20. Can you remember the animals?

9A COMMUNICATIVE I think you'd...

Student A

a Complete the sentences about **B**.

- 1 If you could be anywhere in the world right now, I think you'd choose to be in _____.
- 2 If you bought a new car today, I think you'd buy a _____.
- 3 If you didn't study English, I think you'd like to study _____.
- 4 If we had lunch together, I think we'd go to _____.
- 5 If you could go to a concert tonight, I think you'd go and see _____.
- 6 If you could go to an English-speaking country, I think you'd go to _____.
- 7 If you could choose your ideal job, I think you'd like to be a / an _____.
- 8 If you did a new sport / hobby, I think you'd like to _____.
- 9 If you bought a new flat or house, I think you'd buy one in _____.
- 10 If you got a new pet, I think you'd get a _____.

b Read your sentences to **B**. Were you right?

c Listen to **B**'s sentences about you. Tell him / her if they are right or wrong, and why.

Student B

a Complete the sentences about **A**.

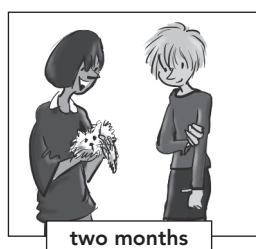
- 1 If you had a big problem, I think you'd speak to _____.
- 2 If you could be an animal, I think you'd like to be a / an _____.
- 3 If you went to a karaoke bar, I think you'd sing _____.
- 4 If you had enough money, I think you'd buy a _____.
- 5 If somebody wanted to buy you a present, I think you'd love a / some _____.
- 6 If you could change one thing in your house or flat, I think you'd _____.
- 7 If you could learn to play a musical instrument well, I think you'd choose _____.
- 8 If someone invited you to a very expensive restaurant, I think you'd order _____.
- 9 If you could appear on a TV programme, I think you'd appear on _____.
- 10 If you could meet a famous person, I think you'd like to meet _____.

b Listen to **A**'s sentences about you. Tell him / her if they are right or wrong, and why.

c Read your sentences to **A**. Were you right?

9B GRAMMAR present perfect + *for* and *since*

a Complete the conversations with the present perfect form of the verb + *for* or *since* if necessary.

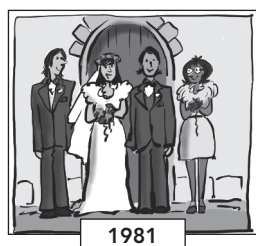


have

- 1 A How long have you had your cat?
B I've had him for two months now.

work

- 2 A How long _____ your daughter _____ in New York?
B She _____ there _____ four years.



be married

- 3 A How long _____ you _____?
B I _____ 1981.

be

- 4 A How long _____ your mum _____ a journalist?
B She _____ a journalist _____ she left university.



know

- 5 A How long _____ they _____ each other?
B They _____ each other _____ 50 years.

live

- 6 A How long _____ you _____ here?
B We _____ here _____ 2006.



have

- 7 A How long _____ you _____ this phobia?
B I _____ it _____ about 2010.

play

- 8 A How long _____ you _____ for this team?
B I _____ for them _____ I was 17.



b **Test your memory.** Cover the conversations and look at the pictures. Can you remember the conversations?

ACTIVATION

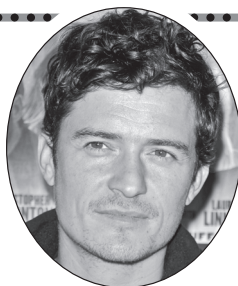
Write four sentences about yourself, two with the present perfect + *for*, and two with the present perfect + *since*.

Student A



Scarlett Johansson This famous American actress has katsaridaphobia, which means she's afraid of cockroaches. She's had the phobia since she was a child, but it got worse when she lived in New York at the beginning of her career. Once, she woke up with a cockroach on her face and another one in her shoe! Since then, she's absolutely hated them. She's also quite afraid of birds, which was a bit of a problem for her while filming *We Bought A Zoo*.

True or false?



Orlando Bloom Have you seen *Pirates of the Caribbean*? If you have, then you'll probably remember this actor who appears in the film. But this 'brave' actor has a serious phobia which is swinophobia. This means that he is afraid of pigs. He has been afraid of them since he was a teenager. Although this phobia isn't very common, it's had a direct effect on his career. A director asked him to be in the film *Animal Farm* but Orlando said no because it meant that he had to work with a pig.

True or false?



Oprah Winfrey This American talk show host and producer is one of the most influential women in the world. However, she suffers from chiclephobia, which means she has a fear of chewing gum. Apparently, she has banned people from chewing gum at her production studio. She has had the phobia since she was a child. It started when she saw her grandmother putting her chewing gum in the kitchen cupboards.

True or false?

Student B



Justin Timberlake This singer and actor is from the USA. He has to travel a lot because of his job, and sometimes the arachnophobia he suffers from is a problem for him. He's been afraid of spiders for a long time. He thinks his phobia started at the age of seven or eight when he found a spider in his bed. Last year, he was staying in a hotel and saw a spider in the bathroom. He couldn't kill it, so he asked the receptionist to come and kill it for him!

True or false?



Rihanna This famous singer and actress comes from the island of Barbados. So perhaps it's strange that she has ichthyophobia – she is afraid of fish and other sea animals. She's had this phobia for a long time. Once, she was on a beach in Barbados and she went in the water. She could see lots of small fish swimming around her feet. She was so afraid that a man had to take her out of the water. Since then, she's been really afraid of them.

True or false?



Robert De Niro This Hollywood mega-star is probably one of the greatest actors of all time. However, many of us have something in common with him. He has dentophobia, which means he's afraid of the dentist. He has suffered from it since he made the film *Cape Fear*. Before filming, he paid a dentist \$5,000 to make his teeth look bad enough for the role of Max Cady in the film. Then, after filming, he paid a dentist \$20,000 to repair his teeth. That's dedication to his job!

True or false?

9C GRAMMAR present perfect or past simple? (2)

- a Complete the conversations with the present perfect or the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 A How long have you played (play) the violin?
B Since I was (be) four. I _____ (love) music all my life.
A Was it a difficult instrument to learn?
B It _____ (be) very hard when I _____ (start).
- 2 A _____ your brother _____ (finish) university?
B Yes, he _____ (finish) three weeks ago.
A What's he going to do now?
B He _____ (not decide) yet.
- 3 A Where do your parents live?
B In Brighton. They _____ (live) there since last year. Before that they _____ (live) in Birmingham.
A Why _____ they _____ (leave) Birmingham?
B Because my dad _____ (retire), and they _____ (want) to live near the sea.
- 4 A I _____ (see) Oliver yesterday. He _____ (tell) me about your plans to move to Australia.
B Yes, I'm very excited...and a bit nervous too.
A _____ you ever _____ (live) abroad before?
B No, never. I _____ (never be) very interested in travelling.
A How about your wife?
B Oh, Lily loves travelling! She _____ (visit) lots of different countries.
- 5 A _____ you _____ (hear) about Andy and Francesca?
B No. What?
A They _____ (separate).
B Really? That's a pity. I _____ (think) they were very happy together.
- 6 A Is your brother married?
B Yes, he _____ (be) married for ages – about ten years. He _____ (meet) his wife Sarah when they were both at secondary school. They _____ (get) married when they _____ (be) only 18.

- b Practise the conversations with a partner.

ACTIVATION

Complete the sentences with information about real people (either people you know or famous people).

- 1 _____ and _____ were married for about _____ years.
2 _____ and _____ have been married since _____.
3 _____ lived in _____ for about _____ years.
4 _____ have / has lived in _____ for about _____ years.

Student A

a Read the biographies.



Bob Dylan is a singer and songwriter who was born in Minnesota in ¹ _____. In 1961, he left university, and he went to ² _____. His real surname was ³ _____, but he changed it to Dylan in 1962 after the famous Welsh poet Dylan Thomas. He became very famous in the 60s with songs like *The Times They are a-Changin'* and *Blowing in the Wind*, which inspired people to protest against war and injustice. The folk singer Joan Baez helped him become famous because ⁴ _____. In 1965, he married Sara Lownds and they had five children, but they divorced in 1977. He has recorded ⁵ _____ albums, and he still writes music and plays in concerts. He's also an artist; he has produced seven books of ⁶ _____. In 2016, he received the ⁷ _____.



Jakob Dylan is a singer and songwriter. He was born in New York in 1969. His father is the famous musician Bob Dylan. He has two brothers and two sisters. When he was in high school, Jakob played the guitar in several bands. In 1988, he moved to New York to study Art, but he started writing songs instead. He formed a band, The Wallflowers, and they have released six albums and won two Grammy awards. They also recorded a version of David Bowie's song *Heroes* for the soundtrack of the film *Godzilla*. Jakob has composed some music for TV shows and other musicians. He has also recorded two solo albums. He's been married to his wife Paige since 1992, and they have four children.

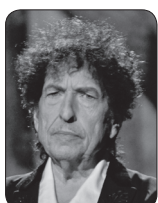
b Complete the questions you need to ask B to find out the missing information about Bob Dylan.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 When _____ born? | 5 How many albums _____? |
| 2 Where _____ to in 1961? | 6 What kind of books _____? |
| 3 _____ his real surname? | 7 What prize _____ in 2016? |
| 4 How _____ him become famous? | |

c Ask B the questions and complete Bob Dylan's biography. Answer B's questions about Jakob Dylan. What do the father and son have in common?

Student B

a Read the biographies.



Bob Dylan is a singer and songwriter who was born in Minnesota in 1941. In 1961, he left university and he went to New York. His real surname was Zimmerman, but he changed it to Dylan in 1962 after the famous Welsh poet Dylan Thomas. He became very famous in the 60s with songs like *The Times They are a-Changin'* and *Blowing in the Wind*, which inspired people to protest against the government. The folk singer Joan Baez helped him become famous because she sang his songs and made them popular. In 1965, he married Sara Lownds and they had five children, but they divorced in 1977. He has recorded more than 35 albums, and he still writes music and plays in concerts. He's also an artist; he has produced seven books of paintings and drawings. In 2016, he received the Nobel Prize in Literature.



Jakob Dylan is a ¹ _____. He was born in New York in ² _____. His father is the famous musician Bob Dylan. He has ³ _____ brothers and _____ sisters. When he was in high school, Jakob played the guitar in several bands. In 1988, he moved to New York to study Art, but he started writing songs instead. He formed a band, The Wallflowers, and they have released ⁴ _____ albums and won two Grammy awards. They also recorded a version of David Bowie's song ⁵ _____ for the soundtrack of the film *Godzilla*. Jakob has composed some music for ⁶ _____. He has also recorded two solo albums. He's been married to his wife Paige since ⁷ _____ and they have four children together.

b Complete the questions you need to ask A to find out the missing information about Jakob Dylan.

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| 1 What _____ do? | 5 Which David Bowie song _____? |
| 2 When _____ born? | 6 Who _____ music for? |
| 3 How many brothers and sisters _____? | 7 How long _____ married? |
| 4 How many albums _____? | |

c Answer A's questions about Bob Dylan. Ask A the questions and complete Jakob Dylan's biography. What do the father and son have in common?

Quick Test 9**GRAMMAR****Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.**

Example: We _____ been to China before.

A haven't ✓ B aren't ☐ C don't ☐

1 We would travel more if we didn't _____ two dogs.

A had ☐ B to have ☐ C have ☐

2 When _____ school?

A did you leave ☐ B have you left ☐ C did you left ☐

3 I have always _____ afraid of snakes.

A be ☐ B been ☐ C gone ☐

4 If I _____ you, I would buy a bigger TV. That one's too small.

A were ☐ B have been ☐ C could be ☐

5 If I _____ English better, I'd travel around Australia.

A speak ☐ B will speak ☐ C spoke ☐

6 How long _____ here?

A are you work ☐ B do you work ☐ C have you worked ☐

7 I've been a university student _____.

A for two years ☐ B since two years ☐ C two years ago ☐

8 I _____ be so tired if I slept more.

A won't ☐ B wouldn't ☐ C didn't ☐

9 My grandmother, who died in 1985, _____ an interesting life.

A has had ☐ B had ☐ C has ☐

10 We've lived here _____ I was a young child.

A for ☐ B since ☐ C when ☐

11 We've been in this flat _____ last year.

A since ☐ B for ☐ C in ☐

12 Your brother's an actor! How many films _____ he made?

A did ☐ B have ☐ C has ☐

13 She _____ in this city since she was ten.

A lives ☐ B has lived ☐ C is living ☐

14 _____ you stop working if you were rich?

A Would ☐ B Will ☐ C Do ☐

15 How _____ have you known my sister?

A many time ☐ B much time ☐ C long ☐

16 When _____ your parents meet?

A have ☐ B has ☐ C did ☐17 **A** Have you ever climbed a mountain?**B** Yes, I have. It _____ in 2007.A was ☐ B has been ☐ C been ☐

18 My mum was a teacher _____ 25 years before retiring.

A for ☐ B since ☐ C during ☐

19 If we _____ work tomorrow, we'd stay longer at the party.

A have to ☐ B didn't have to ☐ C don't have ☐

20 What _____ she do if she lost her job?

A will ☐ B would ☐ C did ☐

Quick Test 9**VOCABULARY****a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences in the biography.**

Example: He was _____ in 1931.

A birth ☐ B born ✓ C die ☐

- 1 He went to _____ school when he was five.
A primary ☐ B secondary ☐ C university ☐
- 2 He _____ secondary school when he was eighteen.
A left ☐ B went to ☐ C retired ☐
- 3 He got _____ in a hospital.
A a job ☐ B some job ☐ C to a job ☐
- 4 He _____ in love when he was twenty-four.
A jumped ☐ B caught ☐ C fell ☐
- 5 He _____ when he was twenty-seven.
A got married ☐ B was marry ☐ C got marry ☐
- 6 They _____ their first child when he was thirty.
A got ☐ B had ☐ C became ☐
- 7 He and his wife _____ in 1970.
A have separated ☐ B were separate ☐ C separated ☐
- 8 They _____ two years later.
A divorce ☐ B got divorced ☐ C get divorced ☐
- 9 He _____ when he was sixty-five.
A retired ☐ B dead ☐ C left ☐
- 10 He _____ when he was seventy-eight.
A leave ☐ B died ☐ C retire ☐

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the correct animal.

Example: A _____ bit me last night when I was sleeping.

A dolphin ☐ B mosquito ✓ C butterfly ☐

- 11 _____ have very long necks.
A Giraffes ☐ B Lions ☐ C Bears ☐
- 12 A _____ is a very dangerous fish.
A dolphin ☐ B shark ☐ C whale ☐
- 13 Mickey _____ is a famous Disney character.
A Cow ☐ B Kangaroo ☐ C Mouse ☐
- 14 Be careful! There's a _____ on that flower.
A butterfly ☐ B bee ☐ C chicken ☐
- 15 The _____ is the king of the jungle.
A horse ☐ B lion ☐ C whale ☐

Quick Test 9

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences about phobias.

Example: Many people are afraid _____ spiders.

A for ☐ B by ☐ C of ☒

- 16 My baby son is _____ of the dark.
A terrible ☐ B terror ☐ C terrified ☐
- 17 Not many people suffer _____ this phobia.
A of ☐ B from ☐ C for ☐
- 18 My sister has a terrible _____ of heights.
A afraid ☐ B scared ☐ C fear ☐
- 19 Some children are _____ of school.
A frightened ☐ B frightening ☐ C frighten ☐
- 20 When the lift stopped, Lisa started to _____.
A panic ☐ B anxious ☐ C dizzy ☐

	20
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PRONUNCIATION

a Which word is NOT stressed in the sentence? Tick (✓) A, B, or C. (All the unstressed words have the /ə/ vowel sound.)

Example: I have had a phobia since I was young.

A was ☒ B phobia ☐ C young ☐

- 1 I can look at water, but I can't swim in it.
A can ☐ B can't ☐ C swim ☐
- 2 We lived there for ten years.
A years ☐ B lived ☐ C for ☐
- 3 Have you seen this film?
A film ☐ B have ☐ C seen ☐
- 4 He hasn't known us for long.
A hasn't ☐ B known ☐ C us ☐
- 5 I don't like mosquitoes and spiders.
A don't ☐ B like ☐ C and ☐

b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A afternoon ✓ B afternoon ☐ C afternoon ☐

- 6 A phobia ☐ B phobia ☐ C phobia ☐
- 7 A terrified ☐ B terrified ☐ C terrified ☐
- 8 A mosquito ☐ B mosquito ☐ C mosquito ☐
- 9 A allergic ☐ B allergic ☐ C allergic ☐
- 10 A aggressive ☐ B aggressive ☐ C aggressive ☐

	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	
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	50
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File Test 9

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences with *for* or *since*.

Example: They've known each other since they were at university.

- 1 I've been a doctor _____ 2010.
- 2 We've lived here _____ a long time.
- 3 I haven't seen Jun _____ Tuesday.
- 4 Antonia's been at work _____ 6 o'clock this morning.
- 5 Lily and Fred have been married _____ three years.

	5
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2 Complete the sentences. Put the verb in brackets in the present perfect or the past simple.

Example: Did you meet (meet) any interesting people when you went on holiday?

- 1 We _____ (not see) Micaela since she moved to Valencia.
- 2 Peter and his wife _____ (buy) a holiday home in Greece last year.
- 3 How long _____ you _____ (work) in this factory?
- 4 Monica _____ (not say) goodbye when she left.
- 5 My grandmother _____ (live) in Italy for ten years. She's really happy there.
- 6 I _____ (not study) German when I was at school.
- 7 What time _____ they _____ (arrive) at the airport?

	7
--	---

3 Complete the second conditional sentences using the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Example: If I didn't have to (not have to) work tomorrow, I 'd go out (go out) tonight.

- 1 If they _____ (have) enough money, they _____ (buy) a new car.
- 2 We _____ (travel) around India if we _____ (not have) young children.
- 3 Mia's parents _____ (be) disappointed if she _____ (not do) well at university.
- 4 You _____ (get) better marks if you _____ (work) harder.
- 5 If I _____ (be) you, I _____ (stop) smoking.
- 6 Kwasi _____ (not get) lost if he _____ (use) the satnav in his car.
- 7 We _____ (lose) weight if we _____ (stop) eating chocolate.
- 8 If I _____ (see) a snake in my house, I _____ (scream) for help!

	8
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Grammar total		20
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File Test 9

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

4 Complete the sentences with the words.

heights fear ~~afraid~~ suffers phobia
panic frightened

Example: I haven't swum in the sea for years. I'm afraid of water.

- 1 I saw the spider and started to _____. My heart was beating very fast.
- 2 Liban doesn't like the lifts at work. He _____ from a phobia of small spaces.
- 3 Jenny never travels by plane. She has a _____ about flying.
- 4 As a doctor, I regularly talk to people who are _____ of me.
- 5 I can't climb trees. I'm scared of _____.
- 6 My sister has a _____ of dogs. She's frightened when they bark.

6

5 Complete the life events with the correct verb. You can use some verbs more than once.

be fall get go have
retire start

Example: go to primary school

- 1 _____ children
- 2 _____ work
- 3 _____ married
- 4 _____ in love
- 5 _____ to university
- 6 _____ born
- 7 _____ divorced
- 8 _____ from work

8

6 Underline the odd word out.

Example: mouse bird rabbit cat

- 1 whale chicken dolphin shark
- 2 pig horse tiger cow
- 3 spider bee butterfly mosquito
- 4 monkey elephant lion snake
- 5 goat mice cow bear
- 6 bat sheep camel goat

6

Vocabulary total	20
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File Test 9

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Match the words with the same sound.

butterfly	crocodile	horse
lion	pig	sheep

Example: born horse

- 1 separate _____
- 2 leave _____
- 3 divorce _____
- 4 love _____
- 5 retire _____

	5
--	---

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: pho|bia

- 1 fright|ened
- 2 cro|co|dile
- 3 kan|ga|roo
- 4 di|vorced
- 5 gi|raffe

	5
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Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 9
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****Safety on safari**

Do you want to see lions and elephants, buffalo and crocodiles, and many other wild animals? For 35 years Go Botswana have provided expert safari holidays. All safaris have an element of danger. That's what makes them fun! But do you know what the real dangers are?

Hippos

Hippos are the second largest animal in Africa – only the elephant is bigger. The males weigh as much as three small cars! Hippos are also the most dangerous land animal you will meet on safari. That might sound surprising because most people think hippos are slow and lazy. But if you saw a hippo get angry, you'd soon change your mind. They can run very fast and they have very big teeth. In fact, they killed around 500 people across Africa last year. During the hot African day, hippos need to keep cool. They spend almost all day asleep in rivers and lakes. It isn't a good idea to go swimming while you're on safari. We also suggest that you don't walk on the lake beaches at night, as this is when hippos are awake.

Safety tips

If all safari tourists followed these simple rules, the number of people hurt by animals each year would go down.

- Stay in your vehicle. If you see an interesting animal, do not get out of your safari vehicle to take a picture. It's not a good idea to see how close you can get to a lion. Our drivers will get you to the closest and safest possible location.
- Don't wave at the animals. Animals can become aggressive if people wave their hands or other objects at them. Remember, humans are dangerous too – it's a good idea for these animals to be afraid of us.
- If you meet an animal that seems nervous, stay quiet and walk backwards to get away.
- Always wear walking boots and long socks. You will be walking in long grass and also on the beaches around our lake areas. Wearing the correct shoes will protect you from snakes, scorpions and biting spiders.

Example: This holiday is for people who are interested in animals.

A True ✓ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

1 Go Botswana have organized holidays for about 10 years.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 Safari holidays in Botswana can be dangerous.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

3 Hippos are bigger than elephants.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

File Test 9

Reading and Writing A

- 4 Female hippos are more dangerous than male hippos.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 Hippos spend most of the day in water.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 Hippos can stay under water for five minutes.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 If tourists followed the safety tips, there wouldn't be as many people hurt by animals.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 You can leave the vehicle to take pictures if the driver says it's OK.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 Wild animals are frightened of humans because we can be dangerous.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 If all tourists wore walking boots, they would be safer from snakes.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

	10
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2 Read the article again and answer the questions.

- 1 How much does a male hippo weigh?

- 2 What do most people think about hippos?

- 3 What can happen if you wave at the animals?

- 4 Where will the safari drivers take you?

- 5 When is it a good idea to walk backwards on safari?

	5
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Reading total		15
---------------	--	----

WRITING

Write about animals in your country. Answer these questions. (100–150 words)

- What's the most dangerous animal in your country?
- Are you afraid of any animals or insects?
- Would you like to see hippos on a safari? Why/Why not?
- What's your favourite animal?
- If you could have any animal as a pet, which one would it be?

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 9

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to Kylie talking about her phobia. Underline the correct word(s).

- 1 Nicola has been scared of dogs **since she was five** / since she was a **teenager**.
- 2 She starts to panic if she sees **more than one dog** / a black dog.
- 3 She **has** / **hasn't** tried therapy before.
- 4 Virtual reality therapy was developed **about 25 years ago** / 10 months ago.
- 5 In the early 1990s, a doctor used the technology to cure his fear of **spiders** / heights.

	5
--	---

2 Listen to five conversations. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- 1 How long has Tilda worked in the film industry?
A 22 years. ☐ B Since she was 22. ☐ C 2 years. ☐
- 2 How many cats does the cat café have?
A Three. ☐ B Two. ☐ C Twelve. ☐
- 3 When was the last time Fei felt frightened?
A Yesterday. ☐ B This morning. ☐ C Now. ☐
- 4 When did Malik start working as a police officer?
A 10 years ago. ☐ B 3 years ago. ☐ C 1 year ago. ☐
- 5 How long has Rob been on holiday?
A Two days. ☐ B He's just arrived. ☐ C Last week. ☐

	5
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Listening total		10
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SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 How long have you studied English?
- 2 Where do you live? How long have you lived there?
- 3 Who's your best friend? How long have you known him / her?
- 4 Are you afraid of anything? How long have you been afraid of that?
- 5 What's your favourite hobby? How long have you done that?

Now answer your partner's questions.

2 Read the information about Max and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Max Hartmann
Age: 28
Occupation: dentist / 5 years
Interests: skiing / 15 years; playing the guitar / 3 years
Scared of: bats / 21 years

File Test 9

Listening and Speaking A

3 Now make questions and ask about the woman in your partner's information.

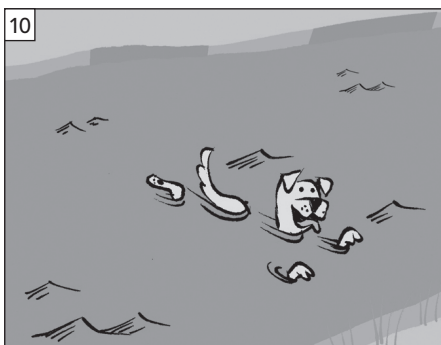
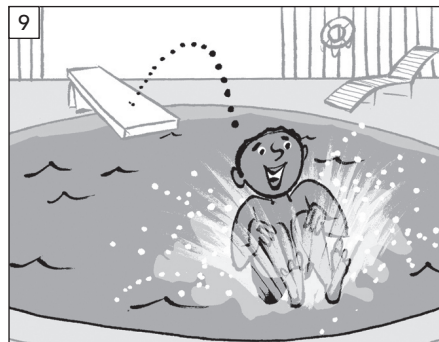
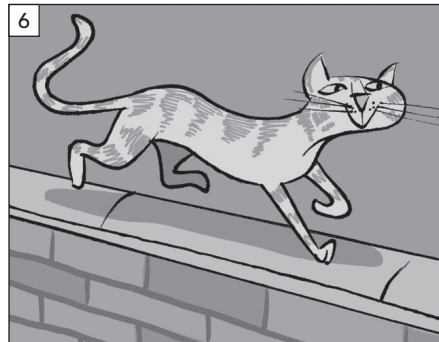
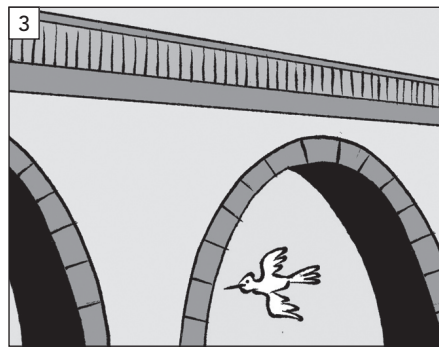
- name?
- age?
- job? how long?
- interests? how long?
- scared of? how long?

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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10A GRAMMAR expressing movement

Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with a preposition of movement.



- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 A police helicopter flew <u>over</u> the houses. | 8 The boy is climbing _____ the tree. |
| 2 The robber fell _____ the stairs. | 9 He jumped _____ the swimming pool. |
| 3 A bird flew _____ the bridge. | 10 The dog swam _____ the river. |
| 4 They danced _____ the fire. | 11 The rock star threw a TV _____ the window. |
| 5 The policeman walked _____ the car. | 12 The skiers are skiing _____ the mountain. |
| 6 The cat ran _____ the wall. | |
| 7 The road goes _____ the village. | |

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the sentences and look at the pictures. Say the sentences.

10A VOCABULARY Expressing movement

● Work with a partner. Read the questions and write the words.

Can you think of...?

1

two things you can **swim across**

2

two things you can **go up**

3

two places you can **walk across**

4

three sports where you **hit** something **over** a net

5

three objects you sometimes **put into** your pocket

6

something a magician **takes out of** a hat

7

two places you can't **go into** without a ticket

8

two forms of transport you can **get on** or **get off**

9

one Olympic sport where you **run around** a city

10

two things you can **stand under** if it's raining

11

two things you might see if you **fly over** London

12

two jobs where people **take** things **from** one place **to** another

13

two sports where you **go round and round** a track

14

two animals which can **climb up** trees

15

one game where you **move** pieces **across** a board

ACTIVATION

Test your partner.

(Can you remember...?

10B GRAMMAR word order of phrasal verbs

- a What are the people doing? Complete each sentence with a phrasal verb. Use one word from each list.

get (x2) go look pick put take throw ~~turn~~ write

away (x2) down for off on (x2) up (x2)



- 1 She's turning on the TV.

- 2 He's _____ his shoes.



- 3 They're _____ the questions.

- 4 He's _____ her books.



- 5 She's _____ for the weekend.

- 6 He's _____ the newspaper.



- 7 She's _____ her phone.

- 8 He's _____ early.



- 9 She's _____ her coat.

- 10 They're _____ well.



- b Circle the right answer. Tick (✓) if both are correct.

- Can I **try on this jacket** / **try this jacket on**, please? ✓
- I can't hear the music. Can you **turn it up** / **turn up it**?
- They're my sister's children. I'm **looking after them** / **looking them after**.
- Jane called when you were out. Can you **call her back** / **call back her**?
- Turn off your mobiles** / **Turn your mobiles off** before the exam begins.
- Your clothes are all over the floor. Please **pick up them** / **pick them up**.
- I can't find my car keys. Can you help me **look for them** / **look them for**?
- If I lend you the money, when will you **pay me back** / **pay back me**?

ACTIVATION

Test your memory. Cover the sentences in a. Look at the pictures and say what's happening.

10B VOCABULARY Phrasal verbs

Circle the correct phrasal verb to complete each sentence.

- 1 Can you look after our cat? We're going away / going out.
- 2 We have to **be over** / **set off** at 6.00 if we want to get to the cinema in time.
- 3 I really can't cook. I tried to make a cake last week, but we had to **throw it away** / **give it up**.
- 4 Could you **turn the music down** / **turn the music up**? I'm trying to sleep!
- 5 I think I drink too much coffee. I should **give it up** / **look it up**.
- 6 To get a passport you have to **write down** / **fill in** two forms.
- 7 A That's a really nice shirt.
B They have it in your size. Why don't you **turn it on** / **try it on**?
- 8 Could you go to the supermarket? We've **run out of** / **put on** eggs and oil.
- 9 I had to **look for** / **look after** my mother last week because she was ill.
- 10 A When's your birthday?
B Next Saturday! I'm really **looking forward to** / **looking round** it because I'm having a big party.
- 11 I can't hear what they're saying on the news! Could you **turn up** / **turn off** the volume?
- 12 Can you send me a link to that travel blog? I want to **find out** / **set off** things to do in Valencia.
- 13 The alarm will **go off** / **be over** at 7.00 tomorrow morning because I need to be at work by 8.00. Sorry!
- 14 I don't like this book very much, but Martin says I should **go on** / **get off** reading it because it gets better.
- 15 It's snowing! Are you going outside? You should **put on** / **take off** a warm jacket.
- 16 I bought this skirt online, but I don't like it. I think I'm going to **give it back** / **send it back**.
- 17 Do you want to go home now? I'm leaving and I could **drop you off** / **take you out** on the way.
- 18 I need to **write down** / **look up** his phone number or I'll forget it!
- 19 Nicola is **looking for** / **looking up** a new flat. She doesn't like where she's living now.
- 20 I didn't know how to pronounce 'quiet' until I **looked it up** / **turned it up** in the dictionary.

ACTIVATION

Work with a partner. Can you think of two things you can...?

- turn up or down
- look after
- run out of
- put on or take off

10C GRAMMAR the passive: be + past participle

- a Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the present or past passive form of the verbs in brackets.



- 1 The film *Jurassic Park* is based on the book by Michael Crichton. (base)
- 2 The symbol of the Olympic Games _____ in 1912. (design)
- 3 Four national languages _____ in Switzerland. (speak)
- 4 The pyramids _____ nearly 5,000 years ago. (build)
- 5 About 350 films _____ at the Berlin Film Festival every year. (show)
- 6 P4 is a very small new moon which _____ in 2011. (discover)
- 7 Seat belts _____ in planes until the 1930s. (not use)
- 8 The *Hunger Games* books _____ by Suzanne Collins. (write)
- 9 The first smartphone _____ in 1992 by IBM. (invent)
- 10 *Pétanque* _____ a lot all over France. (play)
- 11 *The Last Supper* _____ by Leonardo da Vinci. (paint)
- 12 The Eiffel Tower _____ by about seven million people a year. (visit)

- b Cover the sentences and look at the pictures. Can you remember the sentences?

ACTIVATION

- 1 Write two past passive sentences about inventions or discoveries made by someone from your country.
- 2 Write two present passive sentences about things that are produced, grown, or made somewhere in your country.

Quick Test 10**GRAMMAR****Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.**

Example: Go ____! I'm busy.

A out ☐ B away ☒ C on ☐

- 1 Jordan's looking ____ the house for his wallet.
A around ☐ B over ☐ C into ☐
- 2 Your boots are dirty! Please take ____ outside.
A off ☐ B off them ☐ C them off ☐
- 3 Let's get ____ the house and go for a walk.
A through ☐ B out of ☐ C along ☐
- 4 This form is in Chinese. I can't fill ____.
A it in ☐ B in it ☐ C it ☐
- 5 We walked ____ the park.
A through ☐ B over ☐ C under ☐
- 6 A lot of books ____ into other languages.
A are translate ☐ B are translated ☐ C is translated ☐
- 7 Thousands of disposable coffee cups ____ every day in the UK.
A are used ☐ B used ☐ C are use ☐
- 8 When was this castle ____?
A build ☐ B built ☐ C be built ☐
- 9 I can't find my passport. Please help me ____.
A look for ☐ B look it for ☐ C look for it ☐
- 10 Here are your shoes. ____.
A Put them on ☐ B Put on they ☐ C Put on them ☐
- 11 Fiat cars ____ in Italy.
A are make ☐ B be made ☐ C are made ☐
- 12 Your towel's on the floor. Pick ____, please.
A up it ☐ B it up ☐ C up ☐
- 13 The film was directed ____ Alfred Hitchcock.
A for ☐ B from ☐ C by ☐
- 14 When ____ mobile phones invented?
A are ☐ B was ☐ C were ☐
- 15 Don't jump ____ the pool. The water isn't deep.
A into ☐ B through ☐ C over ☐
- 16 Your phone will break if you don't ____.
A look after it ☐ B look after ☐ C look it after ☐
- 17 How ____?
A it's wine cheese ☐ B is wine made ☐ C wine is made ☐
- 18 All of the children ____ a present when they left the school.
A were given ☐ B did given ☐ C were gave ☐
- 19 Who ____ photography?
A is invented ☐ B was invented ☐ C invented ☐
- 20 In tennis you hit the ball ____ a net.
A into ☐ B along ☐ C over ☐

Quick Test 10**VOCABULARY****a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the correct preposition.**

Example: The train went through the tunnel.

A across ☐ B through ✓ C down ☐

- 1 We walked up the hill and then _____ again.
A down ☐ B along ☐ C towards ☐
- 2 Sorry, I've broken your cup. It fell _____ the floor.
A over ☐ B down ☐ C onto ☐
- 3 The dog ran _____ the road.
A across ☐ B through ☐ C opposite ☐
- 4 Christine fell _____ the river.
A across ☐ B into ☐ C over ☐
- 5 Pass the ball _____ me!
A round ☐ B along ☐ C to ☐
- 6 When I took my phone _____ my pocket, I could see it was broken.
A past ☐ B out of ☐ C off ☐
- 7 You have to walk _____ six floors to get to our flat.
A over ☐ B along ☐ C up ☐
- 8 You drove _____ me today, but you didn't see me.
A across ☐ B past ☐ C through ☐
- 9 In athletics you have to run _____ a track.
A over ☐ B across ☐ C round ☐
- 10 Which road goes _____ the beach?
A towards ☐ B into ☐ C down ☐

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: I took the book _____ to the library.

A away ☐ B back ✓ C up ☐

- 11 Turn the music _____. It's too loud.
A up ☐ B down ☐ C on ☐
- 12 We're looking _____ to our holiday next week.
A forward ☐ B out ☐ C for ☐
- 13 You should _____ up smoking. It's not good for you.
A stop ☐ B go ☐ C give ☐
- 14 Could you _____ out what time the film starts?
A put ☐ B find ☐ C go ☐
- 15 The match will _____ over in ten minutes.
A have ☐ B get ☐ C be ☐

Quick Test 10

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: We have _____ lessons every afternoon.

A English ✓ B England ☐ C the English ☐

16 _____ often eat dinner late in the evening.

A Spanish ☐ B Spain ☐ C The Spanish ☐

17 I have a _____ watch.

A Switzerland ☐ B Swiss ☐ C the Swiss ☐

18 Tobias visited _____ last year.

A Argentina ☐ B Argentinian ☐ C the Argentinian ☐

19 Cinema was invented by _____ man.

A a French ☐ B France ☐ C the French ☐

20 _____ love ice hockey.

A The Russian ☐ B A Russian ☐ C The Russians ☐

	20
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PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A rugby ☐ B yoga ☐ C gymnastics ✓

1 A Japanese ☐ B English ☐ C Belgian ☐

2 A German ☐ B Dutch ☐ C Chinese ☐

3 A shoot ☐ B physical ☐ C musician ☐

4 A athletes ☐ B cycling ☐ C seconds ☐

5 A babies ☐ B performs ☐ C sports ☐

b Which word has the same stress pattern? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: basketball

A afternoon ☐ B presenter ☐ C windsurfing ✓

6 tennis

A along ☐ B baseball ☐ C defeat ☐

7 exercise

A arrivals ☐ B intention ☐ C volleyball ☐

8 exciting

A footballer ☐ B basketball ☐ C athletics ☐

9 across

A towards ☐ B over ☐ C under ☐

10 identical

A interesting ☐ B immediately ☐ C energetic ☐

	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	
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	50
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File Test 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Underline the correct word.

Example: William saw the Eiffel Tower when he flew **onto** / over / **along** Paris.

- 1 This is the wrong way. Turn **out** / **over** / **round** and go back.
- 2 I saw Valerie as I was driving **along** / **under** / **around** the High Street.
- 3 It doesn't take long to get to the station if you go **into** / **over** / **through** the park.
- 4 The lift wasn't working so we walked **across** / **down** / **along** the stairs.
- 5 Arthur walked **past** / **into** / **through** me without saying hello.
- 6 Come **out** / **towards** / **in**, Kerry. It's lovely to see you.

	6
--	---

2 Complete the sentences with the correct words.

Example: What are you doing? I'm looking for my keys.
 looking my keys for looking for my keys

- 1 'This programme's boring.' 'Well, turn _____.'
 off it it off
- 2 Will you _____ while I'm away?
 look after my cat look my cat after
- 3 Bella rang. Can you call _____ this afternoon?
 back her her back
- 4 What time do _____ during the week?
 get they up they get up
- 5 Your glasses are here. Why don't you put _____?
 them on on them
- 6 Do you want me to _____ from the airport?
 pick up you pick you up

	6
--	---

3 Complete the sentences using the present or past passive.

Example: My niece played the part of Cinderella.
 The part of Cinderella was played by my niece.

- 1 My mother decorated the kitchen.
 The kitchen _____.
- 2 I didn't write these letters.
 These letters _____.
- 3 Millions of people speak English.
 English _____.
- 4 Rubbish pollutes our rivers.
 Our rivers _____.
- 5 The cook doesn't do the washing up.
 The washing up _____.
- 6 Our school won the swimming competition.
 The swimming competition _____.
- 7 Miss Stuart doesn't teach art.
 Art _____.
- 8 Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone.
 The telephone _____.

	8
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Grammar total		20
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File Test 10

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

4 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: The board game Scrabble was invented by Alfred Butts.
based invented directed

- The film *The Birds* was _____ by Alfred Hitchcock.
discovered invented directed
- Her wedding dress was _____ by Chanel.
shown used designed
- Is this film _____ on a true story?
based invented given
- I think this picture was _____ by Van Gogh.
played painted designed
- The art gallery was _____ by the Queen on 15th July 2010.
built painted opened
- A lot of the coffee we drink is _____ in Brazil.
produced called created
- When was the North Pole _____?
designed shown discovered

	7
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5 Match the sports to the sentences.

basketball cycling windsurfing golf motor racing rugby skiing

Example: You kick a ball over a goal. rugby

- You ride a bike around a track. _____
- You try to hit a small ball into a small hole. _____
- You throw a ball through a ring, which is high on the wall. _____
- You move across water on a board. _____
- You drive round a track. _____
- You wear things on your feet to help you go down a mountain. _____

	6
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6 Complete the phrasal verbs.

Example: Aydin's room is a mess. He never puts his clothes away.

- Turn the TV _____. It's too loud.
- Tom doesn't get _____ with Sam. They argue all the time.
- Can you help me to fill _____ this job application form?
- The lesson will be _____ at half past three, then you can go home.
- If they don't know a word, they can look it _____ in a dictionary.
- How can I find _____ what time the museum opens?
- When did you give _____ smoking?

	7
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Vocabulary total		20
------------------	--	----

File Test 10
Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Match the words with the same sound.

questionnaire	Ar gentina
Swedish	relationship
energetic	watch

- | | | |
|-----------------|------------------|-------|
| 1 apologize | <u>Argentina</u> | _____ |
| 2 Ch ina | _____ | _____ |
| 3 information | _____ | _____ |

	5
--	---

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: ath|letics

- 1 cus|to|mer
- 2 tech|no|lo|gy
- 3 re|la|tion|ship
- 4 in|ven|tion
- 5 wind|sur|fing

	5
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Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 10
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****Inventions in sport**

*This week in **Inventor's World**, we speak to three professional athletes about how modern inventions have changed their sport.*

Luke Gautier, road cyclist

Professional cycling is a very inventive sport. Riders and bike teams are always happy to try out new types of bicycles, helmets, cycling clothes – anything to try to save one second in the race. In my opinion, the biggest change in recent years is what the bikes are made of. Thanks to a technology called carbon nanotubes, racing bikes are stronger and lighter than ever before. Carbon nanotubes were invented by the computer company, IBM, but so far no one has used them inside computers. In 1996, the Swiss company BMC made the first 'carbon fibre' racing bike – it won the Tour de France that year. Carbon nanotubes are also used in tennis rackets and the screens of phones.

Edgar van Marl, swimmer

Sometimes a new invention can be controversial. In my sport, a new type of swimsuit caused problems a few years ago. The company involved, Speedo, have made swimsuits for over one hundred years. They are so famous that in some countries, a racing swimsuit is simply called 'a speedo'. In 2008 they made a new suit that was inspired by shark skin. Called, the 'LZR racer', the suits were designed with long arms and legs to help swimmers cut through the water like a fast shark. The suit was first sold in March 2008. By November 2008, swimmers wearing the suit had broken 74 world records. That's incredible! When Michael Phelps wore the suit at the Olympics in Beijing he won eight gold medals and said, 'I feel like a rocket'. Swimmers loved them, but the judges didn't. The suits were banned and there are now a lot more rules about what suits are made of.

Suki Tyler, tennis

The use of video technology has really changed my sport. The most common system was invented in 1999 by an English company. It was developed especially for sport on television. It's called Hawk-Eye – a 'hawk' is a type of hunting bird which has very good eyesight. The video can show very clearly if a ball has or hasn't gone over a particular line. Hawk-Eye was used almost immediately to help with decisions in cricket – in 2001 it was used for the first time in a match between England and Pakistan. It was soon used in tennis too. The audience loves the excitement that the technology brings to matches. For me, it's a positive thing. Sometimes it's part of the strategy I use. For example, even when I know that the line judge has made the right decision, I can ask for Hawk-Eye just because I know it's going to make my opponent wait. It's going to make her really annoyed!

File Test 10

Reading and Writing A

Example: In his job, Luke _____.

A designs bicycles ☐ B fixes bicycles ☐ C races bicycles ✓

1 Carbon nanotubes were invented by _____.

A CNT ☐ B BMC ☐ C IBM ☐

2 Professional cyclists will try anything if it makes them _____.

A faster ☐ B lighter ☐ C more popular ☐

3 A _____ company first used carbon nanotubes in bicycles.

A French ☐ B American ☐ C Swiss ☐

4 Speedo are a _____ company.

A well-known ☐ B controversial ☐ C new ☐

5 At the Beijing Olympics, eight gold medals were won _____.

A in the new suits ☐ B by Michael Phelps ☐ C in world record time ☐

6 The LZR suits _____ by swimming judges.

A were broken ☐ B were banned ☐ C were changed ☐

7 Hawk-Eye was invented for _____.

A tennis ☐ B television ☐ C cricket ☐

8 Hawk-Eye was used _____ in professional sport.

A very quickly ☐ B gradually ☐ C all the time ☐

9 Suki sometimes uses Hawk-Eye _____.

A to have a rest ☐ B to make the audience happy ☐

C to annoy her opponent ☐

9

2 Read the article again. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Example: Inventions don't often happen in cycling. F

1 Bikes with carbon nanotubes weigh less than other bikes. _____

2 Carbon nanotubes aren't used in other sports yet. _____

3 The design of the LZR suits helped swimmers go faster. _____

4 Everyone agreed that the new Speedo suits were a great invention. _____

5 Video technology isn't very popular with tennis audiences. _____

6 Hawk-Eye is named after a bird. _____

6

Reading total

15

File Test 10

Reading and Writing A

WRITING

Write about an invention that has changed your life. Answer these questions. (100–150 words)

- What is the invention?
- Why has it changed your life? Give your reasons.
- What did people use before it was invented?
- How often do you use it?
- Do you think there might be a better invention in the future?

An invention that has changed my life

The invention that has changed my life is
...

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 10

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Tick (✓) the five sentences that are true.

- 1 Natalya goes to the gym every morning. ☐
- 2 Natalya isn't very interested in food. ☐
- 3 During the Olympics, men's gymnastics isn't as popular as women's. ☐
- 4 Natalya is an unusual athlete because she sleeps during the day. ☐
- 5 Natalya compares gymnastics to ice skating. ☐
- 6 Natalya would like male and female gymnasts to perform on the same team. ☐
- 7 Natalya is one of the youngest athletes in her team. ☐
- 8 Natalya doesn't plan to give up gymnastics yet. ☐

	5
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2 Listen to five speakers. Match the speakers with what they do when they wake up at night (A–G). There are two answers you don't need.

- Speaker 1 ☐
- Speaker 2 ☐
- Speaker 3 ☐
- Speaker 4 ☐
- Speaker 5 ☐

- A drinks hot chocolate
- B goes outside
- C watches TV
- D reads a book
- E walks around the house
- F checks the children are asleep
- G goes to work

	5
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Listening total		10
-----------------	--	----

SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 Are you a morning person?
- 2 Do you need an alarm clock to wake you up?
- 3 What's the first thing you do after you wake up?
- 4 What hours do you work / study?
- 5 Would you like to change your working / studying hours?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 10

Listening and Speaking A

2 Read the information about Bethany and answer your partner's questions.

BETHANY – MORNING PERSON**Typical morning:**

- 6.00 a.m. – wake up
- 6.30 a.m. – get up
- 6.45 a.m. – put on running clothes; go running
- 7.45 a.m. – put on work clothes; go to work
- 9.00 a.m. – turn on PC; take off jacket

3 Now make questions and ask your partner about Oliver.

- morning / evening person?
- what time / get home from work?
- what / do / after / get home?
- what / do / at 6.20 p.m.?
- what / do / after that?
- what / do / at 9.30 p.m.?

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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11A GRAMMAR *used to / didn't use to*

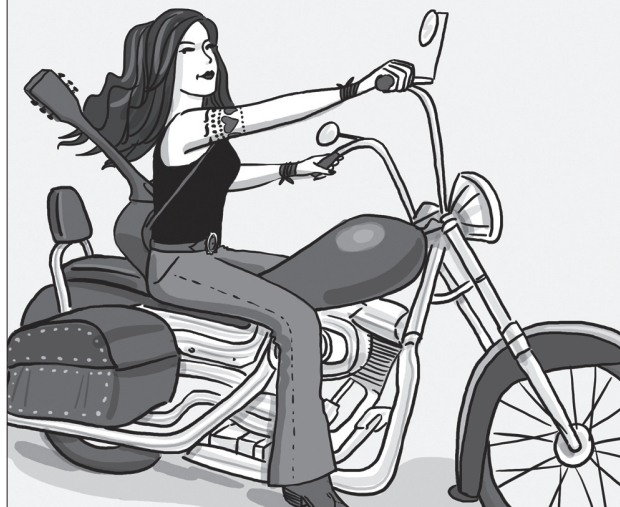
- Look at how Alice and Johnny have changed. For each person, write eight sentences using *used to / didn't use to* about what they were like in the past.

Alice in 2012



- 1 She used to wear dresses.
- 2 She didn't use to ride a motorbike.
- 3 _____ the violin.
- 4 _____ glasses.

Alice now



- 5 _____ a tattoo on her arm.
- 6 _____ very long hair.
- 7 _____ jeans and T-shirts.
- 8 _____ the guitar.

Johnny in 2012



- 9 _____ TV all day.
- 10 _____ any sport or exercise.
- 11 _____ a suit and tie.
- 12 _____ a beard and
a moustache.

Johnny now



- 13 _____ a bit overweight.
- 14 _____ jeans.
- 15 _____ healthy food.
- 16 _____ long hair.

ACTIVATION

- 1 Look at the pictures. Make sentences with *used to* and *didn't use to* about Alice and Johnny.
- 2 Write two sentences with *used to* and two sentences with *didn't use to* about yourself.

11B GRAMMAR *might / might not* (possibility)

- a** Complete the conversations with *might / might not* and a verb from the list.

be (x2) buy ~~fall~~ go (x2) have like meet phone tell

- 1 A Look, Mummy, I can ride a bicycle without using my hands!
B Oh, be careful! You might fall!
- 2 A Are you going to go to the party?
B I'm not sure. My ex-husband _____ there, and I really don't want to see him.
- 3 A What's this? It looks very strange.
B It's a special dish from my country. Try it, you _____ it.
- 4 A I _____ to class tomorrow. I think I'll have to work late.
B OK. I'll text you and tell you if there's any homework.
- 5 A Are you going to be at home this evening?
B I'm not sure. I _____ some friends for a drink.



- 6 A I think I _____ buy this T-shirt.
B Don't be silly. It's much too small for you.
- 7 A Where are you going for your holiday?
B I don't know. I'm really busy at work, so I _____ a holiday this year.
- 8 A Are you going to send Adam an email?
B No, I think I _____ him. It's quicker.
- 9 A How are you going to get there?
B I _____ by train...but maybe it's better to drive...I don't know...
A Come on – you need to make a decision!
- 10 A Are you going to tell Anna about seeing Mike with that woman in the pub?
B I _____ her. I'm not sure.
- 11 A I _____ late for class tomorrow. I'm seeing the doctor at 8.30.
B OK. Thanks for telling me.

- b** Practise the conversations in **a** with a partner.

ACTIVATION

Write two things you might do next weekend, and two things you might not have time to do tomorrow.

11C GRAMMAR *so, neither + auxiliaries*

a Complete the conversations with *so + auxiliary + I* or *neither + auxiliary + I*.



- 1 **A** I don't like that new building much.
B Neither do I. It looks like a spaceship.
- 2 **A** I passed the exam!
B So did I! I got 92%.
- 3 **A** I can't swim, I'm afraid.
B _____. Perhaps we should have lessons.
- 4 **A** I'm not very hungry.
B _____. I'll just have a sandwich.
- 5 **A** I've finished university.
B _____. I'm looking for a job now!
- 6 **A** I didn't like the film.
B _____. It was too slow.
- 7 **A** I was born in 1989.
B Really? _____.
- 8 **A** I don't have any brothers or sisters.
B _____. But I have a lot of cousins.
- 9 **A** I'm going to stay at home this evening.
B _____. I'm quite tired.
- 10 **A** I have to go to work on Saturday.
B _____. I hate working at the weekend.
- 11 **A** I don't get on with Lydia very well.
B _____. We don't really have much in common.
- 12 **A** I got married in 2005.
B _____. But I got divorced a year later!
- 13 **A** I was working in London last year.
B _____. What a coincidence!
- 14 **A** I haven't been to South America.
B _____, but I'd love to go.
- 15 **A** I want to go to the beach today.
B _____. It's a beautiful day.
- 16 **A** I won't go to that restaurant again.
B _____. The food was awful.
- 17 **A** I'm going to stop using Facebook.
B _____. I spend too much time on it.
- 18 **A** I'd like to go to New Zealand.
B _____. They say it's beautiful.
- 19 **A** I'll do my homework on the bus.
B _____. It's very easy.
- 20 **A** I have a twin sister.
B _____. That's amazing!

b Practise the conversations in a with a partner.

ACTIVATION

Write a two-line conversation with *so + auxiliary + I*, and another with *neither + auxiliary + I*.

Quick Test 11**GRAMMAR**

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: We might _____ pizza later.

A to have ☐ B have ✓ C having ☐

1 Take a sandwich because you _____ get hungry.

A might ☐ B might not ☐ C should ☐

2 You might _____ like the film. It's very long.

A to not ☐ B not to ☐ C not ☐

3 He _____ play football when he was young.

A used to ☐ B use to ☐ C used ☐

4 I _____ like public speaking. Now I love it.

A don't use to ☐ B didn't use to ☐ C didn't used to ☐

5 A I wouldn't like to be famous.

B Neither _____.

A do I ☐ B would I ☐ C am I ☐

6 We _____ buy an electric car. We can't decide.

A might ☐ B aren't ☐ C mustn't ☐

7 A I love Indian food.

B _____. It's delicious.

A So do I ☐ B So I do ☐ C Neither do I ☐

8 We aren't sure, but we _____ go away this weekend.

A might to ☐ B will ☐ C might ☐

9 She _____ at home. Her car isn't there.

A may not be ☐ B may not to be ☐ C might to be ☐

10 A I used to do a lot more exercise when I was younger.

B So _____ I.

A am ☐ B was ☐ C did ☐

11 A I can't play the piano.

B Neither _____ I.

A do ☐ B can ☐ C can't ☐

12 What time do you _____ go to work?

A usually ☐ B use to ☐ C used ☐

13 Did you use _____ glasses?

A wore ☐ B to wear ☐ C wear ☐

14 A I don't like horror films.

B _____ do I. They're awful.

A Neither ☐ B So ☐ C Also ☐

15 A Did they use to be married?

B Yes, they _____.

A are ☐ B did ☐ C was ☐

16 A I'm looking forward to this.

B So _____.

A do I ☐ B am I ☐ C did I ☐

17 A I'm not very warm.

B Neither _____.

A I'm ☐ B am I ☐ C I am ☐

18 When did you _____ to know Alex?

A used ☐ B were ☐ C use ☐

Quick Test 11

- 19 Janetta isn't answering her phone. She _____ be busy.
 A can ☐ B would ☐ C might ☐
- 20 A I've seen that film.
 B So _____ I. I saw it last week.
 A had ☐ B did ☐ C have ☐

20

VOCABULARY

a Tick (✓) the correct school subject, A, B, or C.

Example: All insects have six legs.

A chemistry ☐ B physics ☐ C biology ✓

- 1 Abraham Lincoln was a US president.
 A geography ☐ B history ☐ C maths ☐
- 2 The capital of Norway is Oslo.
 A geography ☐ B history ☐ C maths ☐
- 3 Shakespeare wrote, 'To be or not to be ...'
 A technology ☐ B science ☐ C literature ☐
- 4 $32 - 27 = 5$
 A geography ☐ B history ☐ C maths ☐
- 5 There is oxygen and nitrogen in the air.
 A science ☐ B technology ☐ C geography ☐

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to form the correct noun.

Example: imagin_____

A -asion ☐ B -etion ☐ C -ation ✓

- 6 cho_____
 A -se ☐ B -ise ☐ C -ice ☐
- 7 op_____
 A -sion ☐ B -tion ☐ C -ted ☐
- 8 d_____
 A -yed ☐ B -eath ☐ C -ied ☐
- 9 succ_____
 A -asion ☐ B -essness ☐ C -ess ☐
- 10 organiz_____
 A -asion ☐ B -ation ☐ C -ate ☐
- 11 educ_____
 A -asion ☐ B -ation ☐ C -ate ☐
- 12 inform_____
 A -asion ☐ B -ent ☐ C -ation ☐
- 13 confus_____
 A -ion ☐ B -ement ☐ C -ation ☐
- 14 invit_____
 A -esion ☐ B -ation ☐ C -ision ☐
- 15 elect_____
 A -ion ☐ B -ision ☐ C -icion ☐

Quick Test 11

c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: Your answer is different _____ mine.

A then ☐ B as ☐ C from ✓

16 Can you tell the _____ between Moya and Maeve?

A different ☐ B difference ☐ C differently ☐

17 Your bag's exactly the same _____ mine.

A as ☐ B of ☐ C with ☐

18 Carol looks _____ her mother. They're identical.

A after ☐ B for ☐ C like ☐

19 His new film is quite _____ to the last one.

A the same ☐ B the similar ☐ C similar ☐

20 Martin and John _____ have red hair.

A neither ☐ B both ☐ C all ☐

	20
--	----

PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A poetry ✓ B geography ☐ C biology ☐

1 A neither ☐ B athletics ☐ C both ☐

2 A science ☐ B physics ☐ C coincidence ☐

3 A coincidence ☐ B literature ☐ C identical ☐

4 A maths ☐ B brother ☐ C together ☐

5 A character ☐ B technician ☐ C teacher ☐

b Which word has the correct sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: ɔɪ / /

A chose ☐ B choose ☐ C choice ✓

6 /ɪə/

A bear ☐ B near ☐ C were ☐

7 /eɪ/

A might ☐ B education ☐ C meet ☐

8 /aɪ/

A decide ☐ B afraid ☐ C car ☐

9 /eə/

A idea ☐ B here ☐ C hair ☐

10 /aʊ/

A famous ☐ B sound ☐ C know ☐

	10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 11

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Rewrite the sentences with *might* or *might not*.

Example: Perhaps Bruce won't want to come to the cinema.

Bruce might not want to come to the cinema.

1 Perhaps it will snow tomorrow.

2 Perhaps you'll meet someone interesting at the party.

3 Perhaps I'll phone Simone later.

4 Perhaps she won't pass the exam.

5 Perhaps Sergio's parents will buy him a bike.

6 Perhaps we won't go out tonight.

6

2 Complete the sentences with *used to*, *didn't use to*, or *Did ... use to*.

Example: Nigel used to work in Talin but now he works in Riga.

1 _____ you _____ have long hair?

2 I _____ be slim, but I lost weight.

3 Valery _____ play basketball, but now she plays squash.

4 Where _____ Ivan _____ go to school?

5 They _____ have a car, but now they do.

6 There _____ be one theatre in my town, but now there are two!

6

3 Complete the dialogues with one word.

Example: **A** I was late this morning.

B So was I.

1 **A** I've seen this film before.

B So _____ I.

2 **A** I didn't do well in the test.

B Neither _____ I.

3 **A** I can speak three languages.

B So _____ I.

4 **A** I'd love to visit Brazil.

B So _____ I.

5 **A** I'm not from London.

B Neither _____ I.

6 **A** I bought a new car last year.

B So _____ I.

7 **A** I haven't ever been camping.

B Neither _____ I.

File Test 11

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

- 8 A I don't like cheese.
B Neither _____ I.

	8
--	---

Grammar total		20
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VOCABULARY

4 Change the verb in brackets into a noun and use it to complete the sentence.

Example: When is the next election? (elect)

- My _____ is getting worse. I need new glasses. (see)
- Have you received an _____ to the party? (invite)
- We'd like some _____ about hotels in Madrid. (inform)
- My son has to make a _____ about his future. (decide)
- Amelia had a very interesting _____. (live)
- The director's last film was a big _____. (succeed)

	6
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5 Complete the names of the school subjects.

Example: Francesco wasn't very good at numbers. maths

- Milly enjoyed learning about the past. h_____
- Hiroto was always good at sport. p_____ e_____
- John was the best in the class at computers. i_____ t_____
- I really enjoyed biology and chemistry. s_____
- Caroline loved reading plays and novels. l_____
- We studied Spanish and German at school. f_____ l_____
- Mr Brown taught us about different parts of the world. g_____
- Rufus was really interested in painting and drawing. a_____

	8
--	---

6 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: You've got the same mobile phone as me.
like both as

- Mark and Matthew are _____. They look exactly the same.
identical like similar
- Zane didn't enjoy the meal and _____ did Jen.
neither so both
- Amy looks just _____ her mum.
as like same
- Tilly and Max are _____ good at sport.
neither both same
- Guy hates swimming and _____ does his sister.
similar so neither
- Their names are very _____. She's called Carla and he's called Carlo.
same like similar

	6
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Vocabulary total		20
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File Test 11

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

7 Underline the word which has a different sound.

Example: up turn enough run

- 1 like into decide write
- 2 go hotel **off** throw
- 3 **sea** ski **three** athletics
- 4 **away** handball **athletics** track
- 5 boot football fruit **blue**

	5
--	---

8 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: in|de|ci|sive

- 1 nei|ther
- 2 i|den|ti|cal
- 3 si|mi|lar
- 4 diff|erent
- 5 re|mar|ka|bly

	5
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Pronunciation total		10
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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File Test 11
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****Quiet people**

Confidence coach, Marika Novotny, discusses the importance of quiet people.

I moved to America soon after my thirteenth birthday. It was a big change. In the Czech Republic I used to go to a small school – there were 14 children in my class. In my American class there were 30, and there were over 1,000 kids at my school. It was so loud. Lunch times were especially difficult as the whole school ate in one large room. I was a quiet child, and my reaction was to become even quieter. In lessons, I used to pretend I couldn't speak English (I could). I'm sure some of my teachers thought I was stupid (I'm not) and lonely (I wasn't).

The problem is that some of the most important places in life, such as classrooms and businesses, are designed for confident people. Quiet students are often told by teachers to 'try harder'. It's the same in offices. When any group of people has to make a decision, the loudest opinion is usually selected. That might be the best opinion, of course – but it might not. In films and on social media, leaders are usually shown as loud and confident, proud of their opinions. Loud is successful, right?

Wrong! In her book *Quiet*, Susan Cain gives examples of leaders and thinkers from history who were quiet, such as Gandhi and Charles Dickens. According to Cain, quiet business leaders are more creative and great at solving problems. Very confident leaders, on the other hand, might not share information or difficult problems – even when they need help.

If you are a quiet person who wants to make their voice heard, what can you do? The most important thing is to take action. Decide to change a specific behaviour and then do it. For example, speak to someone you don't know very well today. Research tells us that when we change our behaviour in small ways like this, it changes the way we actually think about ourselves. We do, in fact, start to become more confident. Practice is also very important. If you need to speak in front of an audience, practise out loud. Watch videos of other speakers. Ask a friend to listen to your talk.

For me, I've gradually become more confident as I've grown up. A lot of that is thanks to my more confident husband. I still don't have many friends, but that's fine – my few friends are very important to me. And perhaps I am their important quiet person.

Example: The writer moved to America as a teenager.

A True ✓ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

1 The writer's education was different after her family moved.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

File Test 11

Reading and Writing A

- 2 At school, the writer used to pretend she couldn't speak.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 Offices aren't designed for quiet people.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 Quiet students get better grades if they can work alone.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 In groups, people don't always choose the best opinion.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 Leaders in films are usually confident people.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 According to Susan Cain, Barack Obama was a quiet leader.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 Quiet people can't solve business problems.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 If you change your behaviour, it's possible to become more confident.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 The writer would like more friends now that she is more confident.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

	10
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2 Read the article again and answer the questions.

- 1 How big was the writer's new school?

- 2 What do teachers often say to quiet students?

- 3 What disadvantages do confident business leaders have?

- 4 What does Susan Cain give examples of in her book?

- 5 In what way is the writer's husband different from her?

	5
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Reading total		15
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File Test 11

Reading and Writing A

WRITING

Write an email to a quiet friend who needs to make a presentation to a large group at school or work.

Paragraph one

Explain how quiet people make good leaders.

Paragraph two

How can he/she become more confident before the presentation? Give two ideas.

Paragraph three

Offer to listen to your friend's/colleague's presentation.

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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File Test 11

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to two girls talking about shopping. Underline the correct word(s).

- 1 The two girls **have a similar appearance** / have a similar personality.
- 2 They need identical clothes for **a party** / a school play.
- 3 They are finding shopping **stressful**/ exciting today.
- 4 Hester's mum only shops **online** / with a list.
- 5 It's easier to choose **if they are together** / if they try clothes on.

	5
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2 Listen to five conversations about school. Match the conversations with the things they didn't like (A–G). There are two answers you don't need.

- Conversation 1 ☐
- Conversation 2 ☐
- Conversation 3 ☐
- Conversation 4 ☐
- Conversation 5 ☐

- A school food
- B IT lessons
- C physics
- D homework
- E school plays
- F the journey to school
- G clothes for PE lessons

	5
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Listening total		10
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SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 What school did you use to go to? Did you enjoy it?
- 2 Did you use to behave well at school?
- 3 Did you use to go on school trips abroad?
- 4 How did you use to get to school?
- 5 Did you use to get good reports?

Now answer your partner's questions.

File Test 11

Listening and Speaking A

2 Read the information about Isaac and answer your partner's questions.

Name: Isaac Attah
 School: Broadmeadows School (for boys)
 Subjects: English, French, German, history, art
 Behaviour: mostly good; always late on Fridays
 Reports: very good

3 Now make questions and ask about the woman in your partner's information.

- What / name?
- What school / use to / go to?
- What subjects / use to / study?
- How / use to / behave?
- What / reports / use to / be like?

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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Progress Test Files 7–12

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: What would you do (do) if you found £50?

- 1 Gus, that wasn't very polite. You mustn't _____ (speak) to your father like that.
- 2 Always try _____ (get on) with your colleagues. That's good advice for anyone who is starting a new job.
- 3 Mr Lee is a great teacher. If you watch his online videos, you _____ (understand) maths more easily.
- 4 **A** When _____ penicillin _____ (discover)?
B In 1928.
- 5 _____ (wear) a suit and tie makes Louis feel uncomfortable.
- 6 Charles Babbage _____ (invent) the first computer.
- 7 **A** _____ you _____ (eat) sushi before your trip to Japan?
B No, I hadn't.
- 8 That's an interesting question. If I _____ (know) the answer, I'd be rich.
- 9 Andrea _____ (write) two books and she plans to write more.
- 10 I _____ (not meet) Michael before I moved to this town.

	10
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2 Underline the correct word or phrase.

Example: Is that your / **yours** dog?

- 1 **He's to** / **He has to** leave in five minutes to catch a train.
- 2 The visitors looked **round the city** / **the city round**.
- 3 Mia moved to Lisbon **for finding** / **to find** work.
- 4 **A** I can't swim very well.
B Neither **can I** / **I can**.
- 5 Alejandro ran **along** / **up** the stairs.
- 6 Charles Babbage **often called** / **is often called** 'the Father of Computers'.
- 7 I **usually** / **used to** do yoga twice a week if I'm not too busy.
- 8 **A** How long **did they work** / **have they worked** there?
B They've worked there for six months now.
- 9 Who **wants** / **does want** more cake?
- 10 That table is **ours** / **the ours**.

	10
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3 Write the sentences in reported speech.

Example: 'I'm checking my messages,' said Diego.

Diego said he was checking his messages.

- 1 'We'll see you later, Fahad.'

- 2 'I've bought a bicycle,' said Shaun.

- 3 'I don't eat meat,' said Aisha.

Progress Test Files 7–12
Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

4 'We can see the sea.'

5 'I want to believe you,' said Mum.

5

4 Complete the sentences with one word.

Example: He doesn't have to get up yet. We can wake him in an hour.

1 I think you _____ take a break. You're too tired to carry on working.

2 Marcus has known Kaito _____ 2012.

3 Please, come _____ my office. I need to speak to you.

4 _____ you use to go out with Felix?

5 **A** I love salsa dancing.

B _____ do I.

6 Joanna _____ to have brown hair, but now it's blonde.

7 If I _____ you, I'd apply for the job.

8 Katriona _____ move to Oslo. She's thinking about it.

9 The music is too loud. Please turn it _____ so it's quieter.

10 You _____ talk in the library. That's the rule.

10

5 Write negative sentences.

Example: I might buy the shirt that we saw.

I might not buy the shirt that we saw.

1 I think you should leave.

2 Gabriela's lived in Mexico City for five years.

3 Nicolai used to enjoy skiing.

4 Skateboards were invented in the 1970s.

5 You ought to say things like that.

5

Grammar total 40

Progress Test Files 7–12
Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

VOCABULARY

6 Match 1–11 with a–k.

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 I filled <u>c</u> | a her holiday photos |
| 2 I watched ____ | b to turn off the radio |
| 3 I took ____ | c in the form |
| 4 I said ____ | d I would call |
| 5 I got ____ | e after his cat |
| 6 I expected ____ | f out the rubbish |
| 7 I told ____ | g our English class last week |
| 8 I looked ____ | h home before you |
| 9 I missed ____ | i him I would call |
| 10 I forgot ____ | j the match on TV |
| 11 I looked at ____ | k to fail |

10

7 Underline the correct preposition.

Example: Bill is interested in / *with* / *at* psychology.

- Elsa is good *for* / *at* / *about* memory games.
- Milos gets angry *with* / *from* / *by* cyclists who don't stop at traffic lights.
- In basketball you throw the ball *over* / *round* / *through* a hoop.
- The ball went *along* / *down* / *past* the goalie.
- Lisa suffers *of* / *from* / *to* a fear of the sea.

5

8 Complete the sentences with the correct word(s).

Example: Brett moved slowly away from the bear. He didn't want it to see him.

slowly seriously sadly

- Hugh was stung by a _____ in his garden.
fly butterfly wasp
- Fang made a _____ and bought the red flowers.
decide decision deciding
- Dominic is a _____ teacher. He teaches sport to children.
IT PE CD
- 'Give it back!' she shouted _____.
lazily quietly angrily
- Manos said the answer _____. It had taken him only four seconds to do the maths.
eventually straight away meanwhile
- Chocolate cake or ice cream? It's a difficult _____.
choice advice confusion
- The scientist's new _____ saved many lives.
invitation competition invention

Progress Test Files 7–12

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

- 8 The company first opened _____.
by Swedish Swedish in Sweden
- 9 Mum! I've just seen two _____ in the kitchen.
mouse mice bird
- 10 Can you _____ me your phone? Mine has no battery.
lend rent borrow
- 11 Julie enjoys all types of science: biology, _____ and chemistry.
physics geography history
- 12 Jodie _____ to study in England next summer.
looks waits hopes
- 13 Don't lose your _____! It's only a very small spider.
panic mad cool
- 14 Please _____ £2 to class tomorrow for Wilhelm's present.
earn bring carry
- 15 Philippa is scared of _____. She hates being close to so many people.
birds heights crowds

	15
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9 Complete the sentences with one word.

Example: I've had a pet rabbit for three years now.

- 1 The box jellyfish can give you a bad and painful _____ if it touches you.
- 2 Don't throw _____ that plastic bottle. We can recycle it.
- 3 My grandmother _____ school when she was 16 and worked in a shop.
- 4 The classroom printer has run _____ of ink.
- 5 Jess and Kayleigh could be _____ twins. They look just the same.
- 6 Jon was born in Poland, so that means his nationality is _____.
- 7 Lars and Miles are very _____. They listen to the same music and like the same films.
- 8 We've been waiting for you _____ 11 a.m.
- 9 Halil and Anoushka got _____ last summer. It was a beautiful wedding.
- 10 Margaret has been scared _____ cows for years.

	10
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Vocabulary total		40
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Progress Test Files 7–12

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation A

PRONUNCIATION

10 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: re|mem|ber

- 1 pri|ma|ry
- 2 re|la|tion|ship
- 3 pa|pa|ra|zzi
- 4 mo|squi|to
- 5 pa|ra|graph
- 6 in|spi|ra|tion
- 7 sa|xo|phone
- 8 com|pe|ti|tion
- 9 ex|pe|ri|ence
- 10 news|pa|per

	10
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11 Complete the sound table with the words from the box. There are three words that you don't need.

maths together musician author message match technology weather thirsty invention accept therapy option rhythm

show	brother	nothing	rich
		<i>maths</i>	

	10
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Pronunciation total		20
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		100
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Progress Test Files 7–12
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****Dog therapy**

Our health editor, Nikki Langer, interviewed three people whose jobs show that dogs can improve human health.

Ben Forster, dog trainer

Dogs are the most common therapy animal because they are easy to **train**, and because there are many different sizes. For a hospital visit, for example, it might be important to have a small dog which someone can hold on their **lap**. The most important thing, though, is the dog's personality: it must be **calm** and quiet. Most therapy dogs are not puppies – they are usually at least three years and older – and they have to complete a special training course before they can work in hospitals or schools. There are many **benefits** for the patients and children. Research has shown that regular contact with dogs can improve physical and **mental** health.

Jasmin Hussain, tutor

I used to have mental health problems. A few years ago, my doctor **recommended** getting a dog. She said that walking with a dog and caring for it would help me to **recover** – and that was true for me. Now Domino comes to the university with me and helps my students. She sits in my office during my classes. When my office door is open, students know they can come in and talk to Domino. My university **department** has lots of international students and some of them are far away from home. One girl told me that she missed her pet dog more than her parents! If Domino didn't come to work with me, the students would definitely be sad. He's a great dog: very gentle and he loves it when people **stroke** him. Thanks to my students, he has also learned instructions in several languages!

Andrea Weber, nurse

I work at a residential home for elderly men and women. Our youngest resident is 85. A lot of the people who live here have long-term **conditions**. It can be hard for them to be **active**. But I know that every Tuesday, they will come to the main living room to see our pet therapist, Pat, and her beautiful dog Trixie. Trixie is a large dog, with lovely soft fur. When Trixie sits next to you, you want to talk to her and touch her. And while people are waiting to talk to Trixie, they talk to each other. It's a very positive thing.

Example: The three people were interviewed because of their hobbies.

A True ☐ B False ☒ C Doesn't say ☐

1 Only dogs are used as therapy animals.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

2 Small dogs are always best for hospital work.

A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

Progress Test Files 7–12
Reading and Writing A

- 3 Before the dogs can work in schools, they must complete the training course.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 Jasmin had suffered from health problems since she was in her twenties.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 If Jasmin's office door is open, students can visit Domino.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 The girl said, "I miss my dog as much as my family!"
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 7 The students have taught Domino some new instructions.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 The place where Andrea works is only for people with long-term health problems.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 The residents can throw a soft toy for Trixie to bring back.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 Andrea and the residents like Trixie's appearance.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

	10
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2 Match five of the highlighted words / phrases with the definitions.

Example: the top of your legs when you sit down lap

- 1 relaxed, not worried or frightened _____
- 2 advantages _____
- 3 to get healthy again after an illness _____
- 4 to move a hand along something _____
- 5 describes something that moves around a lot _____

	5
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Reading total		15
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WRITING

Answer these three questions. Write 25–35 words for each question.

- 1 What is your favourite animal? Why?
- 2 What free-time activities would you like to do more of? When and where would you do them?
- 3 What law would you make if you were president of Planet Earth for one day?

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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Progress Test Files 7–12

Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to a conversation about running. Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

- 1 Elena was motivated to start running when she _____.
A lost weight ☐ B found a photo ☐ C met Jonas ☐
- 2 According to Jonas, new runners should _____.
A buy new trainers ☐ B check with a doctor first ☐ C go for a walk ☐
- 3 Elena thinks she might _____ if she exercises next to the river.
A meet a dog ☐ B get hurt ☐ C get lost ☐
- 4 Jonas has been running regularly _____.
A for four years ☐ B since he was 23 ☐ C since his thirtieth birthday ☐
- 5 If Elena ran _____, she'd feel proud.
A around the park ☐ B near the river ☐ C 5 kilometres ☐

	5
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2 Listen to five conversations. Match them with activities A–E.

- Conversation 1 ☐
 Conversation 2 ☐
 Conversation 3 ☐
 Conversation 4 ☐
 Conversation 5 ☐

- A making a decision
 B sunbathing
 C doing some exercise
 D catching an animal
 E having language lessons

	5
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Listening total		10
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SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 What would you do if you won a lot of money?
- 2 What subjects did / do you most enjoy studying at school? Why?
- 3 What is your favourite possession? Why?
- 4 What new free-time activity would you like to try?
- 5 Which invention was more important: the light bulb or the telephone?
- 6 What would you do if you were stung by a bee?
- 7 Would you buy concert tickets online if you didn't know the website?
- 8 Have you ever got lost? Where?
- 9 What city would you most like to live in? Why?
- 10 What is the most famous traditional meal from your country?

Now answer your partner's questions.

Progress Test Files 7–12

Listening and Speaking A

2 Your partner went to a college event last week. Make questions and ask your partner about the event.

- Where / watch Olympic Opening Ceremony?
- Could / see / the screen?
- Was / any food ?
- What else / do?
- What time / start and finish?
- How much / cost?

3 Read the information about a local sports day event you went to last week and answer your partner's questions.

Try-A-Sport Day

Location: Haston Sports Centre

Sports to try: basketball, trampolining, karate, athletics

Age: 18 and over

Facilities: changing rooms with showers, cafeteria, car park

Time: 10 a.m.–3 p.m.

Cost: free for college students (bring your ID card) or £5

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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End-of-course Test Grammar, Vocabulary, and Punctuation

A

GRAMMAR

1 Put the words in the correct order.

Example: is favourite what your sport ?

What is your favourite sport?

1 you we get a taxi think do think should ?

2 usually does Michael get work how to ?

3 wants do the washing-up who to?

4 use where you live to did ?

5 coat is this yours ?

6 the flight long is going take to how ?

6

2 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: I usually leave (leave) home at eight o'clock.

1 Blanca _____ (write) an important email at the moment.

2 Ed _____ (work) in a pet shop before he became a vet.

3 That's a surprise! Eloise _____ (not wear) jeans today.

4 I _____ (clean) the kitchen if you do the vacuuming upstairs.

5 Jeremy _____ (not call) me back last night; I expect he forgot.

6 _____ you ever _____ (lend) money to a friend?

7 Their star player _____ (not train) at the moment. He's hurt.

8 We _____ (find) a lost phone in college last week.

9 He _____ (not be) ready when we arrived, so we had to wait.

10 The dishwasher _____ (invent) by an American woman.

11 I've checked the forecast and it _____ (not rain) tomorrow.

12 I went back to sleep because I _____ (wake up) too early.

12

3 Complete the sentences with one word.

Example: What is the matter?

1 If you were my neighbour, I _____ be very happy.

2 We'll finish as quickly _____ we can.

3 Sachin has had piano lessons _____ several years.

4 **A** I can't play a musical instrument.

B _____ can I.

5 He said he _____ want to come because the cinema was too expensive.

6 **A** _____ I turn on the radio? It's very quiet in here.

B Yes, please. That's a good idea.

End-of-course Test

Grammar, Vocabulary, and Punctuation A

- 7 **A** Cora will be here in 15 minutes and I haven't tidied the flat yet.
B Don't worry. I've _____ tidied the kitchen. I did it this morning. Let's tidy the living room together.
- 8 It isn't easy _____ learn a new language.
- 9 Did you _____ to like PE at school?
- 10 **A** Is this Tarik's notebook? I found it in the library.
B No, it's _____. I left it there this morning. Thank you.

	10
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4 Underline the correct word(s) in each sentence.

Example: That was the most / more expensive restaurant I've ever eaten in.

- My drawing is **worst** / worse than yours.
- I've **yet** / just finished reading the new best-selling book by Maya Linnet.
- Don't drink **too many** / too much coffee in the afternoon, you won't sleep.
- You **mustn't** / don't have to hold the spider if you don't want to.
- Justin doesn't do **enough** / too exercise. He's a bit overweight.
- Let's turn off the TV. There's **anything** / nothing interesting to watch.
- Swimming** / Swim in the sea is a wonderful experience.
- You **don't have to** / should tell your father how you feel. I'm sure he'll understand.
- We **might** / must get tickets for the concert – it depends on the price.
- If I were you, I **won't** / wouldn't stay in that stressful job for very long.
- I don't know **somebody** / anyone who has a phobia.
- Five minutes **later** / next, Daniel walked into the room.

	12
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Grammar total		40
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VOCABULARY

5 Write the opposite.

Example: noisy quiet

- curly _____
- buy _____
- asleep _____
- divorced _____
- download _____

	5
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6 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

Example: My mum likes designer jewellery, for example rings and bracelets.
bags jewellery clothes

- Arianna _____ to be ill. But she wasn't sick at all.
felt said pretended
- The shop assistant _____ to help Nell look for a dress.
preferred offered complained

End-of-course Test Grammar, Vocabulary, and Punctuation

A

- 3 The river used to be _____ but now it is clean.
safe empty polluted
- 4 Look! I can see two _____ under that tree.
bee deer bird
- 5 Jake is _____ on the top of his head. He has no hair there.
bald beard slim
- 6 We went _____ in Paris.
abroad sightseeing holiday
- 7 Please _____ to me!
listen believe think

	7
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7 Add one word from the box to each word group. There are three words that you don't need.

passport trolley tie historic rabbit happiness goal washing machine geography mean athletics

Example: receipt checkout shelves trolley

- 1 love fear anxiety _____
- 2 dishwasher kettle sink _____
- 3 hoop net track _____
- 4 camel lion bear _____
- 5 maths IT languages _____
- 6 hat scarf boots _____

	6
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8 Complete the sentences with one word.

Example: I'm afraid of spiders.

- 1 Don't forget to take that shirt _____ to the shop. You need a smaller size.
- 2 Ellie wants to get _____. She's going swimming twice a week.
- 3 Christine has gone _____ for the weekend. I think she's gone camping with Ann.
- 4 Can I drop you _____ at the cinema? I'm driving to town now.
- 5 Have you _____ a signal on your phone? I haven't.
- 6 Go _____ of this building and over the bridge.
- 7 I'm _____ in science, particularly chemistry. It's my favourite subject.

	7
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9 Underline the correct verb.

Example: look like / look forward / go away someone

- 1 **load** / dust / do the furniture
- 2 **get** / meet / wait on with someone
- 3 **play** / get / have a great time
- 4 **listen** / look / see after a pet
- 5 **shop** / be / make lunch
- 6 **tell** / speak / say a joke
- 7 **catch** / throw / go a train

End-of-course Test Grammar, Vocabulary, and Punctuation

A

- 8 **work / play / do** the piano
 9 **meet / look for / know** someone well
 10 **fall / open / have** in love

	10
--	----

10 Change the word given to the word form in brackets.

Example: compete competition (noun)

- 1 talent _____ (adjective)
 2 lazy _____ (adverb)
 3 fly _____ (noun)
 4 arrival _____ (verb)
 5 succeed _____ (noun)

	5
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Vocabulary total		40
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PRONUNCIATION

11 Match the words with the same sound.

~~done~~ home ~~chain~~ ~~lose~~ chemist
 some good mosquito should cool
 nowhere checkout

- 1 flew lose _____
 2 lunch done _____
 3 cheap _____
 4 put _____
 5 customer _____
 6 go _____

	10
--	----

12 Underline the stressed syllable.

Example: borrrow

- 1 a|ssis|tant
 2 dish|wa|sher
 3 con|fu|sion
 4 mou|stache
 5 to|wards
 6 e|ner|getic
 7 in|fe|rrior
 8 je|lly|fish
 9 be|long
 10 ath|le|tics

	10
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Pronunciation total		20
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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		100
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End-of-course Test
Reading and Writing A**READING****1 Read the article and tick (✓) A, B, or C.****The Sleep Cinema Hotel**

For nearly 50 years, the Rotterdam Film Festival has shown unusual and exciting film projects from around the world. The organizers of the festival are creative and positive people. For example, when award-winning film director Apichatpong Weerasethakul wanted to show a film that lasted for more than 24 hours, the organizers said: 'No problem.' Apichatpong also wanted to create a hotel inside the cinema. Could the cinema provide beds and showers, and give the guests breakfast? 'No problem.'

The result of this discussion is the Sleep Cinema Hotel at this year's Rotterdam Film Festival. Six small beds are arranged in front of a cinema screen. The beds are on a metal structure so they are above the floor, like birds' nests. Guests are encouraged to spend all night here. If they wake up, they'll watch Apichatpong Weerasethakul's film for a while and then go back to sleep. The film has a lot of images of the sea and rivers. The sound is also important. All of the sounds in the film were recorded in Apichatpong's home country: Thailand. Of course, there are lots of water noises, but there are also the songs of small birds. And the screen is a circle so it looks like a head, or the sun or moon.

Apichatpong is familiar with sleeping in cinemas. He says: 'I always fall asleep during my movies ... and during other people's movies. The best cinema is inside your head.' He is interested in what happens when people sleep and especially in their dreams. This is one of the reasons why sleeping people are a common sight in his previous films. The hotel has a dream book where guests can write about the dreams they had in the Sleep Cinema Hotel. Perhaps surprisingly, so far most guests have said they slept very well in the cinema.

People without tickets for the hotel can watch the film – and the sleeping guests – from the balcony area. Hurry! The project is only open for five days.

Example: The first Rotterdam Film Festival was in the twentieth century.

A True ✓ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

- 1 Apichatpong Weerasethakul is one of the festival organizers.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 2 The Sleep Cinema Hotel is Apichatpong's first film at the festival.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 3 The organizers expect guests to stay until morning time.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 4 The film has no colour, only black and white pictures.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 5 The sounds and pictures in the film include a lot of water.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 6 The cinema screen is an unusual shape.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

End-of-course Test Reading and Writing A

- 7 Apichatpong says that dreams are not as interesting as films.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 8 Apichatpong never includes sleeping people in his films.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 9 Guests can write about their dreams in the hotel.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐
- 10 If you hurry, you might get a ticket for the Sleep Cinema Hotel.
A True ☐ B False ☐ C Doesn't say ☐

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2 Read the text again and answer the questions.

- 1 What are the Rotterdam Film Festival organizers like?

- 2 What things does the Sleep Cinema have in common with a hotel?

- 3 Which country is Apichatpong from?

- 4 Where is the best cinema, according to Apichatpong?

- 5 If you don't have a ticket for the Sleep Cinema Hotel, where can you see the film?

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Reading total		15
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WRITING

Write about your ideal primary school (100–150 words). Write about these things.

- The times of lessons.
- The uniform.
- The number of children in a class.
- Technology in the classroom.
- Ways to help children use positive thinking at school.
- One new subject you would add for all children and why.

Writing total		10
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Reading and Writing total		25
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End-of-course Test Listening and Speaking A

LISTENING

1 Listen to the conversation. Tick (✓) A or B.

- 1 Alba and Tom are driving home.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 2 Tom wants to play a maths game.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 3 Alba has played the game before.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 4 Alba and Tom need to fill up the car with petrol straight away.
A True ☐ B False ☐
- 5 If they stay on the motorway, the distance will be shorter.
A True ☐ B False ☐

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2 Listen to five speakers talking about happiness. Match them with sentences A–E.

- Conversation 1 ☐
 Conversation 2 ☐
 Conversation 3 ☐
 Conversation 4 ☐
 Conversation 5 ☐

- A Winning makes me feel good.
 B Happiness is my mother's cooking.
 C I spend a lot of time in my garden.
 D Going on holiday with my family makes me happy.
 E I dream of my next trip abroad.

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Listening total		10
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SPEAKING

1 Ask your partner these questions.

- 1 What was your favourite story when you were a child? Why did you like it?
- 2 What is your favourite breakfast?
- 3 Would you prefer an activity holiday or a relaxing holiday? Why?
- 4 What is the best film you have seen this year? Why did you like it?
- 5 Is there anything you would like to change about your language learning?
- 6 Would you rather be an astronaut or a national president? Why?
- 7 If you found a lost dog, what would you do?
- 8 Who was your favourite teacher when you were at primary school? Why did you like that teacher?
- 9 Could you survive without your phone for a month? How would you manage?
- 10 What are you wearing today?

Now answer your partner's questions.

End-of-course Test

Listening and Speaking A

2 Your job has moved to a new office building. Read the information and answer your partner's questions.

Clarkwell Tower

New skyscraper: opened last year, 15 floors, 5 different businesses, about 300 people

Amazing facilities: underground parking, showers, IT help desk, gym, café serving breakfast and lunch

Journey to work: usually drive or cycle (30–40 minutes)

Best friend Jenna works in the same building

3 Ask your partner about their new office building.

- What / office building like?
- How / people work there?
- What / facilities / for workers?
- Where / have lunch?
- How / travel there?
- How long / journey?
- What / best thing?

Speaking total		15
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Listening and Speaking total		25
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